

		Teaching Guide				
	Identifying I	Data		2023/24		
Subject (*)	Person's Law		Code	612G01007		
Study programme	Grao en Dereito					
		Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits		
First and Second Cycl	e 2nd four-month period	First	Basic training	6		
Language	Spanish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Dereito Privado					
Coordinador	Rovira Sueiro, Maria Esther	E-ma	il maria.rovira@ud	lc.es		
Lecturers	Garcia Presas, Inmaculada E-mail i.garcia.presas@udc.es			ludc.es		
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	Rovira Sueiro, Maria Esther		maria.rovira@uc	maria.rovira@udc.es		
Web						
General description	This course is intended to be an intro	oduction to private law and	to some of the most impo	rtant private law institutions. The		
	student will learn what the role of priv	vate law is and its branche	es. After that introduction, s	tudents will be taught about the		
	legal concepts of natural and legal person, the principal position held by human beings within the legal system and some					
	other concepts as nationality or civil residence. Rights linked to personality and its protection by private law rules will also					
	be one of the topics of the course, with special attention given to the protection of privacy. The course will finish by					
	discussing the principles governing how non-profit organizations are regulated in the legal system					

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Knowledge of the main legal institutions
A2	Knowledge of the role of law as a regulatory system of social relations
A3	Grasping the systematic nature of the legal system
A4	Appreciating the interdisciplinary nature of legal problems
A5	Knowing the constitutional principles and values.
A6	Understanding the different manifestations of law in its historical evolution and in its current reality.
A7	Knowing the national and international legal and political structures.
A8	Basic knowledge of legal argumentation.
A9	Ability to handle legal sources (legal, jurisprudential and doctrinal).
A10	Ability to interpret and critically assess the legal system.
A11	Ability to understand and write legal documents.
A12	Management of legal oratory (ability to express themselves properly in public).
A13	Mastering new technologies applied to law.
A14	Ability to draft legal norms.
B3	Ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to make judgments that include a reflection on social,
	scientific or ethical relevant issues.
B4	Ability to transmit information, ideas, problems and solutions to a specialized and non-specialized public.
B6	Learning to learn.
B7	Effective problem solving.
B8	Critical, logical, and creative thinking.
B9	Working autonomously on own initiative with a lifelong learning approach.
B10	Teamwork and collaboration.
B11	Ethical and social responsibility.
B12	Effective workplace communication and oral and written skills in Spanish, Galician and foreign languages.
B13	Computing and ICT skills.



C1	Adequate oral and written expression in the official languages.
C2	Mastering oral and written expression in foreign languages.
C3	Using ICT in working contexts and lifelong learning.
C4	Exercising an open, educated, critical, committed, democratic and supportive citizenship for the sake of the common good.
C6	Critically assess the knowledge, technology and information available to solve the problems they face.
C7	Assume as a professional and citizen the importance of lifelong learning.
C8	Valuing the importance of research, innovation and technological development for the socioeconomic and cultural progress of society.

Learning outcomes					
Learning outcomes			Study programme		
		competences /			
		results			
Students must be able to apply and resolve real cases about questions such as the civil status of natural persons, human			C1		
ights from a private law perspective, birth, death, civil residence, nationality and disability, within this course.			C2		
	A3	B10	C3		
	A4	B12	C7		
	A5				
	A6				
	A7				
	A8				
	A12				
Students will learn and understand properly the constitutional principles and rules regarding the natural person, as well as the	A8	B6	C2		
notion of legal person, its types and general legal regime		B8			
	A10	B11			
		B12			
		B13			
		B3			
		B4			
Students must be able to identify, work with legal documents and resolve common problems related to civil associations and	A9	B10	C2		
foundations	A10		C4		
	A11		C6		
	A13				
	A14				
Students will learn the essential content of some personality rights and its protection.	A11	B13	C1		
			C2		
			СЗ		
			C8		

Contents				
Торіс	Sub-topic			
Introduction	1 Civil law: concept			
	2 Private autonomy: different meanings			
Lesson 1 The right of the person	1 Institutional meaning of personality			
	2 The general duty of respect for the person			
	3 Legal capacity: concept and characteristics			
	4 Ability to act: concept, characters and classes			
Lesson 2 Beginning and ending of personality	1 Beginning of personality			
	2 Ending of personality			
	3 The declaration of death			



Lesson 3 Legal protection of the nasciturus	1 Content of the legal protection of the nasciturus in positive law
	2 Legal situation of the conceived not born before civil Law
Lesson 4 The rights of the personality	1 Concept, legal nature and characters
0 1 <i>2</i>	2 The protection of the rights of personality
Lesson 5 The rights of the personality in the physical sphere	1 Civil protection of life and physical integrity
	2 Delimitation of the internal power of its holder:
	a) Authorizations in order to change sex
	b) Transplantation of organs
	c) Sterilization
	3 The right to freedom
Lesson 6 Legal protection of the person	1 The rights to Honor, personal and family privacy and one own's image
	2 The protection of the person's name: the change of name and surname
	3 Author's moral right: content, nature, limits and protection
Lesson 7 The age of the person	1 Legal meaning. Age computation.
	2 Legal age.
	3 Minors' legal meaning
	4 Determination of the scope of power and capacity of the minor.
	5 Minors' civil liability.
Lesson 8 Emancipation	1 Concept and types.
	2 Effects of emancipation in general: restrictions.
	3 The minor of independent life
Lesson 9 Other cases with restriction of capacity	1 As medidas de apoio ás persoas con discapacidade para o exercicio da súa
	capacidad xuridica.
	2 Medidas voluntarias.
	3 A curatela
	4 Defensor xudicial.
	5 A autocuratela.
Lesson 10 Nationality and civil residence	1 Nationality: meaning and vicissitudes; acquisition and loss of nationality
	2 Civil residence: legal significance and vicissitudes; acquisition and modification
Lesson 11 Declaration of absence	1 Concept and meaning.
	2 Legal nature.
	3 Provisional defense of the interests of the disappeared.
	4 Declaration of absence: Requirements, meaning and scope.
	5 Legal representation of the person declared on absentee.
	6 End of the legal absence situation.
	7 Absence not declared in the Galician Civil Law.
Lesson 12 Legal entities	1 Concept and types
	2 Associations
	3 Foundations

Planning						
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours		
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 C2	21	0	21		
Case study	A8 A10 A11 A13 A14	7	21	28		
	B6 B8 B3 C2					
ICT practicals	A9 A13 B13 C2 C3	7	7	14		
	C6 C8					



Simulation	A1 A3 A6 A7 A12 B10	7	14	21
	B11 B12 C1 C2 C7			
Long answer / essay questions	B7 B9 B3 B4 C2 C4	1	23	24
Personalized attention		42	0	42
(*) The information in the planning table is	for multiple and shared descent of the		Latana manaka di kasat	- de se te

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies			
Methodologies	Description			
Guest lecture /	Oral presentation complemented by the introduction of some questions for the students, in order to transmit knowledge and			
keynote speech	facilitate learning.			
	The master session is also known as "lecture", "expository method" or "master class". This			
	last modality is usually reserved for a special type of lesson given by a teacher on special occasions, with content that involves			
	original elaboration and based on the almost exclusive use of the word as a way of transmitting information to the audience.			
Case study	Methodology in which the student faces the description of a specific situation that poses a problem that must be understood,			
	valued and solved by a group of people through a discussion process. In short, the student is faced to specific problem (case),			
	which describes a real situation in professional life and must be able to analyze the facts (which are framed within the scope of			
	the subject matter), to reach a reasoned decision through a process of discussion in small working groups			
ICT practicals	Practices through TIC Realization of supervised works in matters related to the content of the subject. such as the comment			
	on a film during the hours assigned to the subject. In these activities students can consult the teacher at any time and use ICT			
Simulation	Preparation of documents of a legal nature such as a request before the Civil Registry (change of name and surname,			
	nationality, change of sex), preparation of the statutes of a legal person, lawsuits, appeals, etc. in the scope of the matter			
Long answer / essay	Test Assessment method consisting of a written test (examination)			
questions				

	Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description			
CT practicals	Personalized attention related to the methodology and practices through ICT will be carried out in accordance with what is			
	described in the Methodologies section.			
	Generic personalized attention consists of the traditional tutoring through which the professor makes himself available to the			
	students at a specific time in order for him / her to consult or solve any problem individually.			
	Likewise, the student can virtually contact the professor at any time and ask questions or arrange meetings, even when			
	dealing with specific issues, they can be solved online but the possibility of conventional treatment will always be open and			
	face-to-face.			
	Tutorials will be held in the professor?s office, on the 3rd floor, ?Dereito civil?, Mondays from 12.00 to 13.00 and Thursdays			
	from 12.00 to 13.00.			
	To contact your professor, please email to antonio.legeren@udc.es			
	Be sure to use your udc email to communicate with your professor!			
	Regarding the students with the of part-time dedication recognition, a first meeting will be held to specify the schedule of the			
	activities of the course and the specialties of this modality will be established: the deadline for delivery of the work, the format			
	etc.			

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		



ICT practicals	A9 A13 B13 C2 C3	The work carried out by the student at the end of the face-to-face sessions will be	10
	C6 C8	delivered or exhibited, depending on the cases, in the classroom itself and, in any	
		case, will be evaluated by the teacher, taking into account basically the demonstrated	
		argumentative capacity and originality (detection of a plagiarized work, in whole or in	
		part, with or without permission of the owner of the original work will automatically	
		mean the failure of the subject).	
Simulation	A1 A3 A6 A7 A12 B10	During face-to-face sessions in small groups, students must present their work	10
	B11 B12 C1 C2 C7	through a spokesperson, also delivering the original written to the teacher. Both	
		original and oral intervention will be evaluated.	
Long answer / essay	B7 B9 B3 B4 C2 C4	It will consist of a written test at the end of the semester.	70
questions		A final exam ?multiple-choice? will be done.	
Case study	A8 A10 A11 A13 A14	Students during face-to-face sessions will intervene orally, presenting their solution to	10
	B6 B8 B3 C2	the proposed cases, debating, where appropriate, with the teacher and their	
		classmates. The knowledge, competences and skills demonstrated during this	
		exhibition will be evaluated and rated by the teacher.	

Assessment comments

It's essential to attend and intervene at classes in order to know the whole content of the subject and the main points, specially because about this issues there's no specific treaty or handbook.

It will be necessary to prepare a presentation or dissertation about some aspects of the program and to solve some cases. These activities -attending classes, preparing a dissertation and the cases- will be the 30% of the final mark. The presentation is a test in which the three pointed methodologies are collected in a unitary way: case study, ICT practicals and simulation.

A final exam-mulitple choice will be done. It will be the 70% of the final mark. It's necessary to obtain a 3.5 mark in the final exam to add the mark obtained from activities.

The assessment system for the second chance is the same as for the first chance.

In case of plagiarism, the academic regulations of the UDC will be applied.

Sources of information	
Basic	The compulsory readings will be provided along the course through the virtual platform moodle, and the updates will
	be announced with enough timeThe compulsory readings will be provided along the course through the virtual platform
	moodle, and the updates will be announced with enough time
Complementary	- Bergel Sainz de Baranda, Yolanda. Handbook on Spanish civil patrimonial law. Madrid : Tecnos, 2016 - Rodríguez
	de las Heras Ballel, Teresa. Introduction to Spanish private law. Facing the social and economic challenges. London
	and New York: Routledge-Cavendish

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Roman Foundations of the Western Legal Tradition/612G01001
Constitutional Law: Sources of Law and Fundamental Rights/612G01003
Oral and Written Communication/612G01004
Jurisprudence/612G01006
Other comments



(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.