



## Teaching Guide

Identifying Data				2024/25
Subject (*)	ESTADÍSTICA	Code	730G04008	
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais			
Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	First	Basic training	6
Language	Spanish			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	Análise Económica e Administración de EmpresasEconomíaEmpresaMatemáticas			
Coordinador	Ríos Prado, Rosa	E-mail	rosa.rios@udc.es	
Lecturers	Crespo Pereira, Diego	E-mail	diego.crespo@udc.es	
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Web				
General description	This subject teaches the concepts of Statistics applied to Industrial Engineering			

## Study programme competences / results

Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	FB1 Capacidade para a resolución dos problemas matemáticos que poidan formularse na enxeñaría. Aptitude para aplicar os coñecementos sobre: álgebra lineal; xeometría; xeometría diferencial; cálculo diferencial e integral; ecuacións diferenciais e en derivadas parciais; métodos numéricos; algorítmica numérica; estatística e optimización.
B2	CB2 Que os estudantes saiban aplicar os seus coñecementos ao seu traballo ou vocación dunha forma profesional e posúan as competencias que adoitan demostrarse por medio da elaboración e defensa de argumentos e a resolución de problemas dentro da súa área de estudo
B3	CB3 Que os estudantes teñan a capacidade de reunir e interpretar datos relevantes (normalmente dentro da súa área de estudo) para emitiren xuízos que inclúan unha reflexión sobre temas relevantes de índole social, científica ou ética
B4	CB4 Que os estudantes poidan transmitir información, ideas, problemas e solucións a un público tanto especializado como leigo
B5	CB5 Que os estudantes desenvolvan aquelas habilidades de aprendizaxe necesarias para emprenderen estudos posteriores cun alto grao de autonomía
B6	B3 Ser capaz de concibir, deseñar ou poñer en práctica e adoptar un proceso substancial de investigación con rigor científico para resolver calquera problema formulado, así como de comunicar as súas conclusións ?e os coñecementos e razóns últimas que as sustentan? a un público tanto especializados como leigo dun xeito claro e sen ambigüidades
B7	B5 Ser capaz de realizar unha análise crítica, avaliación e síntese de ideas novas e complexas
C1	C3 Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C4	C6 Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.

## Learning outcomes

Learning outcomes	Study programme competences / results		
Be able to solve the mathematical problems of Statistics that can be applied in engineering.	A1	B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7	C1 C4

## Contents



Topic	Sub-topic
The following topics develop the contents established in the tab of the Verification Memory that are:	Statistics
Introduction to Statistics	Introduction Random phenomena. Statistical inference. Stages of a statistical investigation. Problems.
2. Exploratory data analysis.	Descriptive statistics. Tabulation of a sample with repetitive data: frequency table. Histogram Cumulative diagram Tabulation of a sample with non-repetitive data: frequency table. Measures of central tendency. Measures of dispersion. Other measures of dispersion. Measures of form. Diagram of boxes and whiskers. Analysis of the stability of the relative frequencies. Problems.
3. Probability.	Sample space. Operations with success. Counting techniques Fundamental properties of the frequencies. Axioms of the probabilities. Probability function. Properties deduced from the axioms. Definition of probability according to Laplace. Probability conditioned. Product theorem Total probability theorem. Bayes theorem. Dependence and independence of events. Problems.
4. Random variables.	Random variable. Discrete random variable: characteristics. Continuous random variable: characteristics. Tchebycheff's theorem. Characteristic function Transformation of random variables. Problems.
5. Discrete random variables and probability distributions.	Introducción. Pruebas de Bernouilli. Distribución binomial. Distribución geométrica. Distribución hipergeométrica. Distribución de Poisson. Aproximación de distribuciones. Problemas.
6. Continuous random variables and probability distributions.	Introducción. Distribución uniforme. Distribuciones Erlang y gamma. Distribución exponencial. Distribución de Weibull. Distribución normal. Gráficos de probabilidad. Problemas.
7. Joint probability distributions.	Distribuciones de probabilidad conjuntas. Función de distribución conjunta. Distribuciones marginales. Variable aleatoria bidimensional discreta. Variable aleatoria bidimensional continua. Variables aleatorias independientes. Variable aleatoria n dimensional. Esperanza matemática. Teoremas de adición. Transformación de variables aleatorias. Teorema central de límite. Problemas.
8. Statistical inference.	Statistical sampling. Distributions associated with a sampling process. Distribution of the sample mean. The statistical variance sample. Chi-square distribution of Pearson. Simple random sampling of a normal distribution. Student's t distribution. Student's reason F distribution of Snedecor. Problems.
9. Point estimation of parameters.	Estimation by points. Centered estimators. Consistent estimators Sufficiency. Criterion of Neyman-Fisher. Methods of obtaining estimators. Problems.
10. Statistical intervals for a single sample.	Confidence intervals. Confidence interval for the mean of a normal population with known variance. Confidence interval for the mean of a normal population with unknown variance. Confidence interval for the variance of a normal population. Confidence interval for the proportion of a population. Problems.
11. Test of hypotheses for a single sample.	Contrast of statistical hypothesis. Unilateral and bilateral contrasts. P values in contrast to hypotheses. Connection between hypothesis contrasts and confidence intervals. General procedure for hypothesis contrasts. Test of the mean of a normal population with known variance. Test of the mean of a normal population with unknown variance. Contrast of the variance and standard deviation of a normal distribution. Contrast of the proportion of a population. Contrast of goodness of fit. Contrast with contingency tables. Problems.
12. Regression.	Association between random variables. Regression analysis. Quadratic minimum linear regression. Problems.



## Planning

Methodologies / tests	Competencies / Results	Teaching hours (in-person & virtual)	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C4	25	45	70
Problem solving	A1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C4	20	20	40
ICT practicals	A1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C4	12	18	30
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C4	3	6	9
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

## Methodologies

Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Lectures about the course topics.
Problem solving	Solving exercises and statistical problems encountered in engineering.
ICT practicals	Resolution of practical cases of statistical problems by Excel.
Mixed objective/subjective test	Midterm exam: chapters 1 to 6.

## Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
ICT practicals Mixed objective/subjective test	The personalized attention will be made in the tutorials.

## Assessment

Methodologies	Competencies / Results	Description	Qualification
ICT practicals	A1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C4	Evaluation of case studies solved in small groups.	30
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 C1 C4	Exams on the topics of the subject.	70

## Assessment comments

