

		Teaching Guide				
	Identifying D	ata		2022/23		
Subject (*)	General Chemistry 1		Code	610G01007		
Study programme	Grao en Química					
		Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	1st four-month period	First	Basic training	6		
Language	Spanish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química					
Coordinador	Lopez Torres, Margarita	-mail margarita.lope	margarita.lopez.torres@udc.es			
Lecturers	Lopez Torres, Margarita	E	-mail margarita.lope	z.torres@udc.es		
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Web						
General description	The course "Chemistry" of the Degree	e in Chemistry is part	of the 60 credits of the Traini	ng Module Basic Science. Its		
	purpose is to provide the students sk	ills and knowledge ho	mogeneous on the basic prin	ciples of chemistry on which will		
	developed, through specific subjects,	skills own title.				
	"Chemistry 1" is the first of four subjetcs where, for reasons of educational planning, was divided matter "Chemistry" in the					
	curriculum of the UDC. It introduced, at a basic level and merely qualitative structure of matter, atoms, elements and					
	compounds, based on both the model of interactions between atomic nuclei and electrons as the interactions between					
	atoms; raising the relationship between structure and properties, and the greater or lesser ability of models for justify.					

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A2	Ability to describe and account for trends in properties of chemical elements throughout the periodic table
A3	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them
A6	Knowledge of chemical elements and their compounds, synthesis, structure, properties and reactivity
A8	Knowledge of principles of quantum mechanics and atomic and molecular structure
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A25	Ability to recognise and analyse link between chemistry and other disciplines, and presence of chemical processes in everyday life
B2	Effective problem solving
B3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	mme
	COI	npetend	ces
Formulate and name simple inorganic and organic substances.	A1	B2	C1
		B3	
		B4	
		B5	



To know the main particles that form the matter, from the point of view of the Chemist (electrons and nuclei) and the	A3	B2	C1
composition of the atomic nucleus and its main reactions		В3	
	A25	B4	
		B5	
To know critically and comparative the main atomic models and their historical development as well as their application to the	A2	B3	C1
study of periodic properties.	A6		
	A8		
	A14		
Know the main link models and their application to various types of chemical species and compare them to the molecular	A3	B2	C1
orbital model.	A6	B3	
	A8	B4	
	A12	B5	
	A14		
	A25		
Know the periodic table of the elements and properties of the atoms according to their position in the same.	A2	B2	C1
	A6	B3	
	A8	B4	
	A12	B5	
	A14		
	A25		

	Contents
Торіс	Sub-topic
1 Introduction	Matter and chemistry. Models. The scientific-experimental method. Composition of
	matter. Properties of matter
2 Formulation and nomenclature	Formulation. Nomenclature
3 The structure of matter and particle models	Matter as set nucleus and electrons. Rutherford atomic model. Bohr atomic model for
	the hydrogen atom. Limitations of the Bohr atomic model. Uncertainty Principle
4 The wave mechanical model for the hydrogen atom	De Broglie's hypothesis. Stationary wave equation for Hydrogenoid System. Orbital
	functions. Orthonormality solutions to the equation and quantum numbers n, I ml.
	Electron energy Hydrogenoid System. Meaning of "Orbital Function".
	Comparison between models of Bohr and Schrödinger. The wave functions. Graphical
	representation of the orbitals
5 The wave mechanical model for polielectronic atoms	The wave equation for an atom with more electrons. Orbital model approach.
	Determination of the effective nuclear charge. Slater rules. The energy of the orbitals
	of the electron atoms. The electron spin quantum number. The Pauli exclusion
	principle. Electronic configurations
6 Periodic Table and periodic properties of the elements	Electronic configuration and periodic table. Periodicity of atomic properties
7 Introduction to bonding models	The wave equation for polynuclear systems. Models bond between atoms. Link
	models adapted to the types of chemicals
8 Lewis Theory	Structure and properties of molecular substances. Lewis model. Bond order and bond
	strength and longitude. Resonance. Molecules that do not meet the octet rule.
	Limitations of the theory of Lewis
9 Valence-Shell Electron-Pair Repulsion Theory	The theory of pair repulsion electron valence shell. Application of the model.
	Application of the model species with more than one central atom
10 Valence Bond Theory	VTE in diatomic molecules. The model of "Electronic Cement". The
	valence bond model. Orbital hybridization. Resonance. Polar covalent bonds. The
	polarity of the bond in the VTE. Polar covalent bond strength
11 Intermolecular Forces	The absolute temperature scale. Solids, liquids and gases. Van der Waals force.
	Hydrogen bonds



12 Covalent Solids	Covalent solids. Some solid covalent structures
13 Structure and bonding in metals	Metals: Property characteristics. Structure of Metals. Electronic Cement. The metallic
	bond: electron sea model
14 Structure and bonding in salts	Definition and properties of salts. Structure salts. Ionic radii. A "Rule
	radios". Ionic bonding model. Calculation of the laticce energy. Covalent
	character of the bond in the salts. Electron density maps. Polarizing power and
	polarizability of the ions. Fajans rules. Consequences of participation in the covalent
	bond
15 Molecular Orbital Theory	Limitations of VTE. Again the wave equation for polynuclear systems. OM diagram H2
	species. OM diagram of He2 + and He2 species. Binding order in the TOM. OM of
	other diatomic molecules. The "orbital investment." OM for the molecule
	BeH2, an example of polyatomic molecule. Molecular orbitals of polar species.
	Delocalized systems. Treatment of the electronic structure of metals by TOM: Bands
	model. The pattern of bands applied to covalent solids. Treating the salts by MOM
16 The atomic nucleus	The atomic nucleus. Protons and neutrons. Radioactive decay reactions. Beta-
	particle emission. + Beta particle emission. Electron capture. Emission of alpha
	particles. Gagma emission radiation. Half-life. Nuclear fission. Nucleosynthesis.
	Nuclear energy. The Re

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Workbook	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	0	15	15
	A14 A25 B4			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	32	38	70
	A14 A25 B4 B5			
Problem solving	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	10	23	33
	A14 B2 B3 C1			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	3	11	14
	A14 B2 B3 C1			
Workshop	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	6	12	18
	B2 B3 B5 C1			
Personalized attention		0	0	0

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Workbook	So that students can make the most of the guest lecture, the corresponding issue must be first read followed by responses a
	test to based on this reading after the guest lecture.
Guest lecture /	In the classes will review the contents of the relevant issues, indicating their most important aspects, particularly those
keynote speech	fundamental or more difficult to understand concepts to students.
Problem solving	Problem solving will be dedicated to solving problems and questions raised in advance of the student so that it can work on
	them before the corresponding session.
	Uploading the answers to the questions to "Campus Virtual" will be essential to be evaluated in the problem solving
	classes.
	Periodically, short tests will be carried out, both for the evaluation of the students and for the teacher's guidance on the
	problems caused by the subject. Tangentially, these tests encourage the student to continuously make the effort required to
	study the subject.



Mixed	The test be held on the date set in the timetable agreed by the Faculty Board. It aims to contribute to the assessment of the
objective/subjective	level of skills acquired by students in the whole course.
test	
Workshop	The workshops are designed as a set of eminently practical activities in which the student must participate actively. Its main
	objective is to complete and deepen the most relevant aspects and / or difficult to understand.
	Each workshop is associated with carrying out a previous work and uploading the work to "Campus Virtual" will be
	essential to be evaluated in the workshops.
	At the end of the workshop, using applications available on the Internet, a multiple-choice test will be carried out to assess the
	degree of assimilation of the student of the topics covered.

Methodologies	Description The teaching methodology proposed is based on the student's work, which becomes the main protagonist of the				
	teaching-learning process. For the student to obtain optimal performance of their effort it is that there is a continuous				
	interaction and closer student-teacher, so that the latter can lead the first in this process capital. This interaction will especia				
	in workshops and problem solving sessions. Through student-faculty interaction, as well as the different evaluation activities				
	will be determined to what extent the students reached the competency targets set in each unit, and determine students who				
	need personalized attention through individualized tutoring. Therefore, periodically or teachers may call students to tutoring,				
	be held in the most convenient times for each student, with the intention of receiving the necessary guidance.				
	Regardless of the tutorials proposed by the teacher, the student may attend tutoring at his own request, as often as desired,				
	and the time that is most suitable.				
	According to the ""norma que regula o réxime de dedicación ao estudo dos estudantes de grao na UDC" (Art.3.b e 4.5) and				
	""normas de avaliación, revisión e reclamación das cualificacións dos estudos de grao e mestrado universitario? (Art. 3 e 8				
	students with recognition of part-time dedication and assistance exemption should be able to participate in a training				
	methodology and associated teaching activities that would allow the achievement of the training objectives. Therefore, in the				
	subject General Chemistry 1 (Química 1), the percentage of exemption would be preset in a first interview with the students				
	taking into account once known their personal situations. At this point, students can participate in a personalized tutorial				
	system for guidance and evaluation, with at least five individualized sessions, which will serve for the orientation of students				
	their autonomous work as well as for monitoring their progression during the course and evaluating the degree of competen				
	development reached. Regarding this last point, the tutorials will serve to carry out those activities included in the Problem				
	Solving methodology and which correspond to a 20% of the final grade for the course.				
	conving methodology and which concepting to a 20% of the final grade for the course.				

Assessment				
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification	
Workshop	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	A8 A12 Uploading to "Campus Virtual" the previous work will be essential to be		
	B2 B3 B5 C1	evaluated in the corresponding workshop.		
		In this activity, the active participation and the level of knowledge demonstrated by the		
		students in the multiple-choice test that will be carried out at the end of each workshop		
		will be taken into account.		
Mixed	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	It will consist of questions to develop both as test questions, formulation and	65	
objective/subjective	A14 B2 B3 C1	problems, similar to solved during course. It will celebrate in the end of semester		
test				



Problem solving	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	Uploading to "Campus Virtual" the answers of the Problem Sheet will be	20
	A14 B2 B3 C1	essential to be evaluated in the corresponding class of problems.	
		Short tests will be carried out periodically, as mentioned in the methodology section.	
		This activity will also take into account the active student participation. and the level of	
		knowledge demonstrated by the students will be evaluated, both when solving the	
		exercises and in the debate with their classmates	
Workbook	A1 A2 A3 A6 A8 A12	What is learned in the reading will be evaluated through a test that will be carried out	5
	A14 A25 B4	in Moodle after having read the recommended readings aand going to the guest class.	

## Assessment comments

To pass the subject, it will be necessary to get at least 50 points among the different assessment activities (mixed test, objective tests, workbook, problem solving and workshops), as well as obtain a minimum score of five (out of ten) in the mixed test. If is not possible to achieve the minimum score in the mixed test, although the average be greater than or equal to 50 points (out of 100) will be listed as not passing matter (4.5). Since the rating is based on the model of continuous assessment, specifically assess student progression throughout the semester could be added maximum of 1 point to the final grade.

In the event that the mark of the mixed test is higher than the one obtained as the sum of the qualifications of the different assessable activities, the mark of the mixed test will be considered the final mark of the subject.

To obtain a rating of not submitted the students, students may not have participated in more than 25% of problem solving classes and workshops, or perform the mixed test. Students to be evaluated in the so-called "second chance" Will repeat the mixed test and the final grade is calculated according to the established percentages and the previously established restrictions. Students assessed in the second opportunity can only be granted with a"Matrícula de Honra" (the highest grade awarded to outstanding students) only if the maximum number of these distinctions according to the regulations were not awarded to students passing the course in the first opportunity. Those students having a part-time dedication to the course, and thus waiverof assistance to the on-site academic activities according to the regulations of UDC, the grade obtained in the activities associated with the personalized tutoring system will correspond to the evaluation of the problem solving methodology, that is to say, 20% of the final grade. The remaining 80% of said final grade will be determined through the results obtained by the student in the mixed test. Plagiarism in any test or activity will be sanctioned according to university regulations.

Sources of information		
Basic	- Petrucci, R. H.; Herring, F. G.; Madura, J. D.; Bissonnette, C (2017). Química General, 11 Ed Madrid, Pearson	
	Education	
	- Petrucci, R. H.; Herring, F. G.; Madura, J. D.; Bissonnette, C. (2011). Química General, 10 Ed Madrid, Pearson	
	Education	
	- Petrucci, R. H.; Hartwood, W. S.; Herring, F. G. (2003). Química General, 8ª Ed Madrid, Pearson Education	
	As tres referencias corresponden a distintas edicións do mesmo texto, e pódense usar indistintamente.	
Complementary	- J. Casabó i Gispert (1996). Estructura Atómica y Enlace Químico Barcelona, Editorial Reverte	
	- Emilio Quiñoá Cabana; Ricardo Riguera Vega; José Manuel Vila Abad. (2005). Nomenclatura y formulación de los	
	compuestos orgánicos una guía de estudio y autoevaluación. Madrid, McGraw-Hill	
	- Emilio Quiñoá Cabana; Ricardo Riguera Vega; José Manuel Vila Abad. (2006). Nomenclatura y formulación de los	
	compuestos inorgánicos una guía de estudio y autoevaluación. Madrid, McGrawHill	

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	



	Subjects that continue the syllabus
General Chemistry 2/610	DG01008
General Chemistry 3/610	DG01009
	Other comments
To deal with warranty es	tudo of this course the student needs the knowledge of chemistry own the bachelor. Green Campus Faculty of Sciences
Program:	
To contribute to achievin	g a sustainable environment and comply with point
6 of the "Environmental I	Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences
2020)", the documentary	y works carried out in this subject:
A. They will be requested	d mainly in virtual format and computer support.
3. If done on paper:	
Pahan Diration will not i	
Anbsp;- Plastics will not	de used.
- Double-sided pri	ints will be made
Index: Recycled paper	will be used.
- Drafts will be av	oided.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.