		Teaching Guide			
	Identifyii	ng Data		2020/21	
Subject (*)	Physics for Architecture 1 Code			630G02008	
Study programme	Grao en Estudos de Arquitectura				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	First	Basic training	6	
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Construcións e Estruturas Arquit	ectónicas, Civís e Aeronáutic	asEnxeñaría Civil		
Coordinador	Vazquez Rodriguez, Jose Antoni	o E-ma	il jose.vazquez@u	dc.es	
Lecturers	Aragon Fitera, Jorge	E-ma	il j.aragon@udc.es	3	
	Cuba Cabana, Hilda		hilda.cuba@udc.	es	
	Dominguez Diez, Javier Fausting)	javier.dominguez	@udc.es	
	Freire Tellado, Manuel Jose		manuel.freire.tell	reire.tellado@udc.es	
	Vazquez Rodriguez, Jose Antoni	0	jose.vazquez@u	@udc.es	
Web	http://etsa.udc.es/web/				
	desenvolvemento. Esta labor cor programa propostos durante as o É imprescindible coñecer, compr dispoñible neste enlace http://ets	clases prácticas. ender e saber manexar con s	oltura os contidos básicos o	que integran o documento	
Contingency plan	Modifications to the contents Methodologies *Teaching methodologies that are *Teaching methodologies that are 3. Mechanisms for personalized are	e modified			

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A7	"Knowledge of the principles of general mechanics, statics, mass geometry and vector and tensor fields, adapted and applied to
	architecture and urbanism "
A63	Development, presentation and public review before a university jury of an original academic work individually elaborated and linked to any
	of the subjects previously studied

B1	Students have demonstrated knowledge and understanding in a field of study that is based on the general secondary education, and is
	usually at a level which, although it is supported by advanced textbooks, includes some aspects that imply knowledge of the forefront of
	their field of study
B2	Students can apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and have competences that can be displayed by means
	of elaborating and sustaining arguments and solving problems in their field of study
В3	Students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their field of study) to inform judgements that include
	reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues
B4	Students can communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialist and non-specialist public
B5	Students have developed those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high level of autonomy
B6	Knowing the history and theories of architecture and the arts, technologies and human sciences related to architecture
В9	Understanding the problems of the structural design, construction and engineering associated with building design and technical solutions
C1	Adequate oral and written expression in the official languages.
C3	Using ICT in working contexts and lifelong learning.
C5	Understanding the importance of entrepreneurial culture and the useful means for enterprising people.
C6	Critically evaluate the knowledge, technology and information available to solve the problems they must face
C7	Assuming as professionals and citizens the importance of learning throughout life
C8	Valuing the importance of research, innovation and technological development for the socioeconomic and cultural progress of society.

Learning outcomes				
Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	amme	
		competences		
1- Determine the equilibrium conditions of a rigid body in the plane as much space.	A7	B1	C1	
	A63	B2	С3	
		В3	C5	
		B4	C6	
		B5	C7	
		В6	C8	
		В9		
2- Knowing the kind of connection of isostatic structure	A7	B1	СЗ	
	A63	B2	C5	
		В3	C6	
		B4	C7	
		B5	C8	
		B6		
		B9		
3- Evaluate reactions of isostatic structure	A7	B1	C1	
	A63	B2	C3	
		В3	C5	
		B4	C6	
		B5	C7	
		В6	C8	
		В9		
4- Know and calculate the internal forces of isostatic frame structure (shear, bending,)	A7	B1	C1	
	A63	B2	C3	
		В3	C5	
		B4	C6	
		B5	C7	
		В6	C8	
		В9		

5- Learn a mixed structure subdivided into parts to proceed with its independent calculation	A7	B1	C1
5 Learn a mixed structure subdivided into parts to proceed with its independent calculation	A63	B2	C3
	7.00	B3	C5
		B4	C6
		B5	C7
		B6	C8
		В9	
6- Know and calculate the internal force of isostatic articulated structure (tensile and compressive forces)	A7	B1	C1
	A63	B2	С3
		В3	C5
		B4	C6
		B5	C7
		B6	C8
		B9	
7- Know and calculate internal forces of isostatic structure cables (tensile forces)	A7	B1	C1
	A63	B2	С3
		В3	C5
		B4	C6
		B5	C7
		B6	C8
		B9	
8- Locate the mass center of a rigid body.	A7	B1	C1
	A63	B2	C3
		В3	C5
		B4	C6
		B5	C7
		B6	C8
		B9	
9- Calculate moments and product of inertia of area respect to a plane, axes or point	A7	B1	C1
	A63	B2	C3
		B3	C5
		B4	C6
		B5	C7
		B6	C8
10. Evaluate the connections in a structure by energy methods / virtual work	A7	B9 B1	C1
10- Evaluate the connections in a structure by energy methods / virtual work	A7 A63	B1 B2	C1
	A63	B2 B3	C3
		В3 В4	C6
		B5	C6
		B6	C8
			_ C8
		B9	

Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic	

1- STATIC SOLID RIGID	Pavious of Machanics, Concept of force
1-STATIC SOLID RIGID	Review of Mechanics. Concept of force
	Basic hypothesis
	Force systems. Properties:
	Composition of forces. Resultant.
	Moment of a force respect to a point. Moment of the system.
	Moment of a force respect to axes. Moment of the system.
	Torque. Pair composition force.
	Reduction systems.
	Invariant of a system.
	Central axes.
	Equilibrium conditions in 3D and 2D.
	Particular cases:
	Solid rigid balance under the action of two forces.
	Solid rigid balance under the action of three forces.
2- LINKS AND REACTIONS FORCES.	Introduction. Concept of rigid solid. Free Solid / Solid linked.
EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID SOLID	Support, connection and joint. Definition. Classifications.
	Active Forces (or actions) and Reactive Forces (or effects).
	Freedon Degreem: Internal, External and Total.
	Connection or constraints two-dimensional systems (2D).
	Connection in three-dimensional systems (3D).
	Immobilization of the body: 2D and 3D.
	Isostatic, hyperstatic and mechanisms systems.
	Balance in two-dimensional. Calculation of reactions.
	Balance in three-dimensional. Calculation of reactions.
	Diagram of rigid solid.
3- ARTICULATED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS	Introduction. External and internal forces.
	Axial forces: Tension and Compression
	Truss structures.
	Definition. Basic hypothesis . Types
	Condition Isostatic system
	Calculation methods truss structures
	Method sections or Ritter
	Method joints
	Particular load cases
4- BEAMS: EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL FORCES	Introduction. Prismatic section.
	Beams. Types of beams.
	Loads. Types of loads.
	External and internal forces. Sign convention.
	Balance of a section.
	Axial, shear and bending moments diagrams
	Drawing diagrams
	Supported at one articulated at end beam with concentrated load
	Supported at one articulated at end with uniform distributed load.
	Cantilever with concentrated load
	Cantilever with uniformity distributed load.
5- ISOSTATIC BEAMS RESOLUTION	Beams with any types of load
5 .5557///16 BE/////0 REGOLOTION	
	Inclined beams with any types of load
	Inclined beams with any types of load Reams with binged connection and intermediate supports: Gether beam
	Beams with hinged connection and intermediate supports: Gerber beam.

6- RESOLUTION OF ISOSTATIC PORTAL FRAME	Definition. Types
0- RESOLUTION OF ISOSTATIC FORTALT RAINE	
	Method of study
	Portal frame supported-articulated
	Portal frame with cantilevers
	Three articulated portal frame
_ 0.01 = 0.000 0.000	Compound porches
7- CABLE STRUCTURES	Basic hypothesis. Balance.
	Cables with concentrated loads
	Cables with distributed load
	Differential equation of a cable
	Parabolic cable.
a adalysty of literature and made of litera	
8- GRAVITY CENTER AND MASS CENTER	Introduction. Center parallel forces system
	Weight and mass. Gravity center and mass center
	Application to Discrete Systems and Dynamic Systems
	Gravity center of surface. Centroids
	Static moment
	Properties of the center of mass.
	Papus-Guldin theorems
9-MOMENTS OF INERTIA	Introduction
	Moments of inertia of a particles system
	Product of inertia of a particles system
	Properties
	Moments and products of inertia of continuous systems
	Moments and products of inertia of plane systems
	Moments and products of inertia of surfaces and lines
	Distributive property
	Steiner theorem applied to moments of inertia
	Steiner theorem on products of inertia
	Moments of inertia of compound areas
	Turning radius of an area.
	Moment of inertia about any straight line. Rotation of Axes
	Principal axis of inertia
	Principal moments of inertia
	Maximum and minimum moments of inertia
	Mohr circle for moments and products of inertia
	Graphical representation of the Mohr circle
10-METHOD OF VIRTUAL WORKS	Introduction
	Work of a system of forces on a rigid solid
	Definition virtual displacement. Virtual work
	Principle of virtual works

Planning					
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours	
		hours	work hours		
Introductory activities	B1 B2 B3 B4 C3	2	1	3	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A7 A63 B1 B2 B3 B4	27	40.5	67.5	
	B5 B6 B9 C5 C6 C7				
	C8				

Problem solving	A7 A63 B1 B3 B4 B5	22	22	44
	B6 B9 C3 C5 C6 C7			
	C8			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A7 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	1	0	1
	B9 C1 C3 C6			
Objective test	A7 A63 B1 B2 B3 B4	5	0	5
	B5 B6 B9 C1 C3 C5			
	C6 C7 C8			
Diagramming	A7 A63 B1 B2 B3 B4	0	0.5	0.5
	B5 B9 C1 C3 C6 C7			
Glossary	A6 A53 A56 A57 B1	0	1	1
	B2 B3 B9 B11 B12			
Supervised projects	A7 A63 B1 B2 B3 B4	2	20	22
	B5 B6 B9 C1 C3 C5			
	C6 C7 C8			
Workbook	A7 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	0	5	5
	B6 B9 C3 C5 C6 C7			
	C8			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Introductory activities	Presentation on the subject, explaining its working and aims. Right after class is taught on structural types and overview of vector mechanic.
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Classes in which the teacher will present on the board or searchlight content of theoretical and practical matters.
Problem solving	In small group class the teacher will propose a series of practical problems that students will solve, partially or totally, with help and advice of teacher.
Mixed objective/subjective test	Responderase a diversas preguntas conceptuais e/ou numéricas. Esta proba servirá para avaliar o nivel de aprendizaxe de aspectos teórico prácticos da materia.
Objective test	Numerical and graphical issues will be proposed on the contents of the subject and the supporting literature will arise. It will assess the level of learning by the student around practical aspects of the subject.
Diagramming	Shorts brief introductions in diagram mode to each topic seek to relate the contents of the subject around the knowledge map of the degree.
Glossary	Student will produces a summary sheet with definitions, formulas and physical units related to each of the topics of the subject.
Supervised projects	Students handed over to the teacher at least five resolved problems of each of the topics of matter, must be made on an individual and personal and It will be delivered in paper format A4 manuscript. It will serve, added with attendance requirements, to have access to additional mark of the subject.
Workbook	The student will selects and analyzes exercise and / or mechanical theory in the bibliography, basic and supplementary, identified by teachers in this guide.

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	

Supervised projects	Attendance and activity will be controlled to the student.			
	He will prove his autonomous work with the delivery of a series of individual solved exercises.			
	A minimum of five exercise of each of the topics of the subject what will be delivered on deadlines determined by the teacher			
	in class.			
	The tutorial timetable for the personalized attention to the student will be exposed in the notice board and web.			

Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification			
Mixed	A7 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	Valorarase a exactitude na contestación a diversas preguntas sobre aspectos teórico	30			
objective/subjective	B9 C1 C3 C6	prácticos. Durante o desenvolvemento desta proba non se permitirá material de				
test		ningún tipo, agás bolígrafos.				
		As cuestións poden ser conceptuais e/ou numéricas, podendo presentar unha ou				
		varias respostas posibles. Neste caso, só unha sería a correcta.				
		Establécese un mínimo do 50% nesta proba para superar o curso; en caso contrario a				
		calificación será de Non Presentado, ao non cumplirse os requisitos para a				
		consideración da proba obxectiva.				
Problem solving	A7 A63 B1 B3 B4 B5	Solution in the classroom, individually, of issues proposed by the teacher throughout	7.5			
	B6 B9 C3 C5 C6 C7	the course.				
	C8					
Objective test	A7 A63 B1 B2 B3 B4	Three problems or case studies based on the contents and bibliography are raised.	60			
	B5 B6 B9 C1 C3 C5	Students will give numerical answer to each of them even showing the results				
	C6 C7 C8	graphically. The maximum note of this part is six points [6 pts.]				
		The exam is individual; non-compliance with this requirement will result in his				
		expulsion and implementation of current regulations. Mobile phones turn on, during				
		the examination, is strictly prohibited.				
		During the development of theoretical test, materials of any kind will not be allowed				
		except for pens; while for the realization of the practical question, calculator and				
		drawing materials should be used.				
		Each problem will be answered and will qualify in a DIN A3 format. Each one will be				
		delivered independently, written in indelible ink. The result will be given so that it is				
		clearly visible, indicating the numeric value with precision and its corresponding units.				
		Invalid parties must be clearly crossed out. All papers submitted, tehorical and				
		practical test, will take written the name of the student and his group to be corrected.				
Supervised projects	A7 A63 B1 B2 B3 B4	The student will need to raise and resolve individually at least five exercises described	2.5			
	B5 B6 B9 C1 C3 C5	in the section of the subject content; the teacher will establish them in a timely manner				
	C6 C7 C8	throughout the course along with their deadline.				

A
Assessment comments

CRITERIA FOR OBTAINING A

FAVORABLE EVALUATION:

Approved is set in five points over ten

possible according to this breakdown (idem in 1st and 2nd chance):

Theory

test multiple choice: 2ptos. [1 point minimum is required to consider practical

objective tests]

Practical

objective test: 6 pts.

Problem

solving and supervised work along the course: 2 pts

a) First chance: the end the fourth month

period, students will have access to the assessment provided that have filled the different controls of assistance to be presented by the teacher and / or properly solved exercises, reaching a minimum of 80% of the total.

Noncompliance by the student will imply a rating of NOT PRESENTED and a rating of 0 points in the section on troubleshooting and supervised works for second chance.

b) Second chance: It will be open to all students enrolled in the course maintaining the breakdown of scores for the

first opportunity.

Clarification for assistance and evaluation

for students in second and subsequent enrollment in the course:

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If the student not exceed 40% of the total assistance may not be admited at the first opportunity but yes to the second, but only about eight points.

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If the student over 40% of total assistance, only to theoretical teaching, may be admitted to first chance but only about eight points.

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A student of second and subsequent enrollment will be eligible for additional qualification when, after more than 40% assistance the theoretical and practical sessions, the teacher can to assign an additional mark in terms of practices and dossiers to be submitted along the academic year.

CRITERIA OF CORRECTION:

Adjusted to those derived from professional reality of the architect. As a general rule, misconceptions and numerical error are valued according to their seriousness, and may nullify the exercise; for example a wrong sign means an error of 200%.

Sources of information

Basic	- Beer, F.P.; Jonhston. E.R. (). Mecánica Vectorial para Ingenieros. Estática. Ed. McGraw-Hill.
	- Fontán, A; Nogueira, P; Pico; J.M.; Vázquez, J.A. (2004). Precurso I. Física. Vicerrectorado de Innovación
	Tecnológica
	- Gere, James (2002). Resistencia de Materiales. Editorial Thomson
	- Lamas, V; Otero, Mª Dolores (2002). Cálculo de estructuras artículadas. Editorial Gráficas del Noroeste
	- Lamas, V; Otero, Mª Dolores (2002). Cálculo de solicitaciones en vigas isostáticas. Editorial Gráficas del Noroeste
	- Meriam, J.L. ? Kraige, L.G (). Mecánica para Ingenieros. Estática. Editorial Reverté
	- Durá Doménech, A. ? Vera Guarinos, J. (). Fundamentos Físicos de las Construcciones Arquitectónicas .
	Universidad de Alicante
Complementary	- Herrero Arnaiz ? Rodríguez Cano ? Vega González (). Estática: Problemas Resueltos. Editorial Reverté

			ons

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Proxectos I/630011106

Xeometría Descritiva I/630011102

Debuxo I/630011103

Fundamentos Físicos na Arquitectura I/630011104

Fundamentos Matemáticos na Arquitectura I/630011105

Construción I/630011107

Xeometría Descritiva II/630011108

Fundamentos Matemáticos na Arquitectura II/630011110

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Physics 2/630G01013

Structures 1/630G01019

Other comments

For proper monitoring of the course is the essential

previous mastery of the following topics by the students:Logical reasoning. Calculate vector. Unit systems. Calculate matrix. Geometry and trigonometry. Derivation and

integration. Solving systems of equations. All students of the subject should know,

understand and know how to manage the content available on this link:http://etsa.udc.es/web/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/Precurso-Física.pdf

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.