

	Identifyin	ig Data			2020/21		
Subject (*)	Physical Chemistry 2 Code			610G01017			
Study programme	Grao en Química						
		Descrip	otors				
Cycle	Period	Year	r	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Secor	nd	Obligatory	6		
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish						
Teaching method	Face-to-face						
Prerequisites							
Department	Química						
Coordinador	Fernandez Perez, Maria Isabel		E-mail	isabel.fernandez	.perez@udc.es		
Lecturers	Canle López, Moisés		E-mail	moises.canle@u	udc.es		
	Fernandez Perez, Maria Isabel			isabel.fernandez	.perez@udc.es		
	Santaballa Lopez, Juan Arturo			arturo.santaballa	a@udc.es		
Web	moodle.udc.es/	I					
General description	This subject follows Physical Che	mistry I, and dea	als with the knowle	edge, skills and compe	etencies associated with the		
	interaction of electromagnetic rad	liation, or particle	beams, with matt	er, in terms of the key	aspects of its structural		
	characterization, and the basics o	of the correspond	ling analytical tech	nniques.			
Contingency plan	1. Modifications to the contents						
	Without changes.						
	2. Methodologies						
	*Teaching methodologies that are	e maintained					
	- Simulation (included into the ass	sessment)					
	- Multiple choice test (included int	to the assessmer	nt)				
	? Tutoring						
	*Teaching methodologies that are	e modified					
	- Lectures (on-line teaching)						
	- Lab work (on-line teaching) (incl	luded into the ass	sessment)				
	? Seminars (on-line teaching) (inc	cluded into the as	ssessment)				
	- Final exam (on-line) (included in	to the assessme	ent)				
	3. Mechanisms for personalized a	attention to stude	ents				
	? e-mail: daily, to ask questions a	ind to follow prop	oosed activities.				
	? Moodle: daily, depending on stu						
	? Teams: also to make inquiries, i		v out virtual meeti	ngs to resolve doubts	and monitor the proposed		
	activities.			0			
	4. Modifications in the evaluation						
	Without changes.						
	*Evaluation observations:						
	5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy						
	No changes will be made. They already have related materials in MOODLE and / or in the corresponding Class Notebook						

	Study programme competences / results		
Code	Code Study programme competences / results		
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units		
A7	A7 Knowledge and application of analytical methods		
A8	A8 Knowledge of principles of quantum mechanics and atomic and molecular structure		



A9	Knowledge of structural characteristics of chemical and stereochemical compounds, and basic methods of structural analysis and
	research
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A26	Ability to follow standard laboratory procedures in relation to analysis and synthesis of organic and inorganic systems
A27	Ability to teach chemistry and related subjects at different academic levels
B1	Learning to learn
B2	Effective problem solving
B3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
B6	Ethical, responsible, civic-minded professionalism
B7	Effective workplace communication
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C2	Oral and written proficiency in a foreign language
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C6	Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving
C7	Acceptance as a professional and as a citizen of importance of lifelong learning
C8	Understanding role of research, innovation and technology in socio-economic and cultural development

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study programme		amme
	con	npetenc	es/
	results		
Understand the ways in which the electromagnetic radiation interacts with matter, and consequently the various types of	A1	B1	C1
spectroscopy, as well the analytical and structural information provided by them.	A7	B3	C2
	A8		C3
	A9		C8
	A12		
	A27		
Understand the theoretical aspects of the absorption and emission processes of the electromagnetic radiation, with special	A1	B1	C1
attention to the role of the transition dipole moment.	A7	B2	C2
	A8	B3	C3
	A9		C8
	A12		
	A27		



Understand the theoretical aspects that explain the intensity and the shape of the spectral lines, as well as be able to make	A1	B1	C1
predictions in concrete cases.	A7	B2	C2
	A8	B3	C6
	A9		C8
	A12		
	A14		
	A20		
	A21		
	A27		
Apply the fundamentals of the point group theory in molecular spectroscopy.	A1	B1	C1
Apply the fundamentals of the point group theory in molecular spectroscopy.	A8	B2	C2
	A14	B3	C3
			C6
Understand the theoretical aspects of the different spectroscopy types, as well as the application to structural elucidation and	A1	B1	C1
the techniques of analysis.	A7	B2	C2
	A8	B3	C6
	A9		C8
	A12		
	A14		
	A15		
	A20		
	A21		
	A27		
Practical determination of spectra, their analysis and interpretation: structural and analytical (qualitative and quantitative).	A7	B1	C1
	A12	B2	C2
	A14	B3	C3
	A16	B5	C6
	A19	B6	C7
	A20	B7	C8
	A21		
	A23		
	A24		
	A26		
	A27		
Understand the theoretical and practical aspects of the laser action and its applications, with emphasis to Chemistry.	A1	B1	C1
	A7	B2	C2
	A8	B3	C3
	A9	B5	C6
	A12	B6	C7
	A14	B7	C8
	A15		
	A16		
	A19		
	A19 A20		
	A21		
	A23		
	A24		
	A27		



Understand the theoretical and practical aspects involved in photoelectronic spectroscopy.	A1	B1	C1
	A7	B2	C2
	A8	B3	C3
	A9	B5	C6
	A12	B6	C7
	A14	B7	C8
	A15		
	A16		
	A19		
	A20		
	A21		
	A23		
	A24		
	A27		
Understand and apply basic theoretical and practical aspects of photochemistry: fluorescence and phosphorescence,	A1	B1	C1
Perrin-Jablonski diagram.	A8	B2	C2
	A9	B3	C3
	A12	B5	C6
	A14	B6	C7
	A15	B7	C8
	A16		
	A19		
	A20		
	A21		
	A23		
	A24		
	A26		
	A27		
Understand the theoretical and practical aspects involved in the diffraction methods, with special attention to the elucidation of	A1	B1	C1
cystal structures by X-ray diffraction.	A7	B2	C2
	A8	B3	C3
	A9	B5	C6
	A12	B6	C7
	A14	B7	C8
	A15		
	A16 A19		
	A19 A20		
	A20 A21		
	A21 A23		
	A23 A24		
	A24 A27		
	1741		

Contents	
Торіс	Sub-topic



Introduction to Spectroscopy	Electromagnetic radiation and matter. Resonant and non-resonant processes.
	Radiation-matter interaction: classical approach. Semi-classical approach: Einstein's
	coefficients and dipolar transition moment. Spontaneous emission. Selection rules.
	Spectra types. Intensities of spectral lines and population of the energy levels.
	Bouger-Lambert-Beer law. Width and shape of spectral lines. Fourier transform.
Symmetry & Chemistry	Symmetry elements and operations. Basic properties of point group symmetry. Point
	group representations: reducible and irreducible. Applications in Chemistry.
Rotation spectra	Classification of molecules. Diatomic and linear molecules spectra. Intensity of the
	transitions and energy levels population. Centrifugal distorsion. Molecular structure
	determination. Experimental aspects of microwave spectroscopy: Stark effect and
	dipole moment.
Vibration- rotation spectrum	Diatomic molecules.
	Quantum harmonic oscillator approximation: energy levels. Anharmonicity. Empiric
	potentials. Selection rules. Dissociation energies. Rotation-vibration spectra.
	Polyatomic molecules.
	Classical treatment: normal modes & amp; coordinates. Quantum mechanical
	approach: energy levels. Symmetry considerations. Selection rules. Group
	frequencies. Experimental techniques.
	nequencies. Experimental techniques.
	Raman spectroscopy.
	Molecular polarizability & amp; polarizability tensor. Rayleigh e Raman dispersion:
	classical treatment. Quantum approach. Pure rotation spectra. Rotation-Vibration
	spectra. Experimental techniques.
Electronic spectroscopy	Diatomic molecules. Electronic states. Selection rules. Relative Intensities of Vibronic
	Transitions: Frank-Condon principle. Vibronic structure: progressions. Dissociation
	energy.
	Polyatomic molecules.
	Estructure and electronic states. Selection rules. Spectra of simple molecules.
	Cromophores.
	Photoelectron spectroscopy.
	Ionization processes. Experimental techniques. Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy
Fundamentals of Distachemistry	(UPS). X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS): chemical shift.
Fundamentals of Photochemistry	Fluorescence & amp; Phosphorescence: Jablonski -Perrin diagram. The basic laws of
Drinsislas of Loser On section	photochemistry. Quantum yield. Quenching. Photochemical processes.
Principles of Laser Operation	The laser action. Laser types. Absorption and excitation spectroscopies: laser induced
	fluorescence. Raman spectroscopies.
Magnetic resonance spectroscopies	Nuclear and electronic spin states: selection rules.
	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy (NMR). Chemical shift: contributions to the
	shielding factor. Fine structure splitting, coupling. Fourier transform. Relaxation
	processes.
	Electron spin reconance spectroscopy (ESD): fine and hyperfine atrusture
	Electron spin resonance spectroscopy (ESR): fine and hyperfine structure.
	Experimental techniques and applications.



Diffraction methods	General aspects of diffraction. X-ray diffraction. Bragg & amp; Laue conditions. The	
	structure factor. Crystal structure determination. Fourier synthesis. The phase	
	problem. Neutron diffraction. Electron diffraction in gases. Wierl function & amp; radial	
	distribution function. Experimental techniques.	

Mada ad-t-st ///-	Planning		Otudent0e verse v	Tatallar
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	47.5
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A7 A8 A9 A12 A14	19	28.5	47.5
	A27 B1			
Laboratory practice	A1 A7 A9 A12 A14	10	12.5	22.5
	A15 A16 A19 A20			
	A21 A23 A24 A26			
	A27 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7			
	C6			
Seminar	A1 A8 A9 A12 A14	8	13	21
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A24 A27 B1 B2 B3 B5			
	B7 C1 C2 C6 C7 C8			
Problem solving	A1 A14 A15 A21 A27	9	14	23
	B2 C6			
Oral presentation	A1 A7 A8 A9 A12 A14	2	5.5	7.5
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A24 A27 B2 B3 B5 B6			
	B7 C1 C2 C3 C6 C7			
	C8			
Simulation	A1 A7 A8 A9 A12 A14	2	5	7
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A24 B1 B2 B3 C3 C6			
Workbook	A1 A16 A23 A24 C6	0	6.5	6.5
	C7 C8			
Multiple-choice questions	A1 A8 A9 A12 A14	0	4	4
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A24 A27 B1 B2 B3 B5			
	B7 C1 C2 C3 C7 C8			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A8 A9 A12 A14	3	7	10
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7			
	C1 C2 C3 C6 C7 C8			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies			
Methodologies	Description		
Guest lecture /	Classical lecture format with audiovisual aids. Main theoretical features of each topic will be presented. Students participation		
keynote speech	is encouraged.		
Laboratory practice	Lab work to apply on the theoretical concepts and to acquire the experimental skills associated with them.		
Seminar	This activity will take place in small groups. The aim is to gain insight and to deepen in the lecture topics based on the active		
	participation of students.		
Problem solving	Practical application, numerical and conceptual, of the theoretical knowledge.		



Oral presentation	One of the experiments carried out in the lab, selected by the lecturer, must be orally presented and discussed.
Simulation	Spectra simulation and the corresponding critical analysis to deepen the key concepts. Activity in small groups at the
	computers room.
Workbook	Readings to gain insight in the theoretical concepts.
Multiple-choice	Throughout the course there will be, using the Moodle learning platform, a series of tests to assess learning of concepts, skills,
questions	competencies and skills associated with the subject.
Mixed	Combination of different types of questions: multiple choice, short answer, essay, etc. and numerical problems. Knowledge,
objective/subjective	reasoning, and critical thinking will be assessed.
test	

	Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description		
Simulation	To look for a deeper understanding of the subject content, mainly spectroscopic applications, and to find the best personalized		
Problem solving	strategy in problem solving.		
Seminar			
	Tutoring schedule will be decided at lecturers and students convenience. The plan is to have four sessions, fifteen minutes		
	each, during the term. They take place at the lecturers' offices.		
	Part-time students and those exempted from attending classes must attend personally to, at least, at one tutoring session per		
	seminar in time schedule agreed between lecturer and student. This is complemented by the use of e-tutoring.		

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		
Simulation	A1 A7 A8 A9 A12 A14	Critical analysis of the simulation exercises.	10
	A15 A16 A20 A21		
	A24 B1 B2 B3 C3 C6		
Multiple-choice	A1 A8 A9 A12 A14	Answer to on-line multiple choice tests and/or completion of other on-line activities by	15
questions	A15 A16 A20 A21	the corresponding deadlines.	
	A24 A27 B1 B2 B3 B5		
	B7 C1 C2 C3 C7 C8		
Oral presentation	A1 A7 A8 A9 A12 A14	Content	10
	A15 A16 A20 A21	Verbal skills	
	A24 A27 B2 B3 B5 B6	Non-verbal skills	
	B7 C1 C2 C3 C6 C7	Ability to answer questions on the presentation.	
	C8		
Seminar	A1 A8 A9 A12 A14	Active participation	10
	A15 A16 A20 A21		
	A24 A27 B1 B2 B3 B5		
	B7 C1 C2 C6 C7 C8		
Laboratory practice	A1 A7 A9 A12 A14	Operational aspects.	15
	A15 A16 A19 A20	Lab notebook.	
	A21 A23 A24 A26	Critical analysis of the lab results	
	A27 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7	Written report	
	C6		



Mixed	A1 A8 A9 A12 A14	Final exam with two parts. One, the theoretical one (50%) which includes multiple	40
objective/subjective	A15 A16 A20 A21	choice questions, short answer and/or essay type, and, second, the numerical	
test	A24 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7	problems part (50%).	
	C1 C2 C3 C6 C7 C8		

Assessment comments

Knowledge, the ability of: critical thinking, synthesis, comparison, processing, concepts application and originality of the student will be assessed. Grading system. The Spanish grading system will be used as follows: Spanish Grade Definition ECTS Grade Definition. 10 Matrícula de Honor A+ Top Qualification 9 -10 Sobresaliente A Highest 10% 7 ? 8.9 Notable B Next 20% 5 ? 6.9 Aprobado C-D Next 65% 0 ? 4.9 Suspenso FX-F Not Pass Attendance. It is strongly sugested the attendance at all activities. Attendance at all laboratory sessions is mandatory. Non attendance implies not pass, fail with cero over ten, the subject. First opportunity. At least a grade of 4.5 over ten in each of the two parts of the final exam and lab work is required to take into consideration the rest of the assessable activities. Second opportunity. Activities subject to assessment graded below 4.5 over ten must be delivered again -but those related to seminars and lab sessions-, as well as redo the part(s) of the final exam with a mark below 4.5 over ten. In both oportunities, in spite of getting a mark of five or above, over ten, by using the weighted average, the final mark will be 4.5 if a least a grade of 4.5 over ten is not obtained in each of the two parts of the final exam and lab work and/or a grade below 4.5 over ten in the rest of each assessable activities. In both opportunities, a final grade of five over ten is required to pass the subject. The final grade is calculated by considering all assessable activities and applying the weights indicated above. Matricula de Honor (MH). An extra exam will be carried out in case of the number of student students, eligible for Matrícula de Honor, is greater than the number of allowed MHs. Students assessed in the second opportunity could also be eligible for Matrícula de Honor if the maximum allowed number of MHs has not been fully covered in the first opportunity. No presentado grade. Students who have participated in scheduled assessment activities whose sum is less than 50% of the final mark will be graded as no presentado, except they achieved a mark of five over ten in the lab work. Next academic courses. As regard to next academic courses, everything starts again with the new course, but the lab work if it was graded with five over ten. Such exemption, if it is offered, must be requested by the student within the estblished term. Part-time students and those exempted from attending classes. Prevoius criteria also apply, but those related to attending and participating in seminars. In this case students will have available seminar activities which must be delivered/uploaded as timely indicated by electronic means. Complement in doctorate studies. The mark will be PASS or FAIL.

Sources of information



Basic	- Atkins, Peter W. (2014). Atkins' Physical Chemistry. Oxford : Oxford University Press		
	- Atkins, Peter W. (2008). Química física. Buenos Aires : Médica Panamericana		
	- Luis Carballeira Ocaña & amp; Ignacio Pérez Juste (2008). Problemas de Espectroscopía Molecular . Oleiros :		
	Netbiblo		
	- Levine, Ira N. (2004). Fisicoquímica. Madrid : McGrawhill		
	Además das fontes indicadas neste apartado, e no seguinte, poderán suxerirse na plataforma de teleformación		
	MOODLE,outras que ó longo do curso se consideren interesantes.		
Complementary	- Andrew Gilbert & amp; Jim Baggott (1991). Essentials of molecular photochemistry Oxford ; Boston : Blackwell		
	Scientific Publications		
	- S. F. A. Kettle (2007). Symmetry and structure : readable group theory for chemists John Wiley		
	- D. C. Harris (1989). Symmetry and spectroscopy an introduction to vibrational and electronic spectroscopy. New		
	York : Dover		
	- P. R. Griffiths (2007). Fourier transform infrared spectrometry John Wiley & amp; Sons		
	- G. Socrates (2005). Infrared and raman characteristic group frequencies tables and charts John Wiley & amp; Son		
	- A. M. Ellis (2005). Electronic and photoelectron spectroscopy fundamentals and case studies Cambridge University		
	Press		
	- J. R. Albani (2007). Principles and applications of fluorescence spectroscopy. Oxford : Blackwell		
	- C. Gell (2006). Handbook of single molecule fluorescence spectroscopy. Oxford University Press		
	- Helmet H. Telle, Angel Gonzalez Ureña, Robert J. Donovan (2007). Laser chemistry : spectroscopy, dynamics and		
	applications West Sussex : John Wiley & amp; Sons		
	- T. N. Mitchell (2004). NMRfrom spectra to structures: an experimental approach. Berlin: Springer		
	- B. Metin (2005). Basic ¹ H-and ¹³ C-NMR spectroscopy. Amsterdam : Elsevier		
	- Françoise Hippert et al. (2006). Neutron and x-ray spectroscopy. Dordrecht : Springer		
	- R. Jenkins (1996). Introduction to X-ray powder diffractometry. New York : John Wiley & amp; Sons		
	- (2005). International tables for crystallography. Volume A, Space-group symmetry. Dordrecht : Springer		
	- Alberto Reguena Rodríguez & amp; José Zúñiga Román (2004). Espectroscopia. Pearson Educación, S.A.		
	- Víctor Luaña, V. M. García Fernández, E. Francisco & amp; J. M. Recio (2002). Espectroscopía molecular		
	Universidad de Oviedo, Servicio de Publicaciones		
	- J. R. Lakowicz (2006). Principles of fluorescence spectroscopy. New York : Springer		
	- J. Michael Hollas (2004). Modern Spectroscopy. Hoboken (New Jersey) : John Wiley & amp; Sons		
	- Alberto Requena & amp; José Zúñiga (2007). Química Física : problemas de espectroscopia : fundamentos, átomos		
	y moléculas diatómicas Madrid : Pearson Educación		
	- J. Keeler (2010). Understanding NMR spectroscopy Chichester : John Wiley and Sons		
	- Carol E. Wayne & amp; Richard P. Wayne (1996). Photochemistry. Oxford : Oxford University Press		
	- Ooi, Li-ling (2010). Principles of x-ray crystallography. Oxford : Oxford University Press		
	- http://www.spectroscopynow.com/ ().		
	- http://photobiology.info/ ().		
	- http://nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/ ().		
	- http://www.johnkyrk.com/photosynthesis.html ().		
	- http://micro.magnet.fsu.edu/optics/timeline/people/jablonski.html ()		
	- http://ozonewatch.gsfc.nasa.gov/ ()		
	- http://www.nist.gov/ ()		
	- http://www.ch.ic.ac.uk/local/symmetry ()		

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before



Mathematics 1/610G01001
Mathematics 2/610G01002
Physics 1/610G01003
Physics 2/610G01004
Biology/610G01005
Geology/610G01006
General Chemistry 1/610G01007
General Chemistry 2/610G01008
General Chemistry 3/610G01009
Chemistry Laboratory 1/610G01010
Analytical Chemistry 1/610G01011
Physical Chemistry 1/610G01016
Inorganic Chemistry 1/610G01021
Organic Chemistry 1/610G01026
Chemistry, Information and Society/610G01031
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Chemistry Laboratory 2/610G01032
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Physical Chemistry 3/610G01018
Experimental Physical Chemistry/610G01019
Advanced Physical Chemistry/610G01020
Final Dissertation/610G01043
Other comments

It is strongly recommended to study regularly the theoretical concepts explained in the lectures, and, at the same time, to answer the questions and to solve the numerical problems proposed along the course. Handouts should never replace the recommended reference material. It could be very HELPFUL the use of the tutorships to clarify doubts and to deepen the knowledge associated with the subject.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.