		Teaching Guide		
	Identifyii	ng Data		2020/21
Subject (*)	Edaphology		610G02045	
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía			
		Descriptors		
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fourth	Optional	6
Language	SpanishEnglish			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	BioloxíaCiencias da SaúdeFísica	e Ciencias da TerraMatemátic	cas	
Coordinador	Paz Gonzalez, Antonio	E-mail	antonio.paz.gonz	zalez@udc.es
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Web		'	<u> </u>	
General description	The program of Soil Science focu	ises on: a) the study of the org	anic and mineral soil comp	position, b) soil physical and
	chemical and biological propertie	s, c) ecological relevance of so	oil functions.	
	1. Modifications to the contents, No modifications, regarding keyn Main practical work will be also n  2. Methodologies *Teaching methodologies that an Presentail laboratory work will be  *Teaching methodologies that an First keynote speech and project Practical work becomes non pres  3. Mechanisms for personalized and Modifications in the evaluation No modifications Increasing use of e-mail. Use of	e maintained e maintained e maintained as much as posse e modified will be performed using non presential only if total lockdown is	resential tools.	and project may be first modified

	Study programme competences				
Code	Code Study programme competences				
A2	Identificar organismos.				
A6	Catalogar, avaliar e xestionar recursos naturais.				
A20	Muestrear, caracterizar e manexar poboacións e comunidades.				
A21	Deseñar modelos de procesos biolóxicos.				
A22	Describir, analizar, avaliar e planificar o medio físico.				

A23	Avaliar o impacto ambiental. Diagnosticar e solucionar problemas ambientais.
A24	Xestionar, conservar e restaurar poboacións e ecosistemas.
A25	Desenvolver e aplicar técnicas de biocontrol.
A26	Deseñar experimentos, obter información e interpretar os resultados.
A27	Dirixir, redactar e executar proxectos en Bioloxía.
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.
A32	Desenvolverse con seguridade no traballo de campo.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
В3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
В6	Organizar e planificar o traballo.
В7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
B8	Sintetizar a información.
В9	Formarse unha opinión propia.
B10	Exercer a crítica científica.
B11	Debater en público.
B12	Adaptarse a novas situacións.
C1	Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, nas linguas oficiais da comunidade autónoma.
C2	Dominar a expresión e a comprensión de forma oral e escrita dun idioma estranxeiro.
C3	Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e
	para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C4	Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a
	realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común.
C5	Entender a importancia da cultura emprendedora e coñecer os medios ao alcance das persoas emprendedoras.
C6	Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.
C7	Asumir como profesional e cidadán a importancia da aprendizaxe ao longo da vida.
C8	Valorar a importancia que ten a investigación, a innovación e o desenvolvemento tecnolóxico no avance socioeconómico e cultural da sociedade.
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Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study programme		amme
	cor	npeten	ces
	A6	B1	C1
Assessment of environmental impact taken into account soil diversity. Evaluation of soil contamination and techniques for soil	A20	В9	C5
restoration.	A22	B10	C6
	A23		
	A24		
The scientific study of the soil is important for Biologists, mainly from an ecological perspective. Soil is essential in	A2	B10	C5
environmental studies and soil science contributes to understand important processes such as biogeochemical cycles, the	A6		C7
structure ecosystems and factors from which primary production depends.	A22		C8
	A23		
	A25		
	A30		
	A31		
	A32		

The course of Soil Science is designed to provide an overview of the fundamental: Physical processes, Chemical processes,	A2	B2	C1
Fertility, Biology, and Land Use. Both theoretical and practical contents in Soil Science should contribute to enhance the skills	A6	B7	C5
of Biology students at the UDC in the use of several instrumental techniques.	A25	B12	C6
	A27		C7
			C8
Soils act as substrates for vegetal communities and also as adsorbent and absorbent for nutritive, and allow life of many	A6	B2	C2
animal and vegetal organisms. Therefore our program pays particular attention to the ?edaphosphere? as a complex dynamic	A20	B6	C4
and organised site, located in the interface between biosphere, lithosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere. Soil is also the	A26	В9	C6
support of man-made spaces or sites influenced by man activity, such as urban-industrial areas and transport infrastructures.	A27		C7
Because of the role of the soil for terrestrial ecosystems, Edaphology has a particular interest in Environmental Biology. The	A21	В3	C3
soil food chain describes a complex living system and how it interacts with the environment, plants, and animals. The nature of	A30	B8	C6
soil makes direct observation of food webs difficult. Soil microbial communities are characterized in many different ways. The	A31	B11	C7
activity of microbes can be measured by their respiration and carbon dioxide release. The cellular components of microbes	A32		
can be extracted from soil and genetically profiled, or microbial biomass can be calculated by weighing the soil before and			
after fumigation.			

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
I PRELIMINARY CONCEPTS	
Lesson 1 History of Soil Science.	Origin and development of Soils Science. Main topics in Soil Science.
Lesson 2 Soil descripton in field conditions. Laboratory	Profile and horizons. Physical, Chemical and Bioñogical methods of soil analysis.
techniques for soil studies.	
II SOIL COMPOSITION	
	Soil texture. Specific surface. Soil mineralogy. Soil clays. Structure and properties of
Lesson 3 Soil mineral composition. Soil clays.	most common soil clays. Oxyhydroxides.
	Soil organic compounds. Humus. Organo-mineral associations. Organic matter and
Lesson 4 Soil organic matter.	ecosystems: biogeochemical cycles.
III SOIL PROPERTIES	Bulk density and solid density. Soil porosity. Pore-size distribution. Aggregate
	dynamics in soils. Structural stability.
Lesson 5 Soil physical properties and soil structure.	
Lesson 6 Soil water retention and water dynamics.	Soil moisture content and soil potential. Soil water measurement. Soil moisture
Lesson 7 Soil temperature and aeration.	characteristic curve. Soil water retention and soil water dynamics. Soil water and
Lesson 8 Soil pH and cation exchange capacity.	water requirements of vegetation.
Lesson 9 Soil biology.	
Lesson 10. Soil fertility	Soil thermal properties. Soil temperature management. Composition of the soil
	atmosphere. Soil and gases of greenhouse effect.
	Soil pH and soil acidity. Soil acidity effects. Acidity amendment. Exchange complex of
	soils. Cation exchange capacity.
	Soil organisms. Soil enzymatic activity. Nucleic acids in soil. Soil organism and soil
	properties as indicators of soil quality.
	Macronutrients and micronutrients. Nitrogen , phosphorus and potassium cycles.
	Calcium and magnesium. Iron, cupper, zinc, boron
	and molybdenum. Other oligoelements

IV FACTORS AND PROCESSES OF SOIL FORMATION	
	Parent material. Climate. Topography. Times Vegetations and organisms.
Laccon 44. Footons of coil formation	Anthropogenic factors.
Lesson 11 Factors of soil formation.	
	Soil profile differentiation. Clay accumulation. Podzolization. Salinization. Calcification.
Lesson 12 Processes of soil formation.	Hydromorphic processes. Ferralitic alteration.
V SOIL SYSTEMATICS AND CLASSIFICATION	Genesic and diagnostic horizons. Soil profile. Horizon nomenclature.
	Modern Soil Classifications. Soil Taxonomy. World Reference Base for
	Soil Resources.
Lesson 13 Soil Systematics.	
	Characteristics for soil diagnosis. Moisture and temperature regimes. Oreders,
	suborders, great groups, subgroups, families, and series.
Lesson 14 Introduction to Soil Taxonomy.	
	Organic soil. Soil with anthropic influences. Soils conditioned by topography and by
45 W 110 (	time. Soils conditioned by cold, temperate, steppe, arid or semiarid and tropical or
Lesson 15 World Reference Base for Soil Resources.	subtropical climates.
	Soil under Atlantic climate. Soils under Mediterranean climate. Galician soils: parent
Lesson 16 Spanish and Galician Soils.	material, climate, topography and vegetation effects.
VI APPLIED SOIL SCIENCE	Soil cartography.
Lesson 17 Applications of Soil Science.	Interactions soil-landscape.
	Soil functions and society.
	Soil and environment.
	Soil contamination.
	Recovery of contaminated soils.
	Soil Use and Management.
PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES	Textural analysis
	Bulk density and solid density, Porosity.
	Aggregate stability
	Soil pH.
	Organic carbon and nitrogen
Laboratory work	Cation exchange capacity
	Soil extractable phosphorus
	Biological activity and dehydrogenase activity
	Case studies: Umbrisols, Cambisols, Fluvisols, and Gleysols
Field studies	

Soil erotion as a source of diffuse pollution
Mechanisms and processes of water erosion under an Atlantic climate
Effect of forest fires in soil degradation
Mining and soil contamination
Livestock farming and soil contamination
Landfills and soil contamination
Organic pollutants
Physical-chemical indicators of soil quality
Biological indicators of soil quality
Vineyard soil in Galicia
Excessive soil fertilisation with slurry
Soil compactation risks
Hydric balance in soils
Heavy metals in soils

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A6 A21 A22 A23 A24	22	40	62
	A27 A30 B1 C1 C2			
	C3			
Supervised projects	B2 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11	7	16	23
	B12 C7 C6			
Field trip	A24 A32 C4 C5 C6	5	10	15
	C7			
Laboratory practice	A2 A20 A22 A23 A25	12	28	40
	A26 A27 A30 A31			
	A32 B3 B6 B8 B9 B10			
	C7 C8			
Personalized attention		10	0	10

Methodologies				
Methodologies	Description			
Guest lecture /	e / The contents of soil science will be developed.			
keynote speech	The used audiovisual materials will be provided to students.			
Supervised projects	These are guided and supervised academic activities			
Field trip	The main soil types in Galicia will be observed.			
Laboratory practice	Assessement of main physical, chemical and biological properties of soils			

Personalized attention				
Methodologies	Description			
Field trip	Personalized attention will be provided by individual meetings in dates previously selected.			
Supervised projects				
Laboratory practice				

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification

Guest lecture /	A6 A21 A22 A23 A24	Short questions and tests about the keynote speech. Final examination and also	50
keynote speech	A27 A30 B1 C1 C2	partial examinations, if requested.	
	C3		
Field trip	A24 A32 C4 C5 C6	Assessment of field activities and reports of filed work.	5
	C7		
Supervised projects	B2 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11	Quality of the reports and presentations.	30
	B12 C7 C6		
Laboratory practice	A2 A20 A22 A23 A25	Continuous assessment and practical work.	15
	A26 A27 A30 A31		
	A32 B3 B6 B8 B9 B10		
	C7 C8		

## **Assessment comments**

Soil Science global grade can be assessed by continuous evaluation following the Bologna criteria. Evaluations may be performed not only in English, but also in Galician or Spanish, if requested by the students.

Sources of information		
Basic	LAL, R. 2002. Encyclopedia of Soil Science. Marcel Dekker.PORTACASANELLAS, J. LÓPEZ AVEVEDO, M y	
	ROQUERO, C. 2003. Edafología para la agricultura y el medio ambiente. Ediciones Mundi-Prensa.960	
	pp.PORTACASANELLAS, J. LÓPEZ AVEVEDO, M y POCH, R.M. 2008. Introducción a la Edafologia: uso y	
	protección del suelo. Ediciones Mundi-Prensa. 451 pp. WRB. 2006. World Referente Base for Soil Resources.	
	Wageningen/Roma.	
Complementary	Recursos web:www.iuss.orgwww.edafologia.ugr.eswww.soilerosion.netMapas de suelos de las cuatro provincias de	
	Galicia y diversas provincias de España	

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Geology/610G02004	
Physical Geography/610G02006	
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
	Other comments

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.