

		Teaching Guide			
	ldentifying D	Data			2021/22
Subject (*)	Chemistry: Equilibrium and Change			Code	610G04008
Study programme	Grao en Nanociencia e Nanotecnoloxía				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	First		Basic training	6
Language	Spanish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Carlosena Zubieta, Alatzne E-mail alatzne.carlosena@udc.es				
Lecturers	Carlosena Zubieta, Alatzne E-mail		alatzne.carlosena@udc.es		
	Martinez Cebeira, Montserrat			monserrat.marti	nez.cebeira@udc.es
Web		,			
General description	In the subject "Chemistry: Equilibrium and Change", of the first course of the degree in Nanoscience and Nanotechnology				
	the fundamentals of thermochemistry, the most relevant aspects of chemical equilibria in solution and surface, the bases of				
	chemical kinetics, etc. are studied. Preparing students for the study of equilibrium phenomena and chemical reactivity.				

Contingency plan

(i) ADAPTATION TO BE CARRIED OUT IN THE EVENT OF NON-APPEARANCE due to outbreaks of disease.

1. Modifications to the contents

No modifications.

2. Methodologies

*Teaching methodologies that are maintained:

All methodologies are maintained, if the situation so recommends, the teaching will be taught telematically through Teams. In the event that part of the students cannot connect and follow the classes in real time, asynchronous means will be used (e-mail, recordings of the expository sessions, more personalized tutorials ...).

The objective tests will also be adapted to the telematic modality using Moodle and Teams.

*Teaching methodologies that are modified:

No modifications.

3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students:

Follow-up will take place during the Teams sessions, during which interaction will be similar to that of the face-to-face sessions.

E-mail: students will be able to request support tutorials or to solve doubts. If it is not possible to solve them by e-mail, a tutoring session will be arranged through Teams.

Moodle: both the forum and the corporate mail and messaging system will be used.

4. Modifications in the evaluation:

No modifications.

*Evaluation observations:

The evaluation system will remain unchanged but the activities, including the mixed test, will be carried out telematically (online).

Students who cannot follow synchronous online activities will be evaluated by equivalent activities carried out asynchronously.

5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy:

No modifications.

(ii) ADAPTATION PROVIDED AT THE CENTER FOR CASES WHEN THE CLASSROOM CAPACITY ASSIGNED FOR THE SUBJECT IS EXCEEDEDED: additional spaces will be reserved in which students will be able to follow the activities through the Teams platform. In the case of practical activities, the groups will be divided to adapt them to the capacity of the laboratory.

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	CE1 - Comprender los conceptos, principios, teorías y hechos fundamentales relacionados con la Nanociencia y Nanotecnología.
A2	CE2 - Aplicar los conceptos, principios, teorías y hechos fundamentales relacionados con la Nanociencia y Nanotecnología a la resolución de problemas de naturaleza cuantitativa o cualitativa.
А3	CE3 - Reconocer y analizar problemas físicos, químicos, matemáticos, biológicos en el ámbito de la Nanociencia y Nanotecnología, así como plantear respuestas o trabajos adecuados para su resolución, incluyendo el uso de fuentes bibliográficas.
A7	CE7 - Interpretar los datos obtenidos mediante medidas experimentales y simulaciones, incluyendo el uso de herramientas informáticas,
	identificar su significado y relacionarlos con las teorías químicas, físicas o biológicas apropiadas.

A8	CE8 - Aplicar las normas generales de seguridad y funcionamiento de un laboratorio y las normativas específicas para la manipulación de
	la instrumentación y de los productos y nanomateriales.
B1	CB1 - Que los estudiantes hayan demostrado poseer y comprender conocimientos en un área de estudio que parte de la base de la
	educación secundaria general, y se suele encontrar a un nivel que, si bien se apoya en libros de texto avanzados, incluye también
	algunos aspectos que implican conocimientos procedentes de la vanguardia de su campo de estudio
B2	CB2 - Que los estudiantes sepan aplicar sus conocimientos a su trabajo o vocación de una forma profesional y posean las competencias
	que suelen demostrarse por medio de la elaboración y defensa de argumentos y la resolución de problemas dentro de su área de estudio
В3	CB3 - Que los estudiantes tengan la capacidad de reunir e interpretar datos relevantes (normalmente dentro de su área de estudio) para
	emitir juicios que incluyan una reflexión sobre temas relevantes de índole social, científica o ética
B6	CG1 - Aprender a aprender
B7	CG2 - Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
B8	CG3 - Aplicar un pensamiento crítico, lógico y creativo.
B9	CG4 - Trabajar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
C1	CT1 - Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, en las lenguas oficiales de la comunidad autónoma
C2	CT2 - Dominar la expresión y la comprensión de forma oral y escrita de un idioma extranjero
C3	CT3 - Utilizar las herramientas básicas de las tecnologías de la información y las comunicaciones (TIC) necesarias para el ejercicio de su
	profesión y para el aprendizaje a lo largo de su vida
C6	CT6 - Adquirir habilidades para la vida y hábitos, rutinas y estilos de vida saludables

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	amme
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
Know the kinetics of chemical change, including catalysis and reaction mechanisms.	A1	B1	C1
	A2	B2	C2
	A7	В3	СЗ
		B8	
		B9	
To understand the elementary principles of thermodynamics and its applications in chemistry.	A1	B6	C1
	A2	B7	C3
		B8	
		B9	
Knowledge of chemical equilibrium, acid-base equilibrium, complex formation equilibrium, solubility equilibrium, redox	A1	B1	C1
equilibrium and electrochemistry.	A2	B2	C2
	АЗ	В3	C3
	A7	B6	
		В7	
		B8	
		B9	
Acquisition of experimental skills and knowledge to correctly use the most common materials and products in a chemical	A7	B2	C1
laboratory. To interpret the results obtained in the laboratory.	A8	В3	C2
		В7	СЗ
		B8	C6
		В9	

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic

1. Thermochemistry.	Introduction to Thermodynamics. Thermochemistry. Heat, work and internal energy.
	First Principle of Thermodynamics. Heat of reaction at constant volume and constant
	pressure. Concept of enthalpy. Standard enthalpy of formation. Calorimetry:
	measurement of heat of reaction. Hess's law. Bond enthalpy and reaction enthalpy.
	Nanoscience applications.
2. Spontaneity and Equilibrium.	Second Principle of Thermodynamics. Concept of entropy. Gibbs free energy.
	Spontaneity. Concept of chemical equilibrium and the constants of equilibrium. The
	reaction quotient Q. Modifications of the conditions of equilibrium: principle of Le
	Châtelie. Relationship between Gibbs energy and equilibrium constant. Prediction of
	chemical change. Temperature dependence. Nanoscience applications
3. Acid-Base Equilibrium	Review of Arrhenius' theory. Bronsted-Lowry theory. Self-ionization of water and pH
	scale. Strength of acids and bases. Polyprotic acids. lons as acids and bases. Lewis
	acids and bases. Common ion effect. Regulatory solutions. Indicators. Neutralization
	reactions and titration curves. Nanoscience applications.
4. Equilibrium of complex formation.	General considerations. Types of ligands. Constants of formation and dissociation.
	Acid-base reactions of complex ions. Nanoscience applications.
5. Solubility Equilibrium	Solubility and solubility product. Common ion effect. Total and fractional precipitation.
	Factors that influence the solubility of salts: common ion effect, saline effect, pH and
	complex formation. Nanoscience applications.
6. Electrochemistry.	Basic concepts: redox reactions. Electrode potential and standard electrode potential.
	Relationship between potential, Gibbs free energy and constant of equilibrium. Energy
	variation with concentration: Nernst equation. Mixed equilibria: influence of other
	equilibria. Batteries and cells. Corrosion. Electrolysis.
7. Adsorption-Desorption Equilibrium.	Adsorption. Desorption. Adsorption-desorption balance. Langmuir model.
8. Introduction to Chemical Kinetics.	Reaction rates and temperature. Measurement of reaction rates. Rate equation, order
	reaction, molecularity. Relationship between kinetics and equilibrium. Influence of
	temperature: Arrhenius equation. Collision theory. Transition state theory.
	Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis. Nanoscience applications.
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	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A3 B1 B2 B6	28	56	84
	B8 B9 C1 C3 C6			
Seminar	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	8	24	32
	B3 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1			
	C2 C3 C6			
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 A7 A8 B1	15	15	30
	B2 B3 B6 B7 B8 B9			
	C1 C3 C6			
Objective test	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	1	0	1
	B3 B7 C1			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	2	0	2
	B3 B7 B8 C1			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description

Guest lecture /	The teacher will develop the fundamental contents of each topics through theoretical explanations and practical examples. For
keynote speech	better learning, students will have the appropriate teaching materials in advance for their personal preparation on the subject's
	website (Moodle). Students' participation will be encouraged. It will be taught in a large group.
Seminar	Sessions dedicated to the analysis and resolution of problems and questions with the active participation of students and
	teachers. It will be given in small groups. The bulletins to be solved will be found on the website of the subject (Moodle) before
	the students work prior to the seminar.
Laboratory practice	In the laboratory sessions (in small group) the student will develop experimental examples of the theoretical contents exposed
	in the classroom. It will be fundamental to carry out the pre-laboratories before doing the corresponding practice (if not, the
	student will not be able to do it), as well as to update the laboratory notebook, according to the teacher's indications. Short
	tests will be conducted to evaluate the degree of rationalization of the theoretical contents with the experimental ones.
	An initial session will be given in the classroom (large group) to expose the students to the contents and dynamics of the
	practices.
Objective test	Periodically, short tests will be carried out in the guest lectures or seminars to evaluate the degree of acquisition of knowledge
	and skills by the students and to promote continuous assessment throughout the course.
Mixed	The student will have to take a mixed objective/subjective test of the whole subject that allows to evaluate the degree of
objective/subjective	acquisition of knowledge and competences by the students. It will include questions and problems about the contents of the
test	whole subject that will have to be solved in a reasoned way.

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
Seminar	In the seminars the professor supervises for each student the methodology applied in the process of solving the problems	
Laboratory practice	proposed, solving individually the doubts formulated by the student and guiding the learning process.	
	In the laboratory practices there is also a personalized attention to the acquisition of skills and knowledge by the students.	
	When the teachers consider it necessary, they may call the students to individualized tutorials to guide them in relation to their evolution in the subject, establishing the schedule in accordance with them.	

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
Objective test	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	Periodically, short tests will be carried out in which students answer questions or solve	20
	B3 B7 C1	problems in a reasoned manner that allows them to evaluate their degree of	
		understanding of the most important aspects of the subject.	
Seminar	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	The resolution of questions and/or problems bulletins, the fulfilment of dates for their	5
	B3 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1	delivery or revision and also the participation of the students through the raising of	
	C2 C3 C6	questions before or after the development of the seminars will be valued.	
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 A7 A8 B1	The completion of the laboratory practices is mandatory in order to pass the course.	15
	B2 B3 B6 B7 B8 B9	The performance of the pre-laboratories, the capacities and skills of the student in the	
	C1 C3 C6	performance of the experimental work, his capacity to interpret the results obtained,	
		the elaboration of the laboratory diary, etc. will be valued.	
		The degree of rationalization will be evaluated by means of short tests regarding the	
		practices.	
Mixed	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	The mixed test shall consist of the resolution of problems and questions relating to the	60
objective/subjective	B3 B7 B8 C1	whole contents of the subject. This final test will be held on the official dates agreed at	
test		the Centre.	

Assessment comments

To pass the subject you must:

- 1) Perform the laboratory practices.
- 2) Obtain a higher or equal to 5 points rating (out of 10) in the laboratory practices and in the mixed test. If the total sum value was equal to or greater than 5 (out of 10) but this threshold mark was not met, the final mark will be 4.5 (fail).
- -Students who do not participate in the seminars activities and do not realize the objetive tests will score 0 in these sections (5% and 20%, respectively, of the overall grade). In the second opportunity, these grades will be maintained for the overall rating.
- -In the first and second time, students who do practices and obtain less than 5, have the opportunity to, in addition to the mixed test, perform a specific test related to the labs. The score of this test especcifica replaced the grade obtained in practice for the overall rating.
- The student will obtain the qualification of No Presented when the student does not assist to the laboratory practice and neither attend to the mixed test. As regards the successive academic years, the teaching-learning process, including continuous assessment, refers to an academic course and, therefore, would comezar a new course, including all activities and procedures the Assessment that is scheduled for that course.
- Second Opportunity: The mixed test's mark obtained in the second opportunity will replace the first one's. The students tested on the second occasion shall be eligible for honors if the maximum number of these to the corresponding course not covered in full at the first opportunity.

In the case of exceptional, objective and adequately justified circumstances, the Responsible Teacher may exempt totally or partially a member of the student body from attending the continuous evaluation process. Students who are in this circumstance must pass a specific exam that leaves no doubt about the achievement of the competences of the subject.

Students with recognition of dedication and part-time academic exemption waiver assistance:

Conducting laboratory practices are mandatory and it will be provided within the flexibility to allow coordinating schedules and material and human resources. They shall be deemed exempt from the keynote sessions while assistance will be provided to the greatest number of seminars.

If they can not attend the seminars will make a mentored work.

Students in part-time study regime due to work or duly justified will have to talk to the Responsible Professor in the first week of the course to substitute the face-to-face regime with other type of gradable activities. These activities will be indicated in an individual work plan that will be given to the student.

In the evaluation of the subject, all that is established in article 14, regarding the Fraud Commission and disciplinary responsibilities, of the UDC's Rules for the Evaluation of Bachelor's Degrees and Master's Degrees will be applied.

Sources of information

Basic	- Petrucci, R.H.; Herring, F.G.; Madura, J.D.; Bissonnette, C. (2011). Química General: principios y aplicaciones
	modernas. Madrid, 10 ^a Ed., Prentice Hall.
	- Levine, I.N. (2014). Principios de Fisicoquímica. México, 6ª Ed., MacGraw Hill.
	Previous editions are also recommended textbook Petrucci. For example in the library copies are available from the
	8th Ed, with reference: QX-240.Previous editions are also recommended textbook Petrucci. For example in the library
	copies are available from the 8th Ed, with reference: QX-240.
Complementary	- Reboiras, M.D. (2007). Problemas resueltos de Química. Madrid, Thomson Paraninfo, S.A.
	- Chang, R. L (2013). Química. 11ª Ed., México, Mc Graw Hill
	In general any chemistry textbook usually serves as a study guide for the course.In general any chemistry textbook
	usually serves as a study guide for the course.

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Chemistry: Structure and Bonding/610G04005
Integrated Basic Laboratory/610G04004
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Nanofabrication/610G04040
Kinetic and Catalysis/610G04026
Thermodynamics: Equilibrium and Phases/610G04018
Other comments

To successfully overcome the

matter, it is imperative that students have a number of prior knowledge of chemistry and mathematics, according to the level required in middle and high school, including: nomenclature and chemical formula, set of chemical reactions, stoichiometric calculations, acid-base character identification of common

compounds, obtaining oxidation states of the elements in the chemical species,

management of logarithms, exponents, etc.GREEN CAMPUS PROGRAM RECOMMENDATION: in order to help achieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Science (2020)", the documentary works requested in this subject:(a) Will be requested mostly in virtual format and computer support.(b) If paper is used: -No plastics will be used -Double-sided printing will be used -Recycled paper will be used -The use of drafts will be avoided.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.