

|  |  | Teaching Guide   |              |                      |                                    |  |
|--|--|--|--------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
|  | Identifying  | Data   |              |                      | 2020/21                            |  |
| Subject (*)  | Incident Management  |  |              | Code                 | 614530015                          |  |
| Study programme  | Máster Universitario en Cibersegurio   | Máster Universitario en Ciberseguridade                |              |                      |                                    |  |
|  |  | Descriptors  |              |                      |                                    |  |
| Cycle  | Period   | Year   |              | Туре                 | Credits                            |  |
| Official Master's Degre  | e 2nd four-month period  | First  |              | Optional             | 3                                  |  |
| Language   | SpanishGalician  |  |              |                      |                                    |  |
| Teaching method  | Face-to-face   |  |              |                      |                                    |  |
| Prerequisites  |  |  |              |                      |                                    |  |
| Department   | Ciencias da Computación e Tecnolo  | oxías da InformaciónCo                                 | omputaciór   | า                    |                                    |  |
| Coordinador  | López Rivas, Antonio Daniel  | López Rivas, Antonio Daniel E-mail daniel.lopez@udc.es |              |                      |                                    |  |
| Lecturers  | Dafonte Vazquez, Jose Carlos   | E  | -mail        | carlos.dafonte@      | @udc.es                            |  |
|  | López Rivas, Antonio Daniel  |  |              | daniel.lopez@u       | ıdc.es                             |  |
| Web  | faitic.uvigo.es  |  |              | '                    |                                    |  |
| General description  | The management of cybersecurity in   | ncidents focuses on ma                                 | anaging pr   | oactivity to prevent | and mitigate possible              |  |
|  | consequences. The necessary know   | vledge about tools that                                | can facilita | ate the managemen    | t of incidents and recoveries, the |  |
|  | justification of the proposed plans for recovery and resilience, the identification and classification of possible incidents and |  |              |                      |                                    |  |
| the definition of the channels for their management and resolution will be obtained. |  |  |              |                      |                                    |  |

## Contingency plan

Contingency plan A: total or partial confinement of students and / or teachers.

- 1. Modification in the contents: there is no modification.
- 2. Methodologies
- \* Teaching methodologies that are modified
- Master session, taught through videoconference.
- Practices through ICT, taught through the use of the students' own tools and / or remote access to classroom equipment.
- Objective test, through Faitic, Moodle or other tool provided by UVigo and / or UDC.
- 3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students
- Moodle: always. All teaching resources (slides, practice statement, announcements, software, etc.) are available through Moodle.
- Teams: weekly. The tutorials will be attended by Teams at the official hours of each teacher.
- Email: always. To answer any question.
- 4. Modifications in the evaluation: none
- \* Observations of the evaluation: in the event that it cannot be done in person, the following will be carried out:
- Objective test: through Faitic and Remote Campus or Teams.
- 5. Modifications of the bibliography or webgraphy: none.

Contingency plan B: number of students exceeds the capacity of the classroom.

- 1. Modification in the contents: there is no
- 2. Methodologies
- \* Teaching methodologies that are modified
- Master session, two groups will be established that will attend in person every other week. A video conferencing solution (remote Campus or Teams) will be searched to access the sessions remotely.
- Practices through ICT, two groups will be established that will attend in person every other week. A remote access solution or similar will be sought for the group that cannot attend in person. It is taught through the use of the students' own tools and / or remote access to classroom equipment.
- Objective test, a classroom with sufficient capacity will be enabled.
- 3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students
- Moodle: always. All teaching resources (slides, practice statement, announcements, software, etc.) are available through Moodle.
- Teams: weekly. The tutorials will be attended by Teams at the official hours of each teacher.
- Email: always. To answer any question.
- 4. Modifications in the evaluation: none
- \* Observations of the evaluation: if it cannot be done in person, the following will be carried out:
- Objective test: through Faitic and Remote Campus or Teams.
- 5. Modifications of the bibliography or webgraphy: none.

|      | Study programme competences  |  |  |
|------|--|--|--|
| Code | Study programme competences  |  |  |
| А3   | CE3 - Knowledge of the legal and technical standards used in cybersecurity, their implications in systems design, in the use of security |  |  |
|      | tools and in the protection of information   |  |  |
| A9   | CE9 - Ability to write clear, concise and motivated projects and work plans in the field of cybersecurity                                |  |  |

| A14 | CE14 - Ability to develop a continuity business plan on the guidelines of commonly accepted norms and standards                                      |
|-----|--|
| A15 | CE15 - Ability to identify the value of information for an institution, economic or of other sort; ability to identify the critical procedures in an |
|     | institution, and the impact due to their disruption; ability to identify the internal and external requirements that guarantee readiness upon        |
|     | security attacks   |
| A17 | CE17 - Ability to plan a time schedule containing the detection periods of incidents or disasters, and their recovery                                |
| B2  | CB2 - Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader          |
|     | context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization   |
| В3  | CB3 - Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of                    |
|     | information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the         |
|     | application of their professional capabilities and judgements  |
| B5  | CB5 - Students will apprehend the learning skills enabling them to study in a style that will be selfdriven and autonomous to a large extent         |
| В6  | CG1 - To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information,       |
|     | network or system security in every application area   |
| B10 | CG5 - Students will have ability to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations, within the scope of infrastructures, equipment or           |
|     | specific application domains, and designed for precise operating requirements  |
| C4  | CT4 - Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society   |
|     |  |

| Learning outcomes   |      |                             |     |
|---|------|-----------------------------|-----|
| Learning outcomes   |      | Study programme competences |     |
| Manage proactivity to prevent and mitigate possible security incidents                                    | AJ9  | BJ2                         | CJ4 |
|   | AJ14 | BJ3                         |     |
|   | AJ17 | BJ5                         |     |
|   |      | BJ6                         |     |
|   |      | BJ10                        |     |
| Obtain the necessary knowledge about tools that can facilitate the management of incidents and recoveries | AJ3  | BJ2                         |     |
|   | AJ14 | BJ3                         |     |
|   | AJ17 | BJ5                         |     |
|   |      | BJ6                         |     |
|   |      | BJ10                        |     |
| Justify proposed plans for recovery and resilience  | AJ3  | BJ2                         | CJ4 |
|   | AJ9  | BJ3                         |     |
|   | AJ14 | BJ5                         |     |
|   | AJ15 | BJ6                         |     |
|   |      | BJ10                        |     |
| Identify and classify possible incidents and define the channels for their management and resolution      | AJ3  | BJ2                         | CJ4 |
|   | AJ9  | BJ3                         |     |
|   | AJ17 | BJ5                         |     |
|   |      | BJ6                         |     |
|   |      | BJ10                        |     |

| Contents  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Topic   | Sub-topic  |  |  |  |
| Fundamentals: resilience and the value of information | 1.1. Introduction  |  |  |  |
|   | 1.2. Fundamentals  |  |  |  |
| 2. Incident detection and response management         | 2.1. Detection and notification of incidents                   |  |  |  |
|   | 2.2. Response management, containment and mitigation of impact |  |  |  |
| 3. Standards: continuity and recovery plans           | 3.1. ISO / IEC standards                                       |  |  |  |
|   | 3.2. Guidelines for incident management                        |  |  |  |

| 4. Disaster recovery | 4.1. Mechanisms  |
|----------------------|--|
|                      | 4.2. Phases of recovery  |
|                      | 4.3. Protection of critical infrastructures  |
| 5. Legislation       | 5.1. Specific legislation: National Security Scheme, National Cybersecurity Strategy |

|                                | Planning           |                |                    |             |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Methodologies / tests          | Competencies       | Ordinary class | Student?s personal | Total hours |
|                                |                    | hours          | work hours         |             |
| Laboratory practice            | A9 A14 A17 B2 B3   | 10             | 25                 | 35          |
|                                | B10                |                |                    |             |
| Guest lecture / keynote speech | A3 A14 A15 A17 B5  | 10             | 20                 | 30          |
|                                | B6 C4              |                |                    |             |
| Supervised projects            | A3 A9 A14 A15 A17  | 1              | 9                  | 10          |
|                                | B2 B3 B5 B6 B10 C4 |                |                    |             |
| Objective test                 | A3 A9 A14 A15 A17  | 1.5            | 0                  | 1.5         |
|                                | B2 B3 B5 B6 B10 C4 |                |                    |             |
| Personalized attention         |                    | 0              |                    | 0           |

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

|                     | Methodologies  |
|---------------------|--|
| Methodologies       | Description  |
| Laboratory practice | Practical computer sessions associated with incident scenarios and tools for cyberincidents. The objective is to put into        |
|                     | practice the knowledge of the master sessions promoting autonomous learning.   |
| Guest lecture /     | Guest lecture. Presentations of the theoretical knowledge of the subjects of the matter promoting the interaction with the       |
| keynote speech      | students. NOTE: it will be possible to use any of these sessions to carry out a company workshop or invite a collaborating       |
|                     | person of recognised competence.   |
| Supervised projects | Work to be developed by the student on any of the subjects of the matter proposed by the student or professor. This work will    |
|                     | have a follow-up by the faculty and the student will make a brief presentation of the same.                                      |
| Objective test      | Written test to assess the knowledge acquired. Although it will focus on the material of expository teaching, it can incorporate |
|                     | some issues related to the practical sessions.   |

| Personalized attention |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Methodologies          | Description  |  |  |  |  |
| Laboratory practice    | The personalized attention is focused on supporting the student in the understanding of the different techniques through the   |  |  |  |  |
| Supervised projects    | pervised projects support in the tutorials and the resolution of doubts that may arise in the lectures.  |  |  |  |  |
|                        | Help will also be provided to respond to doubts that may arise during the realization of the practices or learning through the supervised works for a better use and understanding of the knowledge acquired in class. |  |  |  |  |

| Assessment          |                  |  |               |  |
|---------------------|------------------|--|---------------|--|
| Methodologies       | Competencies     | Description  | Qualification |  |
| Laboratory practice | A9 A14 A17 B2 B3 | Practical computer sessions associated with incident scenarios and management of | 30            |  |
|                     | B10              | tools for cyber incidents. The objective is to put the knowledge from the master |               |  |
|                     |                  | sessions into practice, promoting autonomous learning. The evaluation will be    |               |  |
|                     |                  | continuous throughout the sessions. NOTE: it will be possible to use some of the |               |  |
|                     |                  | face-to-face sessions to carry out a workshop of a collaborating entity.         |               |  |
|                     |                  |  |               |  |

| Supervised projects | A3 A9 A14 A15 A17  | Work to be carried out by the student on any of the subjects of the subject at the        | 20 |
|---------------------|--------------------|---|----|
|                     | B2 B3 B5 B6 B10 C4 | proposal of the student or the teacher. This work will be followed up by the teaching     |    |
|                     |                    | staff and the student will make a brief face-to-face defense of it.                       |    |
| Objective test      | A3 A9 A14 A15 A17  | Written test to assess the knowledge acquired. Although it will focus on the expository   | 50 |
|                     | B2 B3 B5 B6 B10 C4 | teaching material, it will be able to incorporate some questions related to the practical |    |
|                     |                    | sessions.   |    |

## **Assessment comments**

In order to pass the subject, it will be necessary to obtain a minimum of 5 out of 10 in both the objective test and the practical work. Otherwise, the maximum note that can be obtained will be 4.5. The grade obtained in the continuous assessment of practices and supervised project will be maintained throughout the academic year.STUDENTS WHO DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OF PRACTICES AND SUPERVISED PROJECTS:i) When the student presents himself to the first opportunity call, his grade will be 0 in both methodologies.ii) When the student presents himself to the second opportunity call or extraordinary call, without having participated in the continuous evaluation process, using these methodologies, he / she will be able to individually perform the practices with the material available in the virtual teaching platform and through the request of tutorials with the professors of the subject. Also individually, the student will specify with the professor the date of the exam of practices that, in this case, will be essential.STUDENTS WHO DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE OBJECTIVE PROOF AT THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY: Whether or not they have participated in the process of continuous assessment of practices and supervised project, their grade will be "No Presented".PLAGIARISM: Plagiarism is regarded as serious dishonest behavior. If any form of plagiarism is detected in any of the exams or provided material, the final grade will be FAIL (0), and the incident will be reported to the corresponding academic authorities for prosecution.

|               | Sources of information  |
|---------------|---|
| Basic         | - ISO/IEC 27035:2016 - Information technology - Security techniques - Information security incident management. |
|               | http://www.iso27001security.com/html/27035.html- Gestión de incidentes de seguridad informática, Álvaro Gómez   |
|               | Vieites, 978-84-92650-77-4, RA-MA Editorial, 2014- Gestión de incidentes de seguridad informática (MF0488_3),   |
|               | Ester Chicano Tejada, 978-84-16351-70-1, IC Editorial, 2014- Cómo implantar un SGSI según UNE-EN ISO/IEC        |
|               | 27001 y su aplicación en el Esquema Nacional de Seguridad, Luis Gómez Fernández y Pedro Pablo Fernández         |
|               | Rivero, 978-84-81439-63-2 AENOR, 2018- Sistema de Información para gestionar un SGSI basado en ISO              |
|               | 27001:2013: Cómo tener trazabilidad de un Sistema de Gestión de Seguridad de la información a través de una     |
|               | herramienta Informática, Lorena Mahecha Guzmán y Gabriel Coello F., 978-620-2-25000-9, EAE, 2017- Implementing  |
|               | the ISO/IEC 27001 ISMS Standard 2016 (Information Security), Edward Humphreys, 978-1-60807-930-8, Artech        |
|               | House Publishers, 2016- Infosec Management Fundamentals, Henry Dalziel, 978-0-12-804187-1, Syngress, 2015-      |
|               | Information Security Incident Management: A Methodology, Neil Hare-Brown, 978-0-580-50720-5, BSI Standards,     |
|               | 2007  |
| Complementary |   |

| Recommendations   |
|---|
| Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before  |
|   |
| Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously  |
|   |
| Subjects that continue the syllabus   |
|   |
| Other comments  |
| The student is recommended, for an optimal use of the subject, to actively attend classes as well as participate in the different activities and the use of |

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.

personalized attention for the resolution of doubts or questions that may arise.