		Teaching Guide			
	Identifying Data 2022/2			2022/23	
Subject (*)	Validation of Analytical Methodolog	Jy	Code	610509301	
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Investiga	ación Química e Química Indu	strial (Plan 2020)		
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits	
Official Master's Degre	e 1st four-month period	First	Obligatory	3	
Language	Spanish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Muniategui Lorenzo, Soledad	E-mail	soledad.muniat	egui@udc.es	
Lecturers	Carlosena Zubieta, Alatzne	E-mail	alatzne.carlose	na@udc.es	
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Web		'	-		
General description	This subject, which is compulsory,	belongs to Module M1 (Comp	ulsory Advanced Chemi	stry Training) and is related to the	
	subjects of the same module and to	o the optional subjects of the	speciality Module M6 (Ad	dvanced Analytical Techniques).	
	Its objective is to train the student for the adequate selection of the analytical methodology according to its applicability and				
	to the selection, calculation and evaluation of the adequate criteria for the proposed purpose in control and industry				
	laboratories.				

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
А3	Innovate in the methods of synthesis and chemical analysis related to the different areas of chemistry
A5	Properly assess risks and environmental and socioeconomic impacts associated with special chemicals
A6	Design processes involving the treatment or disposal of hazardous chemicals
A7	Operate with advanced instrumentation for chemical analysis and structural determination.
A8	Analyze and use the data obtained independently in complex laboratory experiments and relating them with the chemical, physical or
	biological appropriate techniques, including the use of primary literature sources
B2	Students should apply their knowledge and ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary)
	contexts related to their field of study.
В3	Students should be able to integrate knowledge and handle complexity, and formulate judgments based on information that was
	incomplete or limited, include reflecting on social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgments.
B5	Students must possess learning skills to allow them to continue studying in a way that will have to be largely self-directed or autonomous.
B10	Use of scientific terminology in English to explain the experimental results in the context of the chemical profession
B11	Apply correctly the new technologies to gather and organize the information to solve problems in the professional activity.
B12	Being able to work in a team and adapt to multidisciplinary teams.
C1	CT1 - Elaborar, escribir e defender publicamente informes de carácter científico e técnico
C2	CT2 - Traballar en equipo e adaptarse a equipos multidisciplinares.
C3	CT3 - Traballar con autonomía e eficiencia na práctica diaria da investigación ou da actividade profesional.
C4	CT4 - Apreciar o valor da calidade e mellora continua, actuando con rigor, responsabilidade e ética profesional.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		y progra	
The student must acquire knowledge about the selection of the best analytical methodology to fit of purpose, as well as how to	AC8	BC2	CC1
implement and validate this method according to official guidelines.		BC5	CC2
		BC11	CC3

The student must know how to select for each particular situation innovative techniques both in the treatment of the analytical	AC3	BC10	CC1
sample and in the determination techniques and data processing procedures.		BC11	CC3
		BC12	CC4
The student must be able to apply the knowledge acquired to the resolution of practical cases of clinical, industrial and	AC3	BC2	CC1
environmental interest, among others	AC5	BC3	CC2
	AC6	BC5	CC3
	AC7	BC11	
	AC8		

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
Introduction: Selection of the analytical methodology	Criteria for selecting a method of analysis. Classification of methods of analysis.
	Characteristics of qualitative and quantitative analysis
2. Validation of analytical methodology	Selection of performance criteria for a method. Development, evaluation and use of an
	analytical methodology. Official guidelines for the validation of an analytical method.
	Validation tools. Types of intra-laboratory or inter-laboratory validation. Evaluation of
	validation studies.
3. Innovative technologies in Analytical Chemistry	Innovative Technologies in Analytical Chemistry. Automation and miniaturization in
	Analytical Chemistry
Practice cases study	Practical examples will be addressed, learning how to determine the optimum
	operational conditions of a process, that a method is fit for purpose, ensuring that the
	results obtained through a methodology are reliable and of good quality, etc.

ordinary class hours 10 7	Student?s personal work hours 10 21	Total hours 20 28
10	10	
7	21	28
7	21	28
5	5	10
3	12	15
2	0	2
0		0
_	2	2 0

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	The teacher teaches the fundamental concepts and the most important contents of each programme topic. In addition, he/she
keynote speech	proposes different questions to be discussed and resolved by the students, encouraging participation.
Seminar	The professor, in the seminars, clarifies and expands on some aspects dealt with in the guest lectures and laboratory practices, especially related to the practical application of the methodologies studied. Students participate and discuss possible strategies to solve environmental and/or industrial problems that arise under the guidance of the professor.
Laboratory practice	In the laboratory sessions the student will have the opportunity to make contact with advanced scientific techniques and instrumentation. Whenever possible, laboratories of research centres or companies will be visited.



Supervised projects	It will include the search for information in different sources, the elaboration, exposition and defense of a subject proposed by
	the teacher related to some environmental, industrial, clinical problem, etc. The hours will be dedicated to the orientation for
	the elaboration and exposition/defense of the same.
Mixed	Final exam to evaluate the degree of learning of both theoretical and practical contents of the whole subject.
objective/subjective	
test	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	Throughout the course, at the time specified by the teacher, all the aspects related to the teaching that the student considers
Guest lecture /	necessary at each moment will be oriented and/or discussed.
keynote speech	In the seminars the teacher supervises for each student the methodology applied and the process of solving the problems
Seminar	proposed, solving individually the doubts formulated by the student and guiding the learning process.
Laboratory practice	In the supervised work it is important to carry out a personalised follow-up to comment on the progress made and to provide
	the student with the necessary guidance to develop the work.
	The student with recognition of part-time dedication and academic exemption from attendance will be attended to in the form
	of tutorial hours (by appointment).

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Supervised projects	A5 A8 B2 B3 B5 B10	Supervised projects will be evaluated by the performance and/or presentation of the	20
	B11 B12 C1 C2 C4	project by the students.	
Guest lecture /	A3 A5 B2 B3 B5 B11	Attendance at the teaching sessions and active participation of the student will be	5
keynote speech	C3 C4	evaluated	
Seminar	A8 B2 B3 B5 B10 C1	The seminars will evaluate the students' acquisition of knowledge and skills through	10
	C2 C4	problem solving, case studies, etc.	
Mixed	A5 B2 B3 B10 C1 C4	The final exam will cover all the contents of the subject. It will consist of theoretical	60
objective/subjective		questions, applied issues and problem solving.	
test			
Laboratory practice	A6 A7 A8 B2 B3 B12	The work and participation of students in the practical sessions will be continuously	5
	C2	evaluated by means of questions and oral questions, tests, etc.	

Assessment comments

The evaluation of this subject will be done through continuous assessment and a final exam, which can only be taken by the student who participates in a minimum of 80% of the mandatory classroom teaching activities (lectures, seminars, practices).

The student will have the qualification of Not Presented when he/she does not carry out the supervised work and does not take the final exam. The qualification of the assessable activities can be kept in the July call, except for the mixed test in case of being suspended.

In the following academic years, the teaching-learning process, including all assessable activities, will begin again with a new course.

For part-time students with academic exemption from attendance, if they are unable to take all the continuous assessment tests, the teacher will take the appropriate measures so as not to affect their grade.

In the evaluation of the subject, all that is established in article

14, regarding the Fraud Commission and disciplinary responsibilities, of

the UDC's Rules for the Evaluation of Degrees and Master's Degrees will

be applied: "The fraudulent performance of the evaluation tests or activities, once

verified, will directly imply the grade of "0" in the subject in the

corresponding call, thus invalidating any grade obtained in all

evaluation activities in view of the extraordinary call."

	Sources of information
Basic	- R. Kellner, J. M. Mermet, M. Otto, M. Valcarcel y H. M. Widmer, Eds (2004). ?Analytical Chemistry: A Modern
	Approach to Analytical Science. Ed. Wiley-VCH.
	- Eurolab España. P.P. Morillas y colaboradores. (2016). Guía Eurachem: La adecuación al uso de los métodos
	analíticos ? Una Guía de laboratorio para la validación de métodos y temas relacionados . Disponible en
	www.eurachem.org
	- M. VALCARCEL (1999). Principios de Química Analítica. Springer, Barcelona
	- AOAC, IUPAC (2016). AOAC and IUPAC Official Guidelines for Validation of Analytical methods .
Complementary	- Ramis Ramos G., García Álvarez-Coque M.C (2001). Quimiometría . Síntesis. Madrid.
	- Compañó Beltrán R., Rios Castro A (2002). Garantía de calidad en los laboratorios analíticos. Ed. Springer.
	- I. Rodríguez, E. Trullos, X. Rius (2003). Validación de Métodos Analíticos Cualitativos Técnicas de
	Laboratorio, 281 (2003) 328-335. http://www.quimica.urv.es/quimio
	- Kruve A. et al. (2015). Tutorial review on validation of liquid chromatography?mass spectrometry methods: Part I.
	Analytica Chimica Acta 870 (2015) 29?44

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	
Chromatography and Analytical Separation Techniques /610509125	
Advanced Atomic Techniques and Sensors/610509127	
Advanced Sample Preparation Techniques/610509324	

Other comments

GREEN CAMPUS PROGRAM RECOMMENDATION: in order to help

achieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with point 6 of

the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Science (2020)", the

documentary works requested in this subject:(a) Will be requested mostly in virtual format and computer support.(b)

If paper is used: -No plastics will be used -Double-sided printing will

be used -Recycled paper will be used -The use of drafts will be

avoided.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.