

		Teachin	g Guide		
	Identifying	g Data			2019/20
Subject (*)	Software Design		Code	614G01015	
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Informática				
	-	Descr	iptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Sec	ond	Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishEnglish		· · ·		· · · · · ·
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Ciencias da Computación e Tecno	oloxías da Info	rmaciónComputaci	ón	
Coordinador	Mosqueira Rey, Eduardo		E-mail	eduardo.mosqu	eira@udc.es
Lecturers	Alonso Ríos, David		E-mail	david.alonso@u	udc.es
	Monroy Camafreita, Juan			juan.monroy@u	udc.es
	Mosqueira Rey, Eduardo		eduardo.mosqu	eira@udc.es	
	Pérez Sánchez, Beatriz			beatriz.perezs@udc.es	
	Sanchez Maroño, Noelia noelia.sanchez@udc.es		@udc.es		
Web					
General description	Software Design is a key phase in	software life of	cycle that provides	the link between the r	equirements of a system and its
	implementation. The most commo	n software des	sign today is based	on object-oriented te	chniques, which consists of
	developing a program based on objects that interchange messages.				
	This subject will introduce students	s to the basic e	elements and prope	erties of object orienta	tion using an object-oriented
language like Java. The students will also learn how to represent design artifacts using a modeling language s			modeling language such as the		
	Unified Modeling Language (UML).				
	Finally, the basic principles that re	present a goo	d design will be pre	sented and we will lea	arn to identify those typical design
	problems and their most common	solutions repre	esented as design	patterns.	

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A7	Capacidade para deseñar, desenvolver, seleccionar e avaliar aplicacións e sistemas informáticos que aseguren a súa fiabilidade,
	seguranza e calidade, conforme a principios éticos e á lexislación e normativa vixente.
A13	Coñecemento, deseño e utilización de forma eficiente dos tipos e estruturas de datos máis adecuados á resolución dun problema.
A14	Capacidade para analizar, deseñar, construír e manter aplicacións de forma robusta, segura e eficiente, elixindo o paradigma e as
	linguaxes de programación máis adecuados.
B1	Capacidade de resolución de problemas
B2	Traballo en equipo
B3	Capacidade de análise e síntese
B4	Capacidade para organizar e planificar
C3	Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e
	para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C6	Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	cor	mpeten	ces
Identify software design as one of the phases of software lifecycle	A7	B3	C3
	A13	B4	
	A14		



Know the principles and basic properties of object orientation	A7	B1	C3
	A13	B2	C6
	A14	B3	
		B4	
Capture software design using the artifacts of a modeling language like UML	A7	B1	C3
	A13	B2	C6
	A14	B3	
		B4	
Know the basic principles that represent a good software design	A7	B1	C3
	A13	B2	C6
	A14	B3	
		B4	
Identify typical design problems and their most common solutions	A7	B1	C3
	A13	B2	C6
	A14	B3	
		B4	
Use a design as a guide for software implementation	A7	B1	C3
	A13	B2	C6
	A14	B3	
		B4	
Learn an object-oriented language and related aspects (IDE, tests, repositories, etc.)	A13	B1	C3
		B2	C6
		B3	
		B4	

Contents				
Торіс	Sub-topic			
1. Introduction	? Software design			
	? Object-oriented analysis and design			
2. Basic Elements of Object Orientation	? Classes and objects			
	? Object identity			
	? Object state			
	? Object behavior			
3. Basic Characteristics of Object Orientation	? Abstraction and encapsulation			
	? Modularity			
	? Hierarchy			
	? Polimorphism			
	? Typing			
	? Dynamic binding			
4. Unified Modeling Language (UML)	? Introduction			
	? Basic elements of UML			
	? Static design: Class diagrams			
	? Dynamic design: Interaction diagrams			
	? Other diagrams			
5. Design Principles	? Quality in design			
	? SOLID principles			
	? Types of inheritance			



6. Design Patterns	? Introduction to design patterns
	? Elementary patterns
	? Designs adaptable to changes
	? Loosely coupled designs
	? Patterns and collections of objects
	? Other patterns and principles
Practice	? Introduction to Java and NetBeans
	? Software tests
	? Exceptions management
	? Use of a source code repository

Planning			
Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
	hours	work hours	
A7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C6	30	45	75
A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3	20	30	50
B4 C3 C6			
A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3	10	10	20
B4 C3 C6			
A7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C6	3	0	3
	2	0	2
	CompetenciesA7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C6A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3B4 C3 C6A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3B4 C3 C6A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3B4 C3 C6	A7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C6hoursA7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3 B4 C3 C620A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3 B4 C3 C610A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3 B4 C3 C610A7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C63	CompetenciesOrdinary class hoursStudent?s personal work hoursA7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C63045A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3 B4 C3 C62030A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3 B4 C3 C61010A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3 B4 C3 C6010

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description		
Guest lecture /	Lectures explaining theoretical concepts using different resources: blackboard, projection of digital slides, class notes in		
keynote speech	electronic format and other resources provided by the teachers in the Virtual Campus of the UDC.		
Laboratory practice Laboratory activities based on the knowledge that students are acquiring in lectures. Students will develop the			
	preferably in groups. We will use a modeling tool to build the design artifacts and an object-oriented language (Java) to		
	implement that artifacts.		
Seminar	Seminars with activities related to knowledge acquired in lectures or laboratory activities		
Objective test	Written test in which the knowledge acquired by students is assessed. Each student must apply their knowledge both in		
	theoretical and practical level.		

Personalized attention					
Methodologies	Description				
_aboratory practice	Personalized attention to students includes not only tutorials (either virtual or in-person) to discuss questions, but also the				
Seminar	following actions:				
	- Monitoring the work of laboratory practices proposed by the teacher.				
	- Evaluation of the results obtained in practice and seminars.				
	- Personalized meetings to answer questions about the contents of the subject.				

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification



Laboratory practice	A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3	Exercises based on Java programming, object-oriented design, testing design, the	33
	B4 C3 C6	modeling language UML and the use of design principles and design patterns.	
		Plagiarized practices will be voided, both the original and the copy, and may result in a	
		zero in the overall grade of the given assignment.	
Seminar	A7 A13 A14 B1 B2 B3		0
	B4 C3 C6	the assignments are discussed.	
		The seminars do not include the submission of assignments by the students, so it is	
		not an evaluable activity.	
Objective test	A7 A13 A14 B1 B3 C6	Written test conducted at the end of the semester with theoretical and practical	67
		content.	
		It is mandatory to obtain a minimum grade of 4 in the objective test to pass the	
		subject.	

Assessment comments

Failure to reach the minimum score in the objective test in any of the opportunities will mean that you can not get more than a 4.5 in the final grade of the subject.

Aspects to be considered for the evaluation of second opportunity (July):

Laboratory practices grades are the ones obtained at the first opportunity (submission of laboratory practices in the second opportunity is not

allowed). Aspects to be considered in the case of part-time enrollment:

The obligation to attend activities that require to be in-person is eliminated.

	Sources of information		
Basic	- Sierra, K., Bates, B. (2005). Head First Java. O?Reilly		
	- Schildt, H. (2018). Java 9. Anaya Multimedia		
	- Booch J.; Rumbaugh J. y Jacobson I. (2006). El Lenguaje Unificado de Modelado (2ª ed.) The Unified Modeling		
	Language (2nd ed.). Addison Wesley		
	- Martin, R.C. (2004). UML para programadores Java. UML for Java Programmers. Pearson		
	- Gamma, E.; Helm, R.; Johnson, R. y Vlissides J. (1996). Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-oriented		
	Software Addison Wesley		
Complementary	- Eckel, B. (2007). Piensa en Java (4ª ed.). Thinking in Java (4th ed.). Prentice-Hall		
	- Rumbaugh, J.; Jacobson, I. y Booch, J. (2004). The Unified Modeling Language Reference Manual. Addison Wesley		
	- Bloch, J. (2017). Effective Java (3rd ed.). Addison Wesley		
	- Martin, R.C. (2012). Código limpio : manual de estilo para el desarrollo ágil de software. Anaya Multimedia		
	- Freeman, E., Freeman, E., Bates, B. (2004). Head First Design Patterns. O'Reilly		
	- Grand M. (2002). Patterns in Java. John Wiley & amp; Sons		

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Programming I/614G01001
Programming II/614G01006
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Programming Paradigms/614G01014
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Software Process/614G01019
Human Machine Interfaces/614G01022
Internet and Distributed Systems/614G01023



Other comments

It is assumed that students know how to program and understand data structures (Programming II subject) but have never used an object-oriented language. At the beginning of the subject, as the students are introduced to the concepts of object orientation, they will become familiar with the basics of Java programming language.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.