

		Teaching Guide				
	Identifying Data					
Subject (*)	Experimental Physical Chemistry		Code	610G01019		
Study programme	Grao en Química					
		Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Third	Obligatory	6		
Language	SpanishEnglish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química					
Coordinador	Vilariño Barreiro, Maria Teresa E-mail teresa.vilarino@udc.es			udc.es		
Lecturers	Barriada Pereira, José Luis	E-ma	ail jose.barriada@u	dc.es		
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Web	campusvirtual.udc.es	!				
General description	Integrated laboratory with special emphasis on applications of the main instrumental techniques.			niques.		
	The course explores the experimental methodology of Physical Chemistry and it is intended to enable students to interpret					
	the experimental results from the theoretical models developed in the previous course of Physical Chemistry 3. The					
	development of critical thinking that allows integrating the theoretical experiment is a very important aspect in the overall					
	education of a chemist. Moreover, it introduces students to the management of the most common instrumental techniques					
	in any chemistry laboratory. (English lecturers: Teresa Vilariño/José Luis Barriada)					

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A5	Understanding of principles of thermodynamics and its applications in chemistry
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A17	Ability to work safely in a chemistry laboratory (handling of materials, disposal of waste)
A18	Risk management in relation to use of chemical substances and laboratory procedures
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
B2	Effective problem solving
B3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results



To acquire practical skills needed for experimental quantification of the thermodynamic and electrochemical properties of	A17	B2	C3
chemical systems.	A18	B3	
	A19		
	A22		
To acquire skills in the treatment of the measurements in the laboratory and skill in the use of software to carry out the	A20	B2	
analysis of experimental data.	A21	B3	
	A22		
To acquire practical skills in the application of instrumental techniques most commonly used in chemistry to the study of	A19	B2	
systems of physicochemical interest.	A22	B3	
To analyze and interpret the result of a chemical experiment from fundamental theoretical concepts of Physical Chemistry.	A5	B2	
	A14	B3	
	A20		
	A21		
	A22		
To write a comprehensive report of experimental work using appropriate scientific language.	A1	B3	C1
	A16	B4	C3
	A20		
To learn how to search, use and cite required bibliographic information.	A16	B4	C3
		B5	

	Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic		
Chemical Thermodynamics practical demonstrations that do	1. Partial molal volumes of a binary mixture.		
not require instrumental techniques	2. Molecular masses by cryoscopy measurements.		
	3. Activity of an electrolyte by cryoscopy measurements.		
	4. Molecular masses by distillation of mixture of two immiscible liquids.		
	5. Phase diagram of a ternary system.		
	6. Determination of the equilibrium constant.		
	7. Determination of heat of solution for benzoic acid by solubility measurements.		
	8. Partition coefficient. Application to the calculation of an equilibrium constant.		
	9. Determination of the solubility of a compound sparingly soluble in several saline		
	media. Common ion effect and salting effect.		
	10. Chemical equilibrium. Determination of DG0, DH0 and DS0.		
	11. Diagram of solid-liquid phase of a binary system.		
Chemical Thermodynamics practical demonstrations that	12. Determination of the phase diagram of a vapor-liquid binary system.		
ncorporate instrumental techniques	13. Spectrophotometric determination of the equilibrium constant of an indicator.		
	14. Characterization of a coordination compound by spectrophotometric		
	measurements.		
	15. Potentiometric determination of the dissociation product of water by Gran's		
	method.		
	16. Dye adsorption isotherms.		

	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Seminar	A5	4	3	7
Laboratory practice	A1 A14 A16 A17 A18	56	84	140
	A19 A20 A22 B3 B4			
	B5 C1 C3			



Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A5 A14 A20 A21	3	0	3
	B2 B3 C3			
Personalized attention		0		0
(A) The information in the algorithm table is for a				1 4

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies			
Methodologies	Description			
Seminar	Practical experiments to perform are proposed. These experiments are related to the theoretical contents of Physical			
	Chemistry 3 subject. Different experimental methodologies are proposed and a specific experimental procedure is discussed.			
Laboratory practice	Each student is assigned a certain number of practical experiments to be performed individually. The experiments will be			
	indicated in advance in order to prepare both the theoretical background and experimental procedure before going into the lab.			
	During the laboratory work, the student must show a responsible attitude in relation with both the safety regulations and the			
	methodology and rigour of the scientific method.			
	The experimental results of each experiment should be analyzed and discussed adequately, being neccesary the use of			
	computer resources.			
	Each student must hand in a written report of each of the experiments done. This report must contain all the experimental			
	data, its analysis and the critical discussion of the results obtained. The report must be written following the guidelines of a			
	scientific report.			
Mixed	Assessment of all the contents worked on the subject, both the theoretical background and the experimental contents, related			
objective/subjective	with the procedure, the analysis of data and the discussion of the results.			
test				

	Personalized attention		
Methodologies	dologies Description		
Laboratory practice	Solving any doubts individually and guiding the student in relation to course content.		
	Part-time students and those with special academic leave permission could ask for presential or email tutorials when necessary.		

	Assessment		
Methodologies	Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
_aboratory practice	A1 A14 A16 A17 A18	The assessment of laboratory practices includes:	50
	A19 A20 A22 B3 B4	1) Continuous assessment of the work done by the student in the laboratory,	
	B5 C1 C3	considering the skills and knowledge achieved, the answers to the questions made	
		during the lab, as well as the experimental data, its analysis and discussion.	
		The lack of knowledge and/or attitude during the experimental work in the lab will be	
		reason for expulsion from the lab.	
		It is compulsory to complete the whole period of laboratory sessions to pass the	
		subject.	
		2) The report prepared for each one of the experiments carried out, which must	
		include all the experimental data, its analysis and the critical discussion of the results	
		obtained. In addition, the report must be written following the guidelines of a scientific	
		report.	



Mixed	A1 A5 A14 A20 A21	Written test to evaluate the contents of the subject, both the theoretical background of	50
objective/subjective	B2 B3 C3	the experiments and the analysis and discussion of the experimental results.	
test		It constitutes 50% of the final grade at the first opportunity, but students must obtain a	
		minimum of 3.5 points out of 10 in the written test to pass the course.	
		In the second opportunity, the written test will represent 100% of the final grade.	
		·	
		Assessment comments	
Attendance at all semi	nars and practices is cor	npulsory for the student to pass the course.	
First opportunity asses	ssment:		
The			
student pass the subj	ect when the average of	the marks obtained in the different methodologies of assessment is equal to or greater that	an 5.0 points
out of 10 and the mark	obtained in the written t	est is equal or greater than 3.5 points out of 10.	
The student fail the su	bject in case of not achie	eving the minimum mark in the written test	
(3.5), although the av	erage of the assessment	methodologies was equal to or	
	subject appears as failed		
The final mark could b	e scaled up to a maximu	m of 0.5 points as a result of the evaluation of the overall student's progression.	
	•		

A grade of NP ("absent") will only be given to the students who do not engage in any practice session in the lab.

Second opportunity assessement:

Students who do

not pass the continuous assessment of the practical work in the

laboratory must pass an experimental test at the lab.

The

students who pass the continuous assessment of the practical work in

the laboratory will have to pass a test in the classroom that will represent 100% of the final grade.

Students evaluated in the "second opportunity" will only be eligible for

Honors if the maximum number of licenses for the corresponding course

has not been fully covered in the "first opportunity"

Should it be more candidates to honors grade than licenses available, allocation of licenses could be done through a extraordinary exam.

The teaching-learning process, including assessment, refers to an

academic course and, therefore, will restart as new with every new

academic year, including all activities and assessment procedures

scheduled for that course.

Early examination call of December

- To pass the course, it is compulsory for students to have attended all the practical sessions in a previous academic year.

- The examination will consist on a practical exam in the lab and it will epresent the 100% of the final grade. To pass the course, the score of the exam must be equal to or greater than 5.0 (out of 10).

Part-time students and students with special academic permission (according to the rules of the UDC):

Being an experimental subject, assistance to all activities is mandatory. As far as possible, it will be tried to fit the schedule of the practical sessions to the availability of students.

The evaluation criteria for both the first and the second opportunity, will be the same as for the rest of the students.

Any fraudulent performance in any evaluation activity, once verified, will directly involve the qualificaction of fail (0) in the subject in the corresponding call, thus invalidating any mark obtained in the continuous assessment for any resit.

Sources of information



Basic	- Matthews, G.P (1985). Experimental Physical Chemistry. Boston. Oxford Science Pub			
	- Shoemaker, D.P.; Garland, G.W.; Nibler, J.W. (2009). Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8ª ed McGraw-Hill			
	- Sime, R.J (1990). Physical Chemistry: Methods, techniques, experiments Philadelphia. Saunders College			
	Publishing			
	- Ruix Sánchez, J.J.; Rodríguez Mellado, J.M.; Muñoz Gutiérrez, E., Sevilla Suárez de Urbina, J.M. (2003). Curso			
	experimental en Química Física. Síntesis			
	- Denbigh, K. (1985). Equilibrio Químico . Madrid. AC			
	- Levine, I.N. (2004). Fisicoquímica . McGraw-Hill			
	- Levine, I.N. (2014). Principios de Fisicoquímica. McGraw-Hill			
Complementary	- Sime, R.J. (2005). Physical chemistry calculations with Excel, Visual Basic, Visual Basic with applications, Mathcad,			
	Mathmatica. San Francisco: Pearson			

	Recommendations
Subje	ects that it is recommended to have taken before
Chemistry Laboratory 1/610G01010	
Physical Chemistry 3/610G01018	
Chemistry Laboratory 2/610G01032	
Subjects	s that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Physical Chemistry 3/610G01018	
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Advanced Physical Chemistry/610G01020	
	Other comments
Green Campus Faculty of Sciences ProgramTo achi	ieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with point 6 of the "Environmental
Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)",the do	ocumentary works carried out in this subject: a) They will be requested mainly in virtual

Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary works carried out in this subject: & https://www.analytic.com/analytic.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.