

		Teaching	g Guide		
	Identifying Data 2023/24				
Subject (*)	Animal Physiology II Code			610G02036	
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía				
		Descr	iptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Thi	ird	Obligatory	6
Language	GalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Bioloxía				
Coordinador	Álvarez Bermúdez, María E-mail maria.alvarez.bermudez@udc.es				
Lecturers	Álvarez Bermúdez, María E-mail maria.alvarez.bermudez@udc.es		ermudez@udc.es		
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Web	ciencias.udc.es				
General description	- Animals as an open and integrate	ed system.			
	- Regulation of its functions and pr	operties.			
	- Macro regulatory systems.				
	- The nervous system and its infor	mation integra	tive function.		
- Sensory Physiology: sensory systems.					
	- Endocrine system and the regula	tion of the me	tabolism.		
	- Physiology of reproduction.				
- Comparative Physiology.					

	Study programme competences		
Code	Study programme competences		
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.		
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar especímenes.		
A10	Avaliar actividades metabólicas.		
A17	Realizar bioensaios e diagnósticos biolóxicos.		
A18	Levar a cabo estudos de produción e mellora animal e vexetal.		
A19	Analizar e interpretar o comportamento dous seres vivos.		
A21	Deseñar modelos de procesos biolóxicos.		
A26	Deseñar experimentos, obter información e interpretar os resultados.		
A28	Desenvolver e implantar sistemas de xestión relacionados coa Bioloxía.		
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.		
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.		
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.		
B1	Aprender a aprender.		
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.		
B3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.		
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.		
B5	Traballar en colaboración.		
B6	Organizar e planificar o traballo.		
B7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.		
B8	Sintetizar a información.		
B9	Formarse unha opinión propia.		
B11	Debater en público.		

Learning outcomes



Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	amm
	cor	npeten	ces
To acquire basic knowledge to understand the physiology of animals as a system, including experimental animal managing,	A1	B1	
cultures, production, etc., as well as to value the incident of possible environmental changes.	A10	B3	
	A19	B8	
	A21	B9	
	A26		
	A28		
	A29		
	A30		
	A31		
Development of skills related with intensive and extensive cultures in a laboratory.	A4	B2	
	A10	B3	
	A17	B4	
	A18	B6	
	A26		
	A28		
	A30		
	A31		
Be able to define terms, abstraction and managing of information from different origins (bibliography, experimental, virtual,	A26	B5	
etc.).	A29	B6	
		B8	
		B11	
Norkshops and skills related with work in group as well as design, elaboration and presentations of works.	A29	B5	
		B6	
		B7	
		B8	
		B11	

Торіс

Contents

Sub-topic



REGULATORY SYSTEMS.	Unit 1 General functions and characteristics of the nervous system: the nervous
Nervous System. Units 1 to 3. Overview, types, organization	system as information integrator. Anatomical synopsis and nervous systems types.
and function. Nervous System of Vertebrates. Interneuronal	Cellular organization of the nervous system. Types of nerve cells. Citophysiology of
communication. Synapses.	neuron and glia cells.
	Unit 2 The Nervous System of Vertebrates.
	 Central Nervous System (CNS) the spinal cord and brain. Levels of integration. 2) Peripheral SN: afferent and efferent pathways. 2.1.) Somatic Nervous System (SNS). 2.2) Autonomic Nervous System (ANS): sympathetic division and parasympathetic division. Functional characteristics of each division. Neurotransmitters and Receptors. Autonomic reflex arc. Organs stimulation by the ANS. Control of integration processes: regulation of SNA by SN Central.
	Unit 3 Interneuronal communication: synapses. Electrical synapses. Chemical synapses. The neuromuscular junction. Excitation and inhibition. functional associations of neurons. Neurotransmitters: types and functional characteristics.
Sensory Physiology: Units 4-9.	Unit 4 Sensory systems. Sensory Receptors: concept and features. Receptor types
Sensory Receptors. Concept, types and features. Somatic	and general properties of the receptor organs: specificity and adaptation. Receptor
sensitivity. Photoreception. Phonoreception. Chemoreception.	potential.
	Unit 5 Somatic sensitivity (I). Tactile receptors: touch, pressure and vibration
	sensations. Thermoreceptors and temperature sensitivity. Pain reception:
	physiological basis and receptors. Mechanisms of analgesia. Sensory pathways of the Central Nervous System: Posterior column pathway. Spinothalamic pathway.
	Unit 6 Somatic Sensitivity (II). Position sense or proprioception. Muscle and joint receptors, muscle spindle and Golgi organ. Invertebrate proprioception. Position and balance control. Statocysts. Vestibular organs and receptors.
	Unit 7 Photoreception. Basic types of photoreceptors. Photoreception and orientation
	to light in invertebrates. Ocelli. The compound eye of arthropods. The vertebrate eye.
	Anatomophysiology of the retina. Receptor cells and nerve cells. Mechanism of light
	transduction by the visual pigments. Analysis of visual information. Receptive fields.
	Neural integration of information. The perception of colors.
	Unit 8Phonoreception. Perception and production of sounds by Invertebrates.
	Anatomy of the auditory system of Vertebrates. Organ of Corti and receptor cells.
	Transduction of sounds. Neural pathway and hearing information processing. The basilar membrane and the perception of frecuencies.
	The mechanism of Echolocation. Groups of animals with echolocation. Special
	anatomical structures. Evolutionary perspective.
	The lateral line. Features and receptor cells. Main functions and perception of the
	environment.
	Unit 0. Chamaragantian The general shaminal same Divisials as of Tests
	Unit 9 Chemoreception. The general chemical sense. Physiology of Taste. Physiology of Smell. Chemoreception in aquatic animals.
	r hysiology of official. Official official aqualic animals.



Effectors and motor coordination: Units 10 to 12. Skeletal Unit 10.-Physiology of movement (I). Effectors. Muscle fiber as base of movement. muscle. Contraction mechanism. Smooth and cardiac muscle. Structure and function of muscle. Sliding filament theory. Contraction mechanism. Physiochemistry of skeletal muscle fiber contraction. Excitation- contraction coupling. Spinal cord and cortical movement control. Motor control by the brainstem, basal ganglia and cerebellum. Other effectors: Smooth muscle physiology. Cardiac muscle physiology. bioelectricity and bioluminescence. Unit 11.- Physiology of movement (II). Motility. Levels of coordination. Integration of muscle activity in the spinal cord: the reflex arc. Types of reflexes. Cortical control of muscle activity: pyramidal tract. Extrapyramidal tract. Brainstem. Basal ganglia. The cerebellum and the movement control. Unit 12.- Other effectors: bioelectricity and bioluminescence. Electric organs and electroreception: functional significance. Mechanisms of light output: luminescent organs and structures. Symbiotic bacteria; intra and extracellular luminescence. Functional significance of bioluminescence.



REGULATORY SYSTEMS.	Unit 13 The Endocrine System and its role in the homeostasis regulation.
	Mechanisms of chemical regulation. Chemical messengers: Hormones. Endocrine
Endocrine system. Units 13 to 22. Chemical communication.	glands and tissues. Classification and types of hormones. Mechanisms of hormonal
Endocrine glands and tissues. Hormones. Functions and	action. Neurosecretion. Neuroendocrine integration.
regulation. Endocrine control of reproduction.	
	Unit 14 General organization of the pituitary. Adenohypophysis: synthesis, secretion
	and function of the anterior pituitary hormones. Growth hormone (GH). The
	hypothalamus-pituitary system. Hypothalamic control of the adenohypophysis:
	hypothalamic hormones. Neurohypophysis: synthesis, secretion and function of
	neurohypophyseal hormones. antidiuretic hormone (ADH) and oxytocin.
	Unit 15 The intermediate lobe of the pituitary and the physiology of color changes:
	the stimulating melanophores hormone MSH. Pineal gland: synthesis, secretion and
	function of melatonin. Pigmentary effector cells: physiology of color changes and
	regulatory factors. Types of chromatophores.
	Unit 16 Thyroid Gland. Thyroid hormones. Main actions of thyroid hormones. Effect
	on metabolism. Involvement in the thermogenic response. Other effects of thyroid
	hormones. Regulation of secretion.
	Unit 17Calcium metabolism and bone formation. Parathyroid hormone (PTH),
	calcitonin (CA) and cholecalciferol (D3). The thymus gland.
	Unit 18 Adrenal glands. 1) Adrenal cortex: glucocorticoids, mineralocorticoids,
	adrenal androgens and estrogens. Functions of glucocorticoids. Regulation of
	secretion. Mineralocorticoid: Aldosterone. 2) Adrenal medulla: synthesis, secretion
	and function of catecholamines.
	Unit 19 Endocrine pancreas: insulin, glucagon and somatostatin. Functions.
	Regulation of secretion. Importance of regulation of glycemia.
	Unit 20 Endocrine systems of Invertebrates. General model of the endocrine system
	of Invertebrates. Endocrine mechanisms and processes under hormonal control:
	endocrine control of development and molting by Insects.
	Unit 21Endocrine control of reproduction (I). Sex hormones. Prenatal sexual
	differentiation of the genital tract. Male reproductive system and testicular androgens
	Female reproductive system. Ovarian hormones and their regulation. Female
	reproductive cycles: ovarian cycle and uterine cycle.
	Unit 22 Endocrine control of reproduction (II). Fertilization. Pregnancy and hormone
	during pregnancy. Birth: mechanical factors and hormonal factors. Lactation and its
	homonal control.

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A19 A29 B1 B3 B6	28	40	68
	B8 B9			



Personalized attention		3	0	3
	B8 B9			
Objective test	A1 A18 A29 B1 B3 B4	3	35	38
	A29 B1 B2 B3 B8 B9			
Short answer questions	A4 A10 A17 A26 A28	1	7	8
	B8 B9 B11			
	A29 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7			
Seminar	A18 A19 A21 A28	8	10	18
	B11			
	B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9			
	A29 A30 A31 B1 B2			
Laboratory practice	A4 A10 A17 A26 A28	15	0	15

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Fifty minutes oral presentation of the material explaining the theoretical aspects of the program by using PowerPoint
keynote speech	presentations that students will be able to download from moodle. The objective of these sessions is to transmit the knowledge
	about the topic treated helping with pictures and squemes so the students can learn easier.
Laboratory practice	Laboratory practices with OBLIGATORY CHARACTER in meetings of 4 hours, developing approximately 6-7 practices (1 or 2
	for session).
	They imply animal managing and/or virtual managing of laboratoy experiments with animals, in order to study different
	functions and reactions of the body.
Seminar	Reduced groups of students will allow to further explain basic knowledge or extend in some cases the theory from the lectures
	to learn complementary concepts. We will also so some practical work about the theory.
	Discussions among students will be wellcome during these seminars and they will also permorm group-works. Active
	participation will be positively evaluated
Short answer	Final test at the end of the practises about the contents.
questions	
Objective test	Final test at the end of the lessons. This exam will evaluate the contents of the subject, seminars and practises.

Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description		
Guest lecture /	The student will have personalized explanations with the proffesor previous appointment and as many as the student needs.		
keynote speech			
Laboratory practice	For the following students: ?Alumnado con recoñecemento de dedicación a tempo parcial e dispensa académica de exención		
Seminar	de asistencia?, they will have in addition personalized attention about the seminars they couldn't atted and additional		
	explanations about the practices they couldn't perform in order to facilitate the comprehension and help to prepare the exam.		

	Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification	
Laboratory practice	A4 A10 A17 A26 A28	OBLIGATOY to asist in order to pass the subject. They will be evaluated with a	0	
	A29 A30 A31 B1 B2	objective test. Qualification of the practices will be keep for 3 years.		
	B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9			
	B11			



Objective test	A1 A18 A29 B1 B3 B4	There will be a final test about the theory of the program at the end of the four-month	50
	B8 B9	period. The test will be composed by short questions.	
		IT IS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN A MINIMUM of 4.0 points over 10 to pass the	
		objective test.	
Seminar	A18 A19 A21 A28	Discussions, tests and activities related with the theory, developed by groups. The	35
	A29 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7	qualification of the seminars will be individual and will depend on the participation /	
	B8 B9 B11	contribution / exercises / tests made by the student. Not comming to a seminar will	
		have a qualification of 0 points.	
Short answer	A4 A10 A17 A26 A28	Final test at the end of the practises about the contents. Qualification of practises will	15
questions	A29 B1 B2 B3 B8 B9	take in account both the questionaire made by the students during practises and the	
		short test	
Others			

Assessment comments

The final qualification will take in account the acquired knowledge of the theoretical program, the practical activities of laboratory and the assistance to seminars. The comprehension and capacity of synthesis, as well as the acquired skills will be evaluated.

-NOT PRESENTED (NP) will be the qualification of those students who do not take the test/exam.

-FAIL or 'SUSPENSO' will be the qualification of those students who take the exam but didn't reach the minimum final qualification required to pass (see above in qualification).

-Students taking the second opportunity of evaluation and they didn't go to practises or they failed the exam, will have to pass an additional test about the practices and they must obtain in these questions a minimal qualification of 5.

-For the following students: ?Alumnado con recoñecemento de dedicación a tempo parcial e dispensa académica de exención de asistencia? who couldn't attend to practices, they will have to pass an additional test about the practices and they must obtain in these questions a minimal qualification of 5.

-Students with less than 4.0 in the objective test and 5 or more as total qualification, will figure with 4.9 officially.

-The early examination in December will follow the teaching guide for the current course. The fraudulent performance of tests or evaluation activities will directly involve the qualification of '0' in the subject thus invalidating any qualifications obtained in all evaluation activities.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Guyton, A.C. & amp; J.E. Hall (2006). Tratado de Fisiología Médica (11ª ed.). Ed. Interamericana McGraw-Hill
	- Hill, R.W., G.A. Wyse & amp; M. Anderson (2006). Fisiología Animal. Ed. Panamericana
	- Liem, K.F., Bemis, W.E., Walker, W.F. & amp; L. Grande (2001). Functional anatomy of the Vertebrates: an
	evolutionary perspective Fort Worth: Harcourt College
	- Moyes, C.H. & amp; P.M. Schulte (2007). Principios de Fisiología Animal. Ed. Pearson Education
	- Nation, J.L. (2008). Insect Physiology and Biochemistry (2 ^a ed). CRC Press
	- Norris, D.O. & amp; J.A. Carr (2013). Vertebrate Endocrinology (5ª Ed.). Academic Press, Elsevier
	- Purves, D., Augustine, G., Fitzpatrick, D., Hall, W., Lamantia, A-S., McNamara, J. & amp; S. Williams (2007).
	Neurociencia. Ed. Panamericana
	- Randall; D., W. Burggren & amp; K. French (2002). Eckert. Animal Physiology: mechanisms and adaptations (5ºed.).
	Ed. McGraw-Hill - Interamericana
	- Schmidt-Nielsen, K. (1997). Animal physiology. Adaptation and environment (5ª ed.). Ed. Cambridge University
	Press
	- Silverthorn, D.U. (2014). Fisiología Humana. Un enfoque integrado (6ª ed.) Ed. Panamericana
	- Tresguerres, J.A.F. (2005). Fisiología humana (3ª ed.) . Ed. McGraw-Interamericana.
	- Willmer, P., G. Stone & amp; I. Johnston (2000). Environmental Physiology of Animals. Ed. Blackwell Science Ltd.



Complementary	- BERTA, A., SUMICH, J.L. & amp; K.M. KOVACS (2006). Marine Mammals: Evolutionary Biology (2nd ed.)
	Burlington: Academic Press
	- CHOWN, S.L. & amp; S.W. NICOLSON (2004). Insect physiological ecology. Mechanisms and patterns. Oxford
	University Press
	- Daly, H.V., Doyen, J.T. & amp; A.H. Purcel (1998). Introduction to Insect Biology and Diversity 2ª ed. Oxford
	University Press
	- DEHNHARDT, G. (2002). Sensory systems. In: Marine Mammalian Biology. An evolutionary approach Hoelzel, A.R.
	(ed) Oxford Blackwell Science
	- EVANS, D.E. & amp; J.B. CLAIRBONE (2006). The physiology of fishes Boca Raton: CRC Press
	- KARDONG, K.V., (2007). Vertebrados: anatomía comparada, función, evolución. Madrid: MacGraw-Hill
	Interamericana.
	- ()

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Microscopic Organography/610G02009 Biochemistry I/610G02011 Biochemistry II/610G02012 Zoology I/610G02031

Zoology II/610G02032 Animal Physiology I/610G02035

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

-The oral lectures about the program are not obligatory but assistance is encouraged.-It is also important the frequent use of the moodle plataform to folow the progress and news related with the subject.-It is important a good writing and a good presentation of a inform/portfolio.-It is recommended to manage basic informatic, text processing or presentation software. -Basic level of english is also useful. -Green Campus Program Faculty of ScienceIn order to help achieve an immediate sustainable environment, the documentary work carried out on this topic should follow point 6 of the "Environmental Statement of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)":a. Will be requested mostly in virtual format and computer support.b. If carried out on paper:- Plastics shall not be used.- Double-sided printing shall be carried out.- Recycled paper will be used.- Drafts shall be avoided.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.