

		Teachin	ng Guide			
	Identifyir	ng Data			2023/24	
Subject (*)	Physical Chemistry 1 Code			610G01016		
Study programme	Grao en Química				L.	
		Desc	riptors			
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	Sec	cond	Obligatory	6	
Language	SpanishEnglish				· ·	
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química					
Coordinador	Vilariño Barreiro, Maria Teresa		E-mail	teresa.vilarino@u	Jdc.es	
Lecturers	Barriada Pereira, José Luis		E-mail	jose.barriada@udc.es		
	Herrero Rodriguez, Roberto			r.herrero@udc.es	3	
	Vilariño Barreiro, Maria Teresa			teresa.vilarino@u	udc.es	
Web						
General description	This course deals with the micros	scopic behavior	of matter. It pre	sents an introduction to qu	antum mechanics and statistical	
	thermodynamics. The course begins with an examination of the key concepts, the basic principles and the formulation of					
	quantum theory and applications to simple systems ? the particle in a box, the harmonic oscillator, the rigid rotor and the					
	hydrogen atom. It continues with a discussion of atomic structure and atomic spectra. The final lectures on quantum					
	chemistry cover applications to chemical bonding including valence bond and molecular orbital theory and molecular					
	structure.					
	The last part of the course covers elementary statistical mechanics that allows one to study the methodology to calculate					
	macroscopic properties of equilibrium systems from molecular properties.					
	(English lecturer: Teresa Vilariño)					

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A8	Knowledge of principles of quantum mechanics and atomic and molecular structure
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
B2	Effective problem solving
B3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	imme
	con	npetenc	es /
		results	
To know the principles of quantum chemistry.	A1	B2	C3
	A8	B5	
	A14		
	A15		
	A16		



To know the principles of statistical thermodynamics.	A1	B2	C3
	A12	B5	
	A14		
	A16		
To be able to perform calculations independently, even when a computer is needed.	A1	B2	C1
	A14	B5	C3
	A15		
	A16		
	A21		
To acquire literature search skills to be able to search for and use scientific literature.	A14	B3	C1
	A15		C3
	A16		
	A21		
To acquire skills in the use of computer tools to solve problems.	A8	B2	C3
	A15	B3	

	Contents
Торіс	Sub-topic
QUANTUM CHEMISTRY	
1. Postulates of quantum mechanics	- Postulate 1: the state of a quantum-mechanical system is completely specified by its
	wave function.
	- Postulate 2: quantum-mechanical operators represent classical mechanical
	variables.
	- Postulate 3: eigenvalue equation.
	- Postulate 4: average value.
	- Postulate 5: time-dependent Schrödinger equation.
2. Translational motion: a particle in a box.	- A particle in a one-dimensional box: wave functions and energy levels.
	- A particle in two and more dimensions:separation of variables and degeneracy.
3. Vibrational motion: the harmonic oscillator.	- Quantum mechanical model: wave functions and energy levels.
	- The harmonic oscillator as a model for a vibrating diatomic molecule.
	- Anharmonicity.
4. Rotational motion: rigid rotator.	- Motion of a particle in a ring.
	- Wave functions. Spherical harmonics.
	- Rotational energy: energy levels.
	- The quantization of angular momentum.
5. Hydrogenic atoms.	- Formulation of the Schrödinger equation.
	- Atomic orbitals and their energies.
	- The radial probability distribution function.
	- The lineal combination of degenerate wavefunctions.
	- Zeeman effect.
6. Aproximation methods.	- Perturbation theory.
	- Variational method.
	- Lineal variational trial functions: secular determinant.
7. Many-electron atoms.	- Helium atom.
	- Spin angular moment.
	- Pauli exclusion principle.
	- Periodic Table.
8. Atomic spectroscopy.	- Electron configuration of atoms.
	- Total orbital angular moment: Russell-Saunders coupling and jj coupling.
	- Term symbols. Hund's rules. Selection rules.



9. The chemical bond: the hydrogen molecule-ion.	- The Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
	- Molecular orbital theory and valence-bond theory.
	- Molecular orbital treatment of hydrogen molecule-ion.
10. Diatomic molecules.	- General considerations for bond formation.
	- Homonuclear diatomic molecules.
	- Heteronuclear diatomic molecules. Polar bonds and electronegativity.
11. Conjugated and aromatic molecules.	- Semi-empirical methods.
	- Pi-electron approximation.
	- Free electron molecular orbital theory.
	- The Hückel approximation.
STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS	
12. Foundations of statistical thermodynamics.	- Fundamentals of statistical mechanics.
	- Basis of statistical thermodynamics.
	- Statistical thermodynamics of ideal gases.
	- Statistical interpretation of the thermodynamic properties of solids.

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A8 A12 A21	28	56	84
Seminar	A14 A15 B2 B3	10	25	35
Laboratory practice	A1 A8 A21 C1 C3	10	5	15
Supervised projects	A1 A8 A16 B2 B3 B5	0	10	10
	C1 C3			
Objective test	A1 A8 A14	2	0	2
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A8 A12 A14 A15	3	0	3
	A21 B2 B3			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description		
Guest lecture /	Oral presentation, complemented by the use of audiovisual material and the interaction with the students, to introduce the		
keynote speech	basic contents of the subject to transmit knowledge and facilitate learning.		
Seminar	Activity to be developed in mid-size groups.		
	In-depth study of the contents introduced in the keynote lectures.		
	Questions and problems related to the contents of the subject are discussed and/or are solved in group, with support and		
	direct supervision of the lecturer.		
	The activity to be carried out before and during each session are indicated prior to a face-to-face session.		
Laboratory practice	Computer practices developed at the informatic labs.		
	Practical problems related to the contents of Quantum Chemistry are solved by using computer software commonly used in		
	scientific calculations.		
	Students must solve and hand-in a questionnaire concerning the practical sessions.		
Supervised projects	Homework performed in groups aimed at helping students to work independently, under the guidance of the lecturer.		
	Activities related to the contents of the seminars are proposed. They must be solved in group and, subsequently, must be		
	explained to the instructor in a face-to-face session.		
	This activity is open exclusively to students attending the seminars on a regular basis (80%).		



Objective test	Two tests to be held during the semester. The tests can combine multiple-choice questions and short answer questions.
	- First test at mid-semester. The formulation and the basic principles of quantum theory and its application to simple systems
	are assessed.
	- Second test at the end of semester. The application of quantum chemistry to atoms and molecules is assessed.
	The tests are solved and discussed in a subsequent session.
	They will serve as feed-back to both students and instructors to assess the progress of the teaching-learning process.
Mixed	Final written exam to be held at the end of semester, and in second chance in July.
objective/subjective	Knowledge, understanding, reasoning and critical thinking are assessed.
test	It will consist on a combination of different types of questions: multiple choice and/or short answer combined with problem
	solving.
	It will be held on the dates approved by the Faculty Board.

	Personalized attention		
Methodologies Description			
Seminar	Homework of supervised projects done by each group should be presented to the instructor in a tutoring session.		
Supervised projects	In addition, students are encouraged to make use of the tutoring sessions to solve any doubt.		
	Tutoring schedule will be decided at lecturers and students convenience.		
	Part-time students and those with special academic leave permission could ask for presential or email tutorials when		
	necessary.		

		Assessment	
Methodologies Competencies		Description	
	Results		
Objective test	A1 A8 A14	Two tests during the semester. The tests will consist of short short answer questions	20
		and/or multiple-choice questions.	
		- First test at mid-semester. The basic principles and the formulation of quantum	
		theory and their application to simple systems are assessed. It contributes 10% to the	
		final mark.	
		- Second test at the end of semester. The application of quantum chemistry to atoms	
		and molecules is assessed. It contributes 10% to the final mark.	
Mixed	A1 A8 A12 A14 A15	Final written exam at the end of semester. It will be held on the official dates approved	60
objective/subjective	A21 B2 B3	by the Faculty Board.	
test		All contents of the subject are assessed.	
		It has two different types of questions: short answer questions (50%) combined with	
		problem solving (50%).	
Laboratory practice	A1 A8 A21 C1 C3	Assessment of skills in solving problems of Quantum Chemistry by using computer	10
		software commonly used in scientific calculations.	
		Attendance to all scheduled computer lab. sessions is mandatory to pass the course.	
		The final written report is also assessed.	
Supervised projects	A1 A8 A16 B2 B3 B5	Assesment of teamwork skills in resolution of problems or questions related to the	10
	C1 C3	contents of the seminars.	
		Apart from the solution of the proposed activities, the active paticipation in the	
		face-to-face session also contribute to the assessment.	
		Only students who attend the seminars on a regular basis (80%) can participate and	
		be evaluated in this activity.	

Assessment comments



Requirements to pass the course:

- Attendance to all scheduled computer lab sessions is mandatory to pass the course.

- It is compulsory the regular attendance to

the keynotes and seminar sessions to attend computer practical sessions.

- To pass the course, the final average grade has to be equal to or greater than 5 (out of a

possible 10) and the minimum score on the final written exam must have been 4.0 (out of 10). If the average grade is equal to or greater than 5 (out of 10) but the threshold

mark on the final examn was not met, the final grade will be 4.5 (fail).

- Students who has attended the final exam will be assessed.

Second opportunity of July- In the second opportunity, the student should retake the final written test, whose grade will replace the one obtained in the written final test in the first opportunity. The grades of the rest of the activities corresponding to the continuous assessmente will be kept when the mark would be equal to or greater than 5.0 out of 10. The supervised projects and objetive tests graded below 5.0 out of 10 may be resit in the written test (adding the percentage of their contribution to the percentage of the grade of the final mixed test). The grade of the laboratory practices cannot be resit.

- In the second opportunity, a final mixed test will be carried out, whose grade will replace the one obtained in the mixed test of the first opportunity, maintaining the grades of the rest of the activities carried out in the continuous evaluation with a grade equal to or greater than 5.0 out of 10. Tutored works and objective tests with a grade lower than 5.0 (out of 10) may be recovered in the final mixed test (adding the percentage corresponding to the weight of the final mixed test grade). The qualification of the laboratory practices will not be able to recover.

-Mark Honors: priority is given in the first opportunity (January). Honors may only be granted in July if their number have not be exhausted in January final qualifications.

Early examination call of December

- To pass the course, it is compulsory for students to have attended all the practical sessions at least once.

- The examination will consist on a mixed objective/subjective test that will represent the 100% of the final grade. To pass the course, the score of the test must be equal to or greater than 5.0 (out of 10).

- If the grade of the written test is equal to or greater than 5,0 (out of 10) but the student didn't attend all the practical sessions, the final grade will be 4.5 (fail).

Part-time students (according to the rules of the UDC):

The same evaluation criteria listed above are applied.

Students with special academic permission (according to the rules of the UDC):

It is not mandatory to attend classroom lectures, to hand-in the supervised projects and to attend the objective tests.

It is compulsory to attend computer practical sessions. It will be tried to fit the dates to the student's availability.

The final grade will be the sum of 10% of the mark obtained in the practical sessions and 90% of the mark obtained in the mixed test. The same criteria will be applied to both opportunities.

Students who has not attended the final exam will be assessed as "non attendance".

Plagiarism and fraud

The rules of the Universidade da Coruña will apply to any fraudalent performance of evaluable activities.

According to article 11 from Regulamento disciplinar do estudantado da UDC, any fraudulent performance in any assessment activity, once verified, will directly involve the qualification of fail (numerical mark 0.0) for the call (both first and second opportunity), thus invalidating any mark obtained in the continuous assessment for any resit in the corresponding academic year.

Sources of information



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	- Página Web del Curso de Química Cuántica del Instituto Tecnológico de Massachusetts MIT (en inglés) ().				
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	- McQUARRIE (2008). QUANTUM CHEMISTRY. University Science Books				
	- LEVINE, I.N. (2001). QUIMICA CUÁNTICA 5ª ed. Prentice Hall				
	- DÍAZ PEÑA,M. ROIG MUNTANER, A. (1988). QUÍMICA FÍSICA. Alhambra				
	- LEVINE, I.N. (2004). FISICOQUÍIMICA 5ª edición. McGraw-Hill				

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Mathematics 1/610G01001	
Mathematics 2/610G01002	
Physics 1/610G01003	
Physics 2/610G01004	
General Chemistry 1/610G01007	
General Chemistry 2/610G01008	
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Physical Chemistry 2/610G01017	

Other comments

Green Campus Faculty of Sciences ProgramTo achieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary works carried out in this subject:a) They will be requested mainly in virtual format and computer support.b) If done on paper:- Plastics will not be used.- Double-sided prints will be made.- Recycled paper will be used.- Drafts will be avoided.Gender pespectiveAs stated in the different regulations for university teaching, the gender perspective must be incorporated in this subject (non-sexist language, bibliography from authors of both sexes, all students will be encouraged to participate in class...). Besides, work will be done to identify and modify prejudices and sexist attitudes and influence the environment to modify them and promote values of respect and equality. In case of detecting situations of discrimination based on gender, actions will be proposed to correct them.



(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.