

		Teaching Guide				
	Identifying	Data		2022/23		
Subject (*)	Physics 2 Code		610G01004			
Study programme	Grao en Química			I		
		Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	2nd four-month period	First	Basic training	6		
Language	SpanishGalician					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Física e Ciencias da Terra					
Coordinador	Rilo Siso, Esther E-mail esther.rilo.siso@udc.es		udc.es			
Lecturers	Martín Pérez, Jaime	E-mail	jaime.martin.per	jaime.martin.perez@udc.es		
	Rilo Siso, Esther		esther.rilo.siso@	udc.es		
	Segade Zas, Luisa Maria		luisa.segade@u	dc.es		
Web		I	i			
General description	Provides knowledge of General Phy	vsics required for substantiat	tion of the laws and pheno	mena of chemistry. This is a		
	subject that is the link between mat	nematics and chemistry in th	ne sense of giving a forma	I formulation of scientific		
	observations that establish laws and	d results without which you o	can not "close" the scientif	ic method. The laws of physics		
provide the basic ingredients in which most sciences are supported, as well as instrumentation and measure						
	techniques used in all scientific fields, and especially in chemistry. Hence its importance and presence in the first year of					
	the degree, since along with Physic	s 1 provides students with th	ne necessary basis for und	derstanding matters of other		
	modules and courses for the degree	9.				

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A3	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A25	Ability to recognise and analyse link between chemistry and other disciplines, and presence of chemical processes in everyday life
A27	Ability to teach chemistry and related subjects at different academic levels
B1	Learning to learn
B2	Effective problem solving
B3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
B7	Effective workplace communication
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C6	Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving

Learning outcomes



Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	amme	
		competences		
Have the minimum theoretical foundations that allow the understanding of the aspects of chemistry related to the electrical and	A1		C1	
magnetic phenomena and vibratory motion and wave motion.	A3			
	A12			
	A14			
	A25			
Know how to reduce real problems to their most essential aspects and apply them to the field of chemistry	A14	B1	C1	
	A15	B2	C3	
	A27	B3	C6	
		B4		
		B5		
		B7		
Apply the basic laboratory techniques, including the necessary calculations and expressing the results appropriately. Use the	A19	B1	C3	
material and apply the basic safety standards to work in a laboratory.	A20	B2	C6	
	A22	B3		
	A23	B5		
	A24	B7		

	Contents
Торіс	Sub-topic
1. Introduction to the study of the physic fields	1.1. Fields theory
	1.2. Gravitational field
2. Electricity	2.1. Electric field and potential.Capacity
	2.2. Electric current and direct current circuits
3. Magnetism	3.1. Magnetic field
	3.2. Magnetic induction
	3.3. Alternating current circuits
4. Oscillations and waves	4.1. Oscillations
	4.2. Waves motion
	4.3. Electromagnetic waves
Practical teaching: resistance measurement using a	
Wheatstone bridge, measurements of voltage, resistance and	
current in electrical circuits, light diffraction in a thread, simple	
pendulum, spring constant.	

	Planning	J		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A3 A12 A14 A15	27	54	81
	A24 A25 A27 B1 B2			
	B3 C6			
Problem solving	A14 A15 A27 B1 B2	9	27	36
	B3 B4 B5 B7 C1 C3			
	C6			



A19 A20 A22 A23	15	15	30
A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 C3			
C6			
A1 A3 A12 A14 A15	2	0	2
A24 A25 B2 B3 C6			
	1	0	1
	A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 C3 C6 A1 A3 A12 A14 A15	A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 C3 C6 A1 A3 A12 A14 A15 2	A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 C3 C6 A1 A3 A12 A14 A15 2 0

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description		
Guest lecture /	During these sessions, teacher will explain lessons including different formats (theory, problems and general examples),		
keynote speech	emphasizing the more important aspects and in the more difficult ones. The student will be able to ask all the questions that		
	arise during the development of the session.		
Problem solving	In this sessions, some problems related to theory contents explained before will be proposed and solved. Students must solve		
	this problems and questions under teacher supervision, individually or in groups. There will be included in these classes		
	activities that imply the participation of the pupils, that will contribute to the continuous assessment. So teacher can observe		
	the difficulties of comprehension that each pupil presents in the resolution of problems.		
Laboratory practice	Students will perform laboratory practice for the application of knowledge acquired in the keynote sessions and problem		
	solving. With this methodology, they acquire skills needed to work properly in a physics lab, which includes the use of		
	instruments for measurement, data processing and analysis of results of physic properties and magnitudes. A guide for each		
	practice will be given to the student, and they will have all necessary material to mount and do them.		
Mixed	It is the test for the evaluation of knowledge, which allows teacher assessing the level of student learning.		
objective/subjective			
test			

	Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description			
Laboratory practice	The obligatory personalized attention hour will be dedicated to an individual interview in which to be able to detect possible			
Problem solving	problems to reach the objectives of the subject and to advise the students attending to each one individually so that they receive the necessary orientation.			
	Students arrive at this subject with very different levels of knowledge and skills due to the different options taken during high school. These shortcomings will not be topics to develop in these hours but they will be guided in what they should do to reach the level that allows them to pass the subject.			

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description Qualifi	
Laboratory practice	A19 A20 A22 A23	Attendance to Laboratory practices is MANDATORY, so you cannot pass the course	15
	A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 C3	without making them. The highest mark that can be obtained is 1.5 points, and the	
	C6	minimum one required to pass them is 0.7. It will be evaluated on the basis of	
		participation and results delivery of each session, and a test that will take place during	
		the last session. Competences evaluated A19, A20, A22, A23, A24, B1, B3, B5, B7,	
		C3	
Problem solving	A14 A15 A27 B1 B2	Participation on the resolution of problems and exercises will be evaluated. Teacher	15
	B3 B4 B5 B7 C1 C3	may periodically collect exercises or questions proposed during these sessions.	
	C6	Competences evaluated: A1, A3, A12, A15, B1, B2, C1	



Mixed	A1 A3 A
objective/subjective	A24 A2
test	

A12 A14 A15 Final examination accounts for 35% of the final grade25 B2 B3 C6 During the term there will be partial exams whose maximum score will be 30% of the

final grade. Competences evaluated: A1, A3, A12, A14, A15, B2, C1.

Assessment comments

Exam mark should not

be less than 5 (up to 10). The final mark must

be 5 or higher to pass course, and will be calculated as follows: exam mark\*0.7+laboratory+problem

solving. If a student, having a final mark higher than 5, fails

the minimum mark in any activity, he/she will have a mark of 4.5, i.e., Fail.

The evaluation of students in the second opportunity will follow the same criteria as at the first opportunity. The students tested in the second

opportunity may only be eligible for honors if the maximum number of these for the corresponding course was not covered at the first opportunity. In

the July opportunity will be saved the qualifications of Laboratory and the parcial test.

Students which due to justified reasons or for being enrolled part-time do

not participate in the ongoing evaluation activities volunteers, may do

equivalent work , consisting of delivery and explanation during sessions of individualized

tutoring bulletins problems and activities proposed in small group sessions.

The labs will be held according to the schedule published at the beginning

of the semester. The completion is mandatory, so it is necessary to overcome to

pass the course.

For the rating of No Presented students they must not have participated in

activities totaling more than 25% of the final grade.

The detection of plagiarism in any of the evaluable activities will lead to the grade of suspension in said activity.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Tippler & amp; Mosca (). Física para la ciencia y la tecnología . Reverté
	- Sears, Zemansky, Young & amp; Freedman (). Física Universitaria . Addison Wesley Longman
	- Fidalgo & amp; Fernández (). Física General. Everest
Complementary	- Burbano de Ercilla, Burbano García & amp; Gracia Muñoz (). Problemas de Física. Mira
	- Lea & Burke (). Física, la naturaleza de las cosas. Paraninfo
	- Angel Franco García (2006). Física con ordenador. Curso interactivo de Física en internet.
	www.sc.ehu.es/sbweb/fisica/default.htm
	- (). Fisicalab. Plataforma de aprendizaje de física y matemáticas. www.fisicalab.com

	Recommendations	
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Mathematics 1/610G01001		
Physics 1/610G01003		
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Mathematics 2/610G01002		
	Subjects that continue the syllabus	
	Other comments	



You need to have knowledge of physics and mathematics from high school. Green Campus Program Faculty of Sciences

To help achieve a sustainable immediate environment, and comply with point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary work carried out on this matter:

a. They will be requested, mostly, in virtual format and computer support.

- b. If done on paper:
- No plastics will be used
- Double-sided printing will be done
- Recycled paper will be used

## - Drafts will be avoided

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.