



Teaching Guide				
Identifying Data				2018/19
Subject (*)	Paleobiology	Code		610G02043
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía			
Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Fourth	Optional	6
Language	SpanishEnglish			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	Física e Ciencias da Terra			
Coordinador	Bao Casal, Roberto	E-mail	roberto.bao@udc.es	
Lecturers	Bao Casal, Roberto	E-mail	roberto.bao@udc.es	
Web	campusvirtual.udc.es/moodle/			
General description	<p>Paleobiology studies biological processes occurring at geological time scales. After introducing the main features of the fossil record, other aspects, such as the analysis of organic form, the role of the fossil record on the development of modern Evolutionary Theory, or the analysis of paleoecological and paleobiogeographical processes from an evolutionary perspective are considered. An specific section is reserved for an overview of the evolution of biodiversity over geologic time, establishing the different relationships that allow us to understand our planet as a system.</p> <p>The subject has a strong conceptual focus, leaving more descriptive issues (Systematic Paleontology) for the laboratory sessions.</p>			

Study programme competences	
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.
A2	Identificar organismos.
A3	Recoñecer, obter, analizar e interpretar evidencias paleontolóxicas.
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar espécimes.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme competences	
To understand the concept of deep (geologic) time		A3 A29	B1
To understand the processes of fossilization and the biases of the fossil record as an indicator of ancient biospheres		A2	B1
To understand how biological processes occurring at geological time scales, such as evolution or mass extinctions, cannot always be understood as simple extrapolations of processes taking place at present times		A2	B1 B2
To expand our understanding of Evolutionary Theory from a multidisciplinary perspective		A3	B1 B2
To know the fossil groups that make up the fossil record and their practical uses		A1 A2 A3 A4	B1 B2
To identify the main bioevents in the history of the Earth, their causes and aftermath		A2 A3	B1 B2



To synthesize knowledge from a long array of subjects such as Geology, Ecology, Microbiology, Biochemistry, Botany or Zoology in the framework of an ever changing Earth

A2
A3
A29

B1
B2

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic
SECTION-1.	HISTORY AND CONCEPT OF PALEOBIOLOGY
Lesson 1. An introduction to Paleobiology	1.1 Introduction 1.2 Theoretical and methodological aspects 1.3 Divisions of Paleobiology
SECTION-2.	TAPHONOMY
Lesson 2. The concept of fossil. Taphonomy	2.1 Introduction 2.2 The concept and types of fossils 2.3 Biostratigraphy 2.4 Diagenesis of fossils 2.5 Ichnofossils 2.6 Time-averaging 2.7 Fossil-lagerstätten 2.8 The quality of the fossil record
SECTION-3.	MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS
Lesson 3. Size and Shape in Fossils	9.1 Introduction 9.2 The analysis of morphometrical variability 9.3 Types of growth 9.4 Population variability 9.5 Ecophenotypic variability 9.6 Sexual dimorphism 9.7 Taphonomical variability
Lesson 4. Ontogeny and Heterochrony	10.1 Introduction 10.2 Biogenetic and von Baer's Law 10.3 Heterochrony and its types 10.4 Heterochrony and allometry 10.5 Heterochronoclines 10.6 Dissociated heterochrony 10.7 Evolutionary consequences of heterochrony
Lesson 5. Morphodynamics and the Evolution of Form	11.1 Introduction 11.2 Constructional morphology. Phylogenetic factor. Functional factor. Fabricational factor. Other factors 11.3 Research methods in morphodynamics. Biomechanical analysis. Theoretical morphology
SECTION-4.	EVOLUTIONARY PALEONTOLOGY
Lesson 6. Classification and Phylogeny	12.1 Introduction 12.2 Methods of classification. Essentialism, evolutionary, phenetic, and cladistic classification 12.3 Fossils and Phylogeny. Stratocladistics. Phylogenetic trees
Lesson 7. Speciation	13.1 Introduction 13.2 Species concepts 13.3 Modes of speciation 13.4 The problem of species concept in Paleontology



Lesson 8. Modes of evolution	14.1 Introduction 14.2 Darwinism and the Synthetic Theory of Evolution 14.3 Modes of evolution and the fossil record. Phyletic gradualism and punctuated equilibria 14.5 Evolutionary trends 14.6 Species selection 14.7 Coordinated stasis
Lesson 9. Paleobiogeography	16.1 Introduction 16.2 Dispersal biogeography 16.3 Paleogeography and paleoclimatology 16.4 Vicariance biogeography 16.5 Biogeographic patterns and extinctions
Lesson 10. Evolutionary Paleocology	17.1 Introduction 17.2 Phanerozoic trends in global diversity. Explanatory hypotheses 17.3 Law of constant extinction. Red Queen Hypothesis and alternative explanatory hypotheses 17.4 Clade interactions
SECTION-5.	BIOSTRATIGRAPHY
Lesson 11. Time and Geology	4.1 Dating methods 4.2 The geologic time scale
SECTION-6.	HISTORY OF LIFE
Lesson 12. The origin and early evolution of Earth and Life	5.1 Origins of the Solar System and Earth. 5.2 Origin and evolution of the Atmosphere. 5.3 Origin of the Hydrosphere. 5.4 Origin and evolution of the continents. 5.5 The first life forms.
Lesson 13. The diversification of Life	6.1 The Ediacaran Fauna and other life forms. 6.2 The Cambrian Explosion. 6.3 Evolution of life forms during the Paleozoic. 6.4 Terrestrialization.
Lesson 14. Mass extinction events	7.1 Mass extinctions. Causes and their aftermath. 7.2 The end-Permian extinction. 7.3 The end-Cretaceous extinction.
Lesson 15. Climate and Life	8.1 Climatic evolution of the planet Earth. 8.2 Global glaciations. Methods of study. 8.3 The Snowball Earth hypothesis. 8.4 The influence of climatic change on the Quaternary faunas and floras.

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class hours	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A3 A29 B1 B2	22	66	88
Workshop	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	8	12	20
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	12	18	30
Objective test	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	2	8	10
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.



Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Lectures will be devoted to topics related to principles and problems in paleontology, as well as to the history of life on Earth. Students are expected to take their own notes. Reading assignments from specific topics delivered during the lectures are also expected to be completed.
Workshop	Workshops aim to introduce the students to basic concepts on taphonomy and systematics handling fossil specimens. Students will be required to take their own notes and answer quizzes. Attendance to the workshops is compulsory to pass the course.
Laboratory practice	Laboratory sessions will extend on the recognition of the basic morphological features of the main groups of fossils, as well as on the identification of important taxa from the Iberian Peninsula. Students will be required to take their own notes and answer the lab quizzes. Attendance to the lab sessions is compulsory to pass the course.
Objective test	Grading is primarily based on the idea of continuous assessment and so, the final exam IS NOT REQUIRED for those students being successful during this continuous assessment. Students failing specific parts or the whole subject are required to make the final exam for the parts they failed

Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description
Workshop Laboratory practice Guest lecture / keynote speech Objective test	Attendance to tutorials is expected, especially for those aspects showing greater difficulty, such as quizzes solving, tests, or workshop/laboratory observations. Part-time students not capable of attending to the workshops and/or lab sessions are eligible to get an exemption of these compulsory tasks in the scheduled programme. They will however be required to handle the fossil specimens from the UDC collection and answer all the quizzes in a different schedule adapted to their job obligations.

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Workshop	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	Continuous assessment using quizzes involving multiple choice, matching, true-false questions, fill in the blank questions or short answer and essay questions on some of the main fossil groups. These quizzes make up 10% of the final grade	10
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	Continuous assessment using quizzes involving multiple choice, matching, true-false questions, fill in the blank questions or short answer and essay questions on some of the main fossil groups (15% of final grade). Students are also expected to take an exam on fossil identification de visu (another 10% of final grade)	25
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A3 A29 B1 B2	Continuous assessment will take place using in-class quizzes and participation during classes. All quizzes can involve multiple choice, matching, true-false questions, fill in the blank questions or short answer and essay questions. Quizzes make up 50% of the final grade, whereas participation in class will add up another 15%	65
Objective test	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	As stated in Step 5, grading is primarily based on the idea of continuous assessment and so, the FINAL EXAM IS NOT REQUIRED for those students being successful during this continuous assessment. For the rest of students a final exam will be carried out for the specific parts of the subject (i. e., lectures 65%, workshops 25% or lab sessions 25%) that they failed	0
Others			

Assessment comments



Students are required to obtain a final grade of at least 5.0 out of 10 to pass this subject. However, each of the three main parts making up the assessment (lectures, workshops and lab sessions) can be compensated among them getting a grade of at least 4.0. Students passing any of the three parts (lectures, workshops and lab sessions) are given the opportunity to keep this mark for the two grading opportunities (January and July), being only examined of those parts which they failed. However, all the teaching-learning process of this subject is based on the idea of being developed in the current term. This means that for successive terms the student is supposed to fulfill all the assignments scheduled for those specific terms.

The grade "No Show" will be given only to those students who have not participated in more than 20% of the activities being assessed during the term. The before mentioned instructions also apply for part-time students.

Students

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Sources of information

Basic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PROTHERO, D. R. (2013). Bringing Fossils to Life. An Introduction to Paleobiology. Columbia University Press, New York - FOOTE, M. & MILLER, A.I. (2007). Principles of Paleontology. W. H. Freeman, New York - FREEMAN, S. & HERRON, J.C. (2013). Evolutionary Analysis. Pearson Prentice Hall - BENTON, M. J. & HARPER, D. A. T. (2009). Introduction to Paleobiology and the Fossil Record. Wiley-Blackwell - COWEN, R. (2005). History of Life. Blackwell Science, Oxford. - LEVIN, H. L. (2010). The Earth through Time. John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, New Jersey - WICANDER, R. & MONROE, J. S. (2012). Historical Geology. Evolution of Earth and Life through Time. Thompson Learning, Belmont - REGUANT, S. (2005). Historia de la Tierra y de la Vida. Editorial Ariel, Barcelona - BRIGGS, D. E. G. & CROWTHER, P. R. (2003). Palaeobiology II. Blackwell Science - STANLEY, S. M. (2009). Earth System History. Freeman and Company, New York - MARTIN, R. (2012). Earth's Evolving Systems: The History of Planet Earth. Jones & Bartlett Learning, Sudbury - CLOWES, C. et al. (). Palaeos: Life through deep time. http://www.palaeos.com - U. of California Paleontology Museum (). Geology Wing/Tree of Life. http://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/exhibit/geology.html - Varios autores (). Tree of Life Web Project. http://tolweb.org/tree/phylogeny.html <p><u>RECURSOS</p> <p>WEB<u>http://www.palaeos.comhttp://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/exhibit/geology.htmlhttp://tolweb.org/tree/phylogeny.html</p> <p>tmlRECURSOS</p> <p>WEBhttp://www.palaeos.comhttp://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/exhibit/geology.htmlhttp://tolweb.org/tree/phylogeny.html</p>
Complementary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DOMÈNECH, R. & MARTINELL, J. (1996). Introducción a los Fósiles. Masson - BRENCHLEY, P. J. & HARPER, D. A. T. (1998). Palaeoecology: Ecosystems, Environments and Evolution. Chapman & Hall, London - CLARKSON, E. N. K. (2001). Invertebrate Palaeontology and Evolution. Blackwell Science, Oxford - LEVINTON, J. S. (2001). Genetics, Paleontology, and Macroevolution. Cambridge University Press - SKELTON, P. (1993). Evolution. A Biological and Palaeontological Approach. Addison Wesley Longman - FUTUYMA, D. J. & KIRKPATRICK, M. (2017). Evolution. Oxford University Press - (-). Fósil. Revista de Paleontología. http://www.fosil.cl - ANGUIA, F. (2002). Biografía de la Tierra. Editorial Aguilar, Madrid - FORTEY, R. (1999). La Vida: Una Biografía no Autorizada. Editorial Taurus, Madrid - GOULD, S. J. (1992). La Flecha del tiempo : mitos y metáforas en el descubrimiento del tiempo geológico. Alianza Editorial, Madrid - GOULD, S. J. (1993). El Libro de la Vida. Editorial Crítica, Barcelona - JAIN, S. (2016). Fundamentals of Invertebrate Palaeontology: Macrofossils. Springer - BOTTJER, D. J. (2016). Paleoeology: Past, Present and Future. Wiley - MILSOM, C. & RIGBY, S. (2010). Fossils at a Glance. Wiley-Blackwell <p>
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Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before



Geology/610G02004

Physical Geography/610G02006

Genetics/610G02019

Population Genetics and Evolution/610G02021

Plant Systematics: Cryptogamia/610G02024

Plant Systematics: Phanerogamia/610G02025

Zoology I/610G02031

Zoology II/610G02032

Ecology I: Individuals and Ecosystems/610G02039

Ecology II: Populations and Communities/610G02040

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Animal Biodiversity and the Environment/610G02033

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Developmental Biology/610G02010

Functional Adaptations of Animals in the Environment/610G02037

Other comments

Students having specific questions or wanting to discuss class materials are always welcome during the lecturer's office hours. It is highly recommended that they communicate any kind of problem affecting their class performance, ability to take tests or class attendances, especially in the case of foreign students. If you have specific questions or want to discuss class material, I am more than happy to meet with you and help. I cannot be your personal tutor, however it is important that you communicate to me any problems you are having that may affect your class performance, your ability to take an exam, or your class attendance.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.