

Teaching Guide					
	Identifyir	ng Data			2021/22
Subject (*)	Chemistry of the Elements Code 6100			610G04011	
Study programme	Grao en Nanociencia e Nanotecnoloxía				-
	Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Yea	ar	Туре	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Seco	ond	Obligatory	6
Language	Spanish		I		
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
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Web	campusvirtual.udc.gal/course/vie	w.php?id=15399	Э		
General description	The study of Chemistry has histo	rically been divid	ded into large A	reas of Knowledge, one of	which is Inorganic Chemistry.
	This discipline is dedicated to the	theoretical and	experimental s	tudy of the properties, strue	cture and reactivity of all the
	elements of the periodic table an	d their derived c	ompounds.		
	For this reason, two of the main f	eatures of Inorg	anic Chemistry	are, on the one hand, its g	reat diversity and, on the other,
	its interdisciplinary nature. The re	elevance of this of	discipline goes	beyond purely academic lir	mits. Thus, a great variety of
	inorganic products are commonly	v used in everyda	ay life, many of	them involved in industrial	and technological processes
	that decisively contribute to the d	evelopment of s	ociety.		
	The subject "Chemistry of the Elements" is part of the field of INORGANIC CHEMISTRY. The subject is taught in the first				
	semester of the second year and addresses the systematic study and synthesis of the elements and their main				
	compounds.				
Contingency plan	1. Modifications to the contents				
	There are no changes in the cont	ents			
	2. Methodologies				
	*Teaching methodologies that are maintained				
	All the methodologies are mainta	ined.			
	*Teaching methodologies that are	e modified			
	Thera are no modifications in the lecture and seminar methodologies, except that the learning platforms Moodle and				ing platforms Moodle and
	Teams, or any other used by UDC, will be used, if face-to-face learning is impossible.				
	However, if ?laboratory practice? classes can not be conducted in a face-to-face manner, on-line activities dedicated to the				
	synthesis and characterization of elements and inorganic compouns will replace such classes. The remaining learning				
	methodologies will be conducted using Moodle and Teams or similar learning platforms.				
	If during the ordinary face to face lectures the number of students exceeds the classroom capacity a ?mirror class? will be				
	arranged so the ?students in excess? can attend the lecture live broadcasted through the Teams platform.				
	3. Mechanisms for personalized	attention to stude	ents		
	Email, Moodle or Teams (or anot	her similar platfo	orm), at the req	uest of students. During the	e activities that replace the lab
	sessions, at least a compulsory t	utorial will be he	ld using Teams		
	4. Modifications in the evaluation				
	There are no modifications in the	evaluation meth	hodologies or p	ercentages assigned to the	em.
	*Evaluation observations				
	No changes in the assessment m	nethodology are	foreseen excep	ot that the different evaluati	on activities will be taken by
	using Moodle, Teams or any othe	er learning platfo	orm used by the	UDC.	
	5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy				
	There are no modifications to the	literature resou	rces referenced	I in Moodel and the teachir	ng guide. However, the material
	available in Moodle and attendar	ce to the differe	nt learning activ	vities will suffice to pass the	e subjet.



	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	CE1 - Comprender los conceptos, principios, teorías y hechos fundamentales relacionados con la Nanociencia y Nanotecnología.
A2	CE2 - Aplicar los conceptos, principios, teorías y hechos fundamentales relacionados con la Nanociencia y Nanotecnología a la resolución de problemas de naturaleza cuantitativa o cualitativa.
A3	CE3 - Reconocer y analizar problemas físicos, químicos, matemáticos, biológicos en el ámbito de la Nanociencia y Nanotecnología, así como plantear respuestas o trabajos adecuados para su resolución, incluyendo el uso de fuentes bibliográficas.
A7	CE7 - Interpretar los datos obtenidos mediante medidas experimentales y simulaciones, incluyendo el uso de herramientas informáticas, identificar su significado y relacionarlos con las teorías químicas, físicas o biológicas apropiadas.
A8	CE8 - Aplicar las normas generales de seguridad y funcionamiento de un laboratorio y las normativas específicas para la manipulación de la instrumentación y de los productos y nanomateriales.
B1	CB1 - Que los estudiantes hayan demostrado poseer y comprender conocimientos en un área de estudio que parte de la base de la educación secundaria general, y se suele encontrar a un nivel que, si bien se apoya en libros de texto avanzados, incluye también algunos aspectos que implican conocimientos procedentes de la vanguardia de su campo de estudio
B2	CB2 - Que los estudiantes sepan aplicar sus conocimientos a su trabajo o vocación de una forma profesional y posean las competencias que suelen demostrarse por medio de la elaboración y defensa de argumentos y la resolución de problemas dentro de su área de estudio
B3	CB3 - Que los estudiantes tengan la capacidad de reunir e interpretar datos relevantes (normalmente dentro de su área de estudio) para emitir juicios que incluyan una reflexión sobre temas relevantes de índole social, científica o ética
B6	CG1 - Aprender a aprender
B7	CG2 - Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
B8	CG3 - Aplicar un pensamiento crítico, lógico y creativo.
B9	CG4 - Trabajar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
C1	CT1 - Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, en las lenguas oficiales de la comunidad autónoma
C2	CT2 - Dominar la expresión y la comprensión de forma oral y escrita de un idioma extranjero
C3	CT3 - Utilizar las herramientas básicas de las tecnologías de la información y las comunicaciones (TIC) necesarias para el ejercicio de su
	profesión y para el aprendizaje a lo largo de su vida

Learning outcomes				
Learning outcomes	Study programme			
	competences /			
		results		
To know and rationalize the chemical behavior of the elements and their main compounds, as well as their individual	A1	B1	C1	
properties and possibilities of combination, according to appropriate models and theories, according to their situation in the	A2	B2	C2	
periodic table. To know the general properties of coordination and organometallic compounds. Tp know the structure and	A3	B3	C3	
nature of the bond in inorganic solids.	A7	B6		
	A8	B7		
		B8		
		B9		

Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic	
Part I. Chemistry of elements and their compounds	Periodic table elements. Binary combinations. Ternary combinations. Coordination	
	compounds. Organometallic compounds. Inorganic solids.	
Part II: Experimental Inorganic Chemistry	Synthesis of elements. Synthesis of compounds.	

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	



Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A3 B1 B6 B8	28	42	70
	B9 C1 C2 C3			
Problem solving	A2 A3 A7 B1 B2 B3	8	24	32
	B7 B8 B9 C1 C3			
Laboratory practice	A7 A8 B8 B9 C1	15	15	30
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	4	14	18
	B3 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1			
	C2 C3			
Personalized attention		0	0	0
/thus information in the planning table is for middance only and does not table into account the between another of the students				

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Lectures dedicated to introducing the most relevant contents of the course. Active participation of students are encouraged as
keynote speech	an important part of the lectures methodology. Prior to each lecture students are supposed to have read the suggested
	readings related to the topics of the lecture. If necessary, the students are expected to prepare by themselves part of the
	course contents in the student?s personal work hours. Under previously stablished conditions students might also be asked to
	solve practical cases outside of the classroom.
Problem solving	Classes given in small groups of students, which must participate actively. Problem-solving classes are dedicated to solving
	the doubts arisen during lectures and the preparatory readings. They are also dedicated to the resolution of problems and
	questions previously given to the students or to the intensive study of a particular topic through the active discussion
	methodology. If necessary, practical cases may also be solved under previously stablished conditions.
Laboratory practice	Laboratory classes which are dedicated to the synthesis, isolation and characterization of organometallic compounds.
	Prior to the lab class, the student studies the theoretical and synthetic aspects of each laboratory experiment using the
	recommended bibliographic sources. Before starting the laboratory work, the student has to show, in a personal tutorial with
	the professor, that has reached the necessary level of knowledge and skills necessary to understand and carry out the
	experiment safely. During the laboratory work, the student must work carefully paying special attention to the safety rules and
	showing the rigor and efficiency characteristic of the scientific method. The preparatory work, the experimental description
	(laboratory diary) and the conclusions drawn must be recorded in the laboratory notebook, which must be given to the
	professor before the deadline.
Mixed	The mixed test is a written exam, which consists of essay-type questions in which the student must find the answer to a more
objective/subjective	or less complex problem, which may be of logic or numeric nature. It may also contain objective test questions.
test	

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
	Personalized attention is aimed to give support to the students in the process of autonomous learning. The tutorials are	
	organized by the professor and dedicated to the solution of doubts related to the contents of this subject or arisen during the	
	preparation of the problem-solving sessions; but, especially during the preparation of the laboratory practice classes.	
	Part-time students (according to the UDC regulations) will be given personalized tutorial support:	
	The students will be given tutorial support according to their needs at any moment.	
	Particularly, those students will be periodically given handouts with problems and questions designed to gauge the	
	acquisitions of competencies. The students will solve those problems individually and, after this, attend to a tutorial to solve	
	doubts and correct the problems.	
	On request, the students will also be given tutorial support in order to prepare the laboratory experiments.	

Assessment



Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		
Laboratory practice	A7 A8 B8 B9 C1	During the pre-lab tutorial, the professor assess the rigorous preparation of the	15
		theoretical and experimental parts of the laboratory experiment which concerns both	
		the synthetic and the characterization methodology.	
		The professor also assesses the laboratory work, particularly: the organization, safety	
		work, knowledge of the material and technical procedures, the manual skill and,	
		especially, the ability to find relationships between the experimental procedure carried	
		out and the theoretical background acquired during the previous work.	
		The laboratory notebook will also be marked. It consists of four parts: preparatory	
		work, exact description of laboratory work (laboratory diary), characterization of the	
		products synthesized and results and conclusions drawn from the experiment.	
Problem solving	A2 A3 A7 B1 B2 B3	During the problem-solving classes, the professor assesses the active participation of	15
	B7 B8 B9 C1 C3	students as well as their reasoning and oratory skills. If necessary, the students might	
		take a brief test consisting of short answers or multiple election questions, during the	
		lecture hours. The solution and presentation of a study case may also contribute to the	
		assessment procedure. The marks corresponding to these activities will be added to	
		the ?lecture? marks.	
Guest lecture /	A1 A2 A3 B1 B6 B8	During lectures, the professor assesses the active participation of students as well as	0
keynote speech	B9 C1 C2 C3	their reasoning and oratory skills.	
		If necessary, the students might take a brief test consisting of short answers or	
		multiple election questions, during the lecture hours. The solution and presentation of	
		a study case may also contribute to the assessment procedure. The marks	
		corresponding to these activities will be added to the ?problem solution? marks.	
Mixed	A1 A2 A3 A7 B1 B2	Students will take the mixed test in the hours designed by the Faculty. The	70
objective/subjective	B3 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1	assessment criteria will be given before the exam.	
test	C2 C3		

Assessment comments



Students will be assessed according to the

following contributions.

C1 Mixed text. (Students must attain a

minimum of the 45% of the maximum mark to pass the subject)

C2 Laboratory practice. (Students must

attain a minimum of the 45% of the maximum mark to pass the subject. Attendance

to laboratory classes is mandatory)

C3 Keynote speech + problem solving +

short test.

C4 Student progression.

In order to pass the subject, students

have to attain a minimum mark of 5 points corresponding to the formula:

0,7(C1) + 0,15(C2) + 0,15(C3).

The contribution C4 ?Student progression? will

be added to the overall mark only if the sum C1 + C2+ C3 is 5 or higher. (In

any case, the maximum overall mark will be 10 points)

Participation in ?extra activities? will

increase the final mark.

If the overall mark is lower than 0,80(C1)

+ 0,20(C2) the mark will be replaced by the result of such addition.

The student must attain a minimum of the

45% of the maximum mark in contributions C1 and C2. If the overall mark is 5

points or higher but C1 and C2 do not reach the 45% threshold, the final mark will be 4.5 points.

In order to get the ?no presentado? mark

students cannot attend to the laboratory classes

In the ?second opportunity?, students will

repeat only of the mixed test. The remaining contributions to the overall mark

minimum thresholds and calculation formula will be the same.

The mark ?matricula de honor? will be

granted preferably to the students that have passed the subject in the first opportunity.



Attendance to

laboratory practice classes is mandatory for part-time students (according to the UDC regulations). For those students, the contribution to the final marks is as follows: 80% of the final marks corresponds to the mixed text and the remaining 20% corresponds to the laboratory practice. The marking system (percentages) will be the same for both opportunities. The condition of ?no persentado? will be granted to those part-time students who do not take the mixed text.



	Sources of information		
Basic	- E. Gutiérrez Ríos (1984). Química Inorgánica. Barcelona, Reverté, 2ª ed.		
	- D.F. Shriver, P.W. Atkins, T.L. Overton, J.P. Rourke, H.T. Weller y F.A. Armstrong (2008). Química Inorgánica.		
	México, McGraw-Hill 4ª Ed. (en inglés 6ª Ed. 2014)		
Complementary	- E.C. Housecroft y A.G. Sharpe (2006). Química Inorgánica. Madrid, Pearson 2ª Ed. (en inglés 4ª Ed 2012)		
	- G. Rayner-Canham (2000). Química Inorgánica descriptiva. Pearson Educación, México 2ª Ed.		

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Chemistry: Equilibrium and Change/610G04008

Chemistry: Structure and Bonding/610G04005

Integrated Basic Laboratory/610G04004

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

The subject ?Chemistry of elements? is dedicated

to study Inorganic Chemistry therefore, is highly recommendable to have passed all

the first year chemistry subjects.Complementary material will be given to

the students through the Moodle.It is highly advisable to attend all

classes and the active participation in all activities.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.