

		Teaching Guide			
	Identifying	Data			2023/24
Subject (*)	Hardware/Software Co-Design Code 614G0		614G01031		
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Informática				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Third		Optional	6
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Enxeñaría de Computadores				
Coordinador	Rodriguez Osorio, Roberto		E-mail	roberto.osorio@	Dudc.es
Lecturers	Rodriguez Osorio, Roberto E-mail roberto.osorio@udc.es			Dudc.es	
Web					
General description	Currently, a large majority of compu	ting systems are eml	bedded, whe	ere hardware and so	oftware design go together. In these
	systems, the whole is larger than the	e sum of the parts. T	nerefore, de	sign and testing pro	cedures are not restricted to the
	hardware and software components, but they also include the interface between them. This subject addresses the wor			his subject addresses the world of	
	codesign by focusing on several asp	pects such as: reconf	igurable cor	nputing; system mo	deling; and application-specific
	processors.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A31	Capacidade de deseñar e construír sistemas dixitais, incluíndo computadores, sistemas baseados en microprocesador e sistemas de
	comunicacións.
A32	Capacidade de desenvolver procesadores específicos e sistemas embarcados, así como desenvolver e optimizar o sóftware dos ditos
	sistemas.
B1	Capacidade de resolución de problemas
B3	Capacidade de análise e síntese
C7	Asumir como profesional e cidadán a importancia da aprendizaxe ao longo da vida.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
To understand the principles, methods and tools essential to hardware-software codesign		B3	C7
To know the main techniques for designing reconfigurable hardware, understanding their advantages and limitations	A31		C7
To learn to decide which methods and algorithms should be implemented in software, and which ones on hardware. To know	A32	B1	
to realize the interface between both.		B3	
To get to know which design scenarios would benefit of a solution based on reconfigurable hardware		B1	
		В3	

Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic	
Fundamentals and Platforms for hardware/software codesign	Definition of codesign	
	Application-specific hardware and reconfigurable hardware	
Hardware/Software Codesign	Transaction and data flow level modeling	
	Time-accurate modeling	
Data-flow and control-flow modelling	Data -flow modeling and implementation	
	Analysis of Control Flow and Data Flow	



Application-specific instruction-set processors

Accelerators and coprocessors Systems on a chip (SoC)

	Plannir	ng		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Laboratory practice	A31 A32 B1	14	34	48
Supervised projects	A31 B1 B3 C7	7	25	32
Objective test	B1 B3	3	0	3
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A31 A32 C7	21	42	63
Personalized attention		4	0	4

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	Labs: A set of guided lab tasks will be assigned to the students. The aim is practicing the basic procedures of the subject and
	reflecting on them.
Supervised projects	Guided projects: Students must work individually to complete hardware/software codesign projects. During the seminars,
	project coordination will be carried out, where the progress of each project will be assessed. However, most of the work must
	be done by the students in an autonomous way.
Objective test	Final test: A written test, lasting up to 3 hours, must be passed by the end of the course.
Guest lecture /	Lectures: They will be focused on the different topics of the subject. The progress of the lectures will define the scheduling of
keynote speech	the labs and seminars. When possible, the professor will ask students to study a given topic in advance. Then, the professor
	will use class time to explain practical use cases.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	Personalized attention is crucial for guiding the students when doing exercises, performing the labs, and working on projects.
Supervised projects	Moreover, it will also serve to validate and grade their work.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
Laboratory practice	A31 A32 B1	Labs: Grading will take into account both attending the sessions and fulfilling the	40
		tasks.	
Supervised projects	A31 B1 B3 C7	Guided projects: The quality of the obtained results will chiefly define the mark.	20
		However, participating in the discussions about the different projects will be also	
		assessed.	
Objective test	B1 B3	Test: At the end of the course, a written test will be evaluated the level of knowledge	40
		on the contents of the subject.	

Assessment comments



Those part time students that are exempt of attending lectures, must still produce the results of the labs in one week after the session in which the lab was proposed.

Supervised projects and laboratory practices must becarried out throughout the normal course, and delivered on the dates set by the teacher.

In the case of the second opportunity, the student may expressly ask the teacher to conduct a written examination on the practices, simultaneously with the official objective test. In such a case, the practices carried out during the course will not count for the evaluation of the second opportunity, but the examination of practices instead.

The marks of practices and supervised projects are not kept for the next course.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Patrick R. Schaumont (2010). A Practical Introduction to Hardware/Software Codesign. Springer
	- David C. Black e Jack Donovan (2004). SystemC: From the ground up . Kluwer Academic Publishers
	- Peter J. Ashenden e Jim Lewis (2008). The Designer's Guide to VHDL, Third Edition (Systems on Silicon). Morgan
	Kaufmann
Complementary	- Jayaram Bhasker (1999). A VHDL Primer . Prentice Hall
	- Wayne Wolf (). Computers as Components, 2nd edition. Principles of Embedded Computing System Design. Morgar
	Kaufmann

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Fundamentals of Computers/614	4G01007
Computer Structure/614G01012	
Concurrency and Parallelism/61	4G01018
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Hardware Devices and Interface	s/614G01032
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Embedded Systems/614G01060)
	Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.