

| Teaching Guide | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Identifying Data | | | | | |
| Subject (*) | Information Gathering and Analysing Techniques Code | | | 652G03026 | | |
| Study programme | Grao en Educación Social | | | | | |
| | | Desc | riptors | | | |
| Cycle | Period | Ye | ear | Туре | Credits | |
| Graduate | 1st four-month period | Th | hird | Obligatory | 6 | |
| Language | Galician | | | | | |
| Teaching method | Hybrid | | | | | |
| Prerequisites | | | | | | |
| Department | Didácticas Específicas e Métodos | s de Investigac | ión e Diagnóstico | en Educación | | |
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| General description | The socio-educational reality of the | ne educator / s | ocial is complex, c | diverse and difficult to ar | nalyze, describe and interpret, so | |
| | it is necessary that throughout the | eir academic tr | aining, they acqui | re a series of competen | ces that allow them to develop | |
| | their subsequent professional act | ivity For this | circumstance, the | learning and application | n of various research | |
| | methodologies, which are planne | d in this matter | r, will allow the edu | ucator in the future to se | elect the most appropriate one to | |
| | solve the problems that will be en | countered in th | heir next work env | ironment. Without forge | tting that the social educator | |
| | within their work environment will | have to invest | igate in order to co | ome up with possible so | lutions that improve the context in | |
| | which their work activity takes pla | ice. The divers | ity of epistemologi | ical conceptions applica | ble to different social situations | |
| | will be a source of information for | the social rese | earcher, allowing t | hem to determine which | n is the most appropriate to solve | |
| | the problem they are facing. It is i | not intended to | establish a priorit | y or an order of importa | nce among the various modes of | |
| | research, but it is the research pr | oblem that will | determine the cho | pice of one methodology | or another, making it more valid | |
| | for this type of problem. All this ha | as not felt if we | e do not ask oursel | lves and answer the que | estion: what we want to achieve. | |
| | There are many instruments that we can use to obtain data and, by link, it is necessary to have knowledge of the wide range of possibilities. A good / good professional will be one who knows how to choose, in each circumstance, the | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | techniques and instruments that best adapt to the situation. Therefore, it is necessary to deepen the knowledge and mastery of the different tools that we have at our disposal. Thus, in this matter, the main techniques and instruments that can be applied to the socio-educational field will be analyzed, indicating their fundamental characteristics, the advantages and disadvantages they present and the most appropriate circumstances or moments to put them into practice. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |



| Contingency plan | Contingency plan (example adapted from Addendum Covid19) |
|------------------|---|
| | 1. Modifications in the contents: No changes will be made |
| | 2. Methodologies |
| | Teaching methodologies that are maintained: |
| | -Master class |
| | - Internships through ICT |
| | - Case Studies - Problem Solving |
| | - Documentary source analysis |
| | - Workshop |
| | - Collaborative learning |
| | - Mixed Test |
| | - Personalized attention |
| | Teaching methodologies that change: No changes will be made |
| | 3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students: |
| | -Email: Daily. Used to make queries, request virtual meetings to resolve doubts and monitor the work being done. |
| | - Moodle: Daily. According to the needs of the students. They have "thematic forums associated to the modules" of the |
| | subject, to formulate the necessary consultations. There are also "specific activity forums", through which the development |
| | of theoretical contents of the subject are put into practice. |
| | - Teams: |
| | A) Weekly session in a large interactive group (as in the interactive classes) to advance in the contents and cards and to |
| | carry out the knowledge tests in the time slot assigned to the non-calendar subject approved by the Faculty Board. |
| | B) From 1 to 2 weekly sessions (or more, depending on the demand of the students) in a small group (up to 6 people), for |
| | the follow-up and support in the realization of the guided cards. This dynamic allows for a standardized follow up, adjusted |
| | to the learning needs of the students in order to develop the subject. |
| | |
| | 4. Modifications in the evaluation: No changes will be made |
| | Comments: |
| | a) The presence of the students will only be controlled in the interactive classes of the subject, through the realization of the |
| | tests of knowledge that will be done at the end of each session. The students will be considered as being present |
| | whenever they attend the interactive classes; it is only possible to miss three times (without justification) but never more |
| | than twice in each of the parts of the subject (technical and analysis parts). Students can present proof of absence from |
| | class, provided that they are doctors, working doctors, hospital staff, etc., but they must be approved (they cannot, for |
| | example, request a doctor's appointment, etc.). The main resource used to control student attendance will be the Moodle, |
| | where knowledge tests will be carried out. |
| | b) Non-attendance students can follow the subject through Moodle, but they will not be able to participate in the knowledge |
| | tests nor will they be summoned by TEAMS for the interactive classes. A non-attendance student is considered to be one |
| | who, given a new situation of confinement, up to that moment had chosen that option (on the first day of class) or who had |
| | |

already passed the three absences in total (or in some of the parts of the subject); in this last option, the students would automatically pass to this modality. The evaluation of this student body will be maintained as stated in the Teaching Guide, in the specific section on "observations".



c) The evaluation will be entirely through Moodle, with the differences presented in the Teaching Guide between face-to-face and non- face-to-face students.

d) The lectures will continue under the non-presential modality. A Power Point with the recorded voice of the explanation will be presented one week in advance to the students in Moodle (the exposition classes will be from 9-10.30h), or through a Stream video (the link will be in Moodle).

e) The interactive classes will change to the non-presence mode, maintaining the format of working groups that are specified in the hybrid mode. The work groups will be created by TEAMS, which will be the means through which the cards and the knowledge test will be followed by the teachers (these classes will always be in the schedule approved by the Faculty Board).

f) The evaluation of the subject will be, in all possible modalities, virtual (due to health circumstances) and the same weighting of the grades will be maintained, regardless of the teaching modality. It will be as follows: the mixed test will be done by Moodle (on the date and time approved by the Faculty Board for the January and July exams); the knowledge tests will be within each interactive class (in this case, at the end of the interactive class by TEAMS). The tests will not be enabled until the start of the interactive classes of each interactive group will have a different knowledge test); the cards that are made will be presented in two documents that will be posted in Moodle on the dates set by the teachers on the first day of class. It should be remembered that students must take each of the forms of evaluation in order to pass the subject; that is to say,

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| | Study programme competences / results |
|------|--|
| Code | Study programme competences / results |
| A5 | Identificar e analizar os factores contextuais que afectan os procesos de intervención socioeducativa. |
| A6 | Seleccionar diferentes métodos e técnicas para a planificación e avaliación de programas e servizos. |
| A7 | Aplicar metodoloxías educativas e dinamizadoras da acción socioeducativa. |
| A8 | Detectar factores de vulnerabilidade, de exclusión e de discriminación social que dificulten a inclusión social, escolar e laboral de persoas e colectivos. |
| A11 | Observar, analizar, interpretar procesos de mediación social, cultural e educativa. |
| A13 | Deseñar e levar a cabo proxectos de investigación elementais aplicables aos diferentes campos de intervención. |
| A14 | Identificar e emitir xuízos razoados sobre problemas socioeducativos para mellorar a práctica profesional. |
| A19 | Asesorar e supervisar programas, planos, proxectos e centros socioeducativos. |
| A21 | Deseñar e implementar procesos de avaliación de programas e estratexias de intervención socioeducativa en diversos contextos. |
| B1 | Elaborar, analizar, sintetizar, valorar e transmitir criticamente a información. |
| B2 | Redactar e presentar informes técnicos, memorias, regulamentos ou calquera outro documento básico que contribúa a regular a acción socioeducativa. |
| B4 | Deseñar e impulsar espazos socioeducativos en contextos de diversidade atendendo á igualdade de xénero, á equidade e respecto aos |
| | dereitos humanos, favorecendo o empoderamento das persoas e colectivos ubicados en situacións de desvantaxe social. |
| B5 | Capacidade de mostrar actitudes coherentes coas concepcións éticas e deontolóxicas propias da profesión. |
| B6 | Adquirir e dominar habilidades comunicativas que permitan transmitir información, ideas e propostas a diversas audiencias. |
| C1 | Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, nas linguas oficiais da comunidade autónoma. |
| C3 | Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e |
| | para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida. |
| C4 | Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a |
| | realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común. |
| C6 | Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse. |
| C8 | Valorar a importancia que ten a investigación, a innovación e o desenvolvemento tecnolóxico no avance socioeconómico e cultural da |
| | sociedade. |

| Learning outcomes | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------|------|
| Learning outcomes | Study programmo competences / | | amme |
| | | | es/ |
| | | results | |
| Know the main technical of data collection in the processes of social and educational intervention. | A5 | B1 | C1 |
| | A6 | B4 | C4 |
| | A7 | | C6 |
| | A8 | | |
| | A11 | | |
| | A13 | | |
| | A14 | | |
| | A21 | | |
| Design instruments of data collection of processes of social and educational intervention, applying different technical. | A5 | B1 | C1 |
| | A6 | B2 | C4 |
| | A13 | | C6 |
| | A21 | | |
| Schedule data collection and analysis in processes of social and educational intervention. | A5 | B1 | C6 |
| | A6 | B2 | C8 |
| | A13 | | |
| | A19 | | |
| | A21 | | |



| Perform collecting relevant information from a process of socio-educational intervention | | B1 | C1 |
|--|-----|----|----|
| | | B2 | C6 |
| | | B5 | |
| | | B6 | |
| Know the main technical of data analysis in the processes of social and educational intervention. | A6 | B1 | C3 |
| | A13 | | C6 |
| | | | C8 |
| Analyze the information collected in the process of socio-educational intervention using appropriate analytical techniques | A5 | B1 | C3 |
| | A6 | B2 | |
| | A13 | | |
| | A19 | | |

| Contents | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Торіс | Sub-topic | | |
| | 1. Conceptual Determination | | |
| Topic I.INTRODUCTION. | 2. Sample selection | | |
| | | | |
| | 2.1 Selection of the sample in the quantitative approach | | |
| | 2.2. Sample selection in the qualitative approach | | |
| Topic II. TECHNICAL COLLECTION OF INFORMATION | 1. Instruments collection of quantitative information | | |
| | 1.1. Scales | | |
| | 1.2. Questionnaire | | |
| | 2. Instruments collection of qualitative information | | |
| | 2.1. Observation | | |
| | 2.2. Interviews and Life stories | | |
| | 2.3. Discussion Groups | | |
| Topic III. TECHNICAL INFORMATION ANALYSIS | 1. Qualitative analysis (concept maps, reliability and validity) | | |
| | 2. Quantitative analysis | | |
| | 2.1 Reliability and Validity | | |
| | 2.2. Analysis of categorical or nominal data. | | |
| | 2.3 Analysis of ordinal data | | |
| | 2.4. Metric data analysis | | |

| Planning | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Methodologies / tests | Competencies / | Competencies / Teaching hours | | Total hours |
| | Results | (in-person & virtual) | work hours | |
| Guest lecture / keynote speech | A5 A7 A14 B1 C4 C6 | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| | C8 | | | |
| ICT practicals | A6 C3 | 10 | 10 | 20 |
| Case study | A6 A13 A21 C1 | 8 | 16 | 24 |
| Problem solving | A19 B2 C1 | 8 | 16 | 24 |
| Document analysis | B1 | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| Workshop | B5 B6 C1 | 3 | 12 | 15 |



| Collaborative learning | A6 A8 A11 A13 A19 | 2 | 12 | 14 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|----|----|----|
| | A21 B1 B2 B4 C1 C3 | | | |
| Mixed objective/subjective test | A5 A6 A13 A19 A21 | 2 | 12 | 14 |
| | B1 B2 B5 B6 C1 C3 | | | |
| | C4 C6 C8 | | | |
| Personalized attention | | 10 | 0 | 10 |

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

| | Methodologies |
|-------------------|---|
| Methodologies | Description |
| Guest lecture / | Class taught by teacher lecturers, in expository classes, on the contents of the aforementioned section of ?contents? of this |
| keynote speech | teaching guide. This methodology uses word and sight exclusively as a transmission channel that gives information to the |
| | whole or group. Teachers will provide students with material in Power Point with the recording of their voice (through Moodle |
| | and Stream) for the follow-up of the exhibition. Neste material or students will have bibliographical references to consult ou, |
| | tamén, to complete ou to follow the exposition of the professors. |
| ICT practicals | This methodology will be undertaken for two types of activities: |
| | a) Carrying out online tests of each theoretical content addressed in expository sessions. A test will be carried out at the end of |
| | each interactive session, where the students will be able to test the learning acquired in theoretical sessions and applied in |
| | interactive sessions. These tests will form part of the final assessment of the subject. |
| | b) Analysis gives computerized information. I carry out both quantitative and qualitative computer programs for both instrumen |
| | design and collection and analysis of information. The development of this analysis activity will be complementary to the |
| | problem solving methodology. |
| | This methodology is part of " Pilot Program for Teaching Non-Gradual Galician in Social Education" |
| Case study | This methodology will be used to carry out the practices corresponding to subjects 1 and 2, two contents of the subject. A |
| | practical case will be presented to the students per group and they must apply the theoretical knowledge acquired in |
| | expository sessions to solve the case. Or students will give interactive classes to carry out the activities entrusted to them and |
| | they will incorporate all of them in a single document (which will constitute the Obradoiro methodology) that will be called |
| | "Recollida da Información Techniques", and which will be delivered in the stipulated data by teaching poles. |
| | This methodology is part of " Pilot Program for Teaching Non-Gradual Galician in Social Education" |
| Problem solving | This methodology is used only for topic 3 two contents of the subject. Or students will give interactive classes to carry out the |
| - | entrusted activities and will incorporate all of them together into a single document (which will constitute the Obradoiro |
| | methodology), which will be called " Analysis Techniques of Information" that will be delivered in the stipulated data |
| | by teaching poles. |
| | This methodology is part of " Pilot Program for Teaching Non-Gradual Galician in Social Education" |
| Document analysis | Metodología That supone wool utilization of documents audiovisuales y/the bibliographic (artículos, educational texts, |
| | databases, etc.) relevantes For thematic wool of wool subject with activities especificamente diseñadas for lo análisis of estos. |
| | This metodología puede emplear: how introducción it a subject, how instrument of application, to explain processes that in the |
| | pueden observe directly, for wool presentation of situaciones complejas it how síntesis of contenidos of theoretical character |
| | the práctico |
| Workshop | This methodology is only intended for the content of subject 2 and topic 3. As a matter of fact, try to make the student combine |
| | other methodologies such as, for example, case studies and problem solving, practices through ICT, etc. But I keep in mind |
| | that with her or the students she carries out purely practical tasks on this subject with the support and supervision of teachers. |
| | All this will only be carried out when some topics are explained. The teachers will present to the students the notes on this |
| | topic (through moodle); nas expository classes will explain with solutions of problems some notes; The interactive classes for |
| | the teacher will present guided files (guided practices) for the student to perform. FOR ALL ISTO OR STUDENT MUST |
| | BRING REVISED NOTES. For the delivery of this methodology, the teachers will plan a delivery date in moodle |
| | This methodology is part of "Pilot Program for Teaching Non-Gradual Galician in Social Education |
| | |



| Collaborative learning | This methodology is combined with other methodologies such as work, analysis of fontes documentais, diagrams, readings, |
|------------------------|---|
| | conceptual maps, problem solving, etc. All these procedures will be guided PRESENTLY (ou virtual, through the TEAMS |
| | platform) and / or supported by information and communication technologies. For your realization set up small groups (not |
| | more than 5-6 people). Take place during all of the interactive subject classes. |
| | This methodology is part of " Pilot Program for Teaching Non-Gradual Galician in Social Education" |
| Mixed | Test used to assess learners both in expository and interactive classes. Parts count: |
| objective/subjective | a) Technical part: it will be or that the teacher will present expository classes. Topics 1 and 2 will be two contents of the |
| test | teaching guide. |
| | |
| | b) Part analysis: it will be only that or / or professor / a exposed and work with students not subject 3 of the content section of |
| | this subject. |
| | |
| | As the questions of these parts can be direct or incomplete statements, the same questions with several options or alternative |
| | answers that provide possible solutions. But only one more correct. NESTA PROBA AS INCORRECT RESPONSES WILL |
| | SUBTRACT CORRECT. The subject is exceeded when all the parts are overcome and some parts will never be saved for |
| | other calls. |

| Personalized attention | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Methodologies | Description | | |
| Problem solving | In personalized attention, the teachers will solve the doubts that the student has about the different topics to work on in the | | |
| ICT practicals | subject. But also any questions that may arise for the solution of problems, in the readings, in the workshop, in collaborative | | |
| Mixed | learning, the analysis of documentary sources as in the study of cases and practices through ICT. During these sessions, the | | |
| objective/subjective | work of the students will be monitored, supervising and directing more directly the process to be followed in each of the | | |
| test | activities carried out. This personalized attention will take place in the teachers' office (P1A15 and P1A19) during the tutoring | | |
| Case study | hours. This schedule is posted on the board in the teachers' office, on the department's website and in the Faculty of | | |
| Guest lecture / | Education Sciences. PERSONALIZED ATTENTION WILL BE PERFORMED VIS A VIS BETWEEN THE STUDENT AND THE | | |
| keynote speech | TEACHER. THIS ATTENTION MUST BE INDIVIDUAL (IN ORDER TO COMPLY WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS | | |
| Workshop | ORIGINATED BY COVID-19). THEY CAN BE GROUP BUT THROUGH TEAMS (these for the face-to-face students) TO BE | | |
| Collaborative learning | ABLE TO ORGANIZE SUCH ATTENTION. THE STUDENT MUST COMMUNICATE FIRST WITH THE TEACHER VIA EMAIL | | |
| | (IN THAT MAIL HE WILL REQUEST AN INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP TUTORING). REMEMBER THAT THE TEACHERS ARE | | |
| | THE ONE THAT WILL SET THE SCHEDULE OF THE SAID TUTOR. IF THE STUDENT DOES NOT SEND THAT EMAIL, | | |
| | THE TEACHERS WILL NOT ATTEND UNDER ANY CURCUNSTAN | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | | Assessment | |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Methodologies | Competencies / | Description | Qualification |
| | Results | | |



| Problem solving | A19 B2 C1 | This task is intended for a single subject content (Topic 3). With the same it is tried | 20 |
|-----------------|-----------|---|----|
| | | that the students combine other methodologies like for example, solutions of | |
| | | problems, guided practices (guided files), etc. But bearing in mind that with you you | |
| | | are the student to carry out purely practical tasks on this subject with the support and | |
| | | supervision of the teaching staff. All this will not take place when topic 3 is explained. | |
| | | The teacher will present the notes of this topic to the students (through moodle); in the | |
| | | expository classes he will explain with solutions of problems of these notes; In the | |
| | | interactive classes, the teacher will present guided practices so that he or the student | |
| | | can carry them out. FOR ALL THESE STUDENTS MUST BRING THE REVISED | |
| | | NOTES. The students must carry out all the proposed practices and incorporate them | |
| | | into a single document, as a dossier, which will be delivered to the teacher within the | |
| | | established period, under the name of "Information analysis techniques" | |
| | | (which will be the Obradoiro methodology). The teachers before the end of the school | |
| | | period will carry out a simulation of this test, during the class hours of the subject. The | |
| | | simulation questions will be available to the students enrolled in this subject in moodle. | |
| | | Attendance at this drill is not mandatory. | |
| ICT practicals | A6 C3 | | 20 |
| | | This methodology will be used only to assess the progress of the students in | |
| | | understanding the theoretical content of the subject (expository classes). Short | |
| | | knowledge tests (of the one developed during the corresponding expository and | |
| | | interactive session) will be carried out. The last 30 minutes of the interactive classes | |
| | | will be used (the student must connect via moodle to carry out these evaluations). | |
| | | ESSENTIAL THAT EACH STUDENT BRINGS IN THE INTERACTIVE CLASSES | |
| | | YOUR COMPUTER AND ALL THE MATERIAL THAT YOU NEED TO PERFORM | |
| | | THESE PRACTICES | |



| Mixed | A5 A6 A13 A19 A21 | The examination of the calls for January or July is what makes reference in the | 40 |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|----|
| objective/subjective | B1 B2 B5 B6 C1 C3 | evaluation of this methodology and consists of two parts: | |
| test | C4 C6 C8 | 1-Part TECHNIQUES will consist of an open response item number, or a short | |
| | | response or true and false but justifying (the type of questions will be determined by | |
| | | the teaching staff). A question with an incorrect answer subtracts a question with a | |
| | | correct answer. This part is approved when a score of 10 out of 20 points is reached, | |
| | | which is the maximum score reached here (no note is kept from any part, in any call, if | |
| | | it is suspended). | |
| | | 2-Part ANALYSIS. This part consists of several statistical problems or short answer | |
| | | questions or true and false questions (the teacher will decide what type of questions). | |
| | | This part is approved when a score of 10 out of 20 points is reached, which is the | |
| | | maximum score achieved here. | |
| | | DISCLAIMER. | |
| | | If any of the parts is suspended (the minimum score to pass is not reached) the | |
| | | student must go to the next call with everything. NO PARTS OF ANY REVIEW OF | |
| | | ONE CALL FOR ANOTHER OR OTHER CALLS ARE KEPT. THE DATE OF THE | |
| | | EXAMS OF THE CALLS ARE MARKED BY THE FACULTY BOARD THEREFORE | |
| | | THEY DO NOT MOVE. THE SCALE THAT IS FOLLOWED IN EACH OF THE | |
| | | PARTIES, TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT: a) 10 POINTS TO 13 POINTS EQUIVES | |
| | | AN APPROVED (5-6). Specifically, 10 -11 points is equivalent to a five; 12-13 points | |
| | | equals a six. | |
| | | b) 14 POINTS TO 17 POINTS EQUIVES A NOTABLE (7-8). Specifically, 14 -15 points | |
| | | is equivalent to a seven; 16-17 points equals eight. | |
| | | c) 18 POINTS TO 20 POINTS EQUIVALENTS AN OUTSTANDING (9-10). | |
| | | Specifically, 18 - 19 points equals nine; 20 points equals 10 | |
| Case study | A6 A13 A21 C1 | This task is intended for the content of the subject (Topic 1 and 2). With the same it is | 20 |
| | | tried that the students combine other methodologies like for example, solutions of | |
| | | problems, guided practices (guided files), etc. But bearing in mind that with it the | |
| | | students carry out purely practical tasks on this subject with the support and | |
| | | supervision of the teaching staff. All this will not be carried out when topic 1 and 2 are | |
| | | explained. The teaching staff will present to the students the notes on this topic | |
| | | (through moodle); in the expository classes he will explain these notes with cases; In | |
| | | the interactive classes, the teaching staff will present guided practices (guided files) | |
| | | for the students to carry out FOR ALL THIS. THE STUDENTS MUST BRING THE | |
| | | REVISED NOTES. Students must carry out all the proposed practices and incorporate | |
| | | them into a single document, as a dossier, which will be delivered to the teacher within | |
| | | the established period, under the name of "Information Collection | |
| | | Techniques" (called Obradoiro methodology). The teachers before the end of the | |
| | | school period will carry out a simulation of the test, during the class time of the | |
| | | subject. The simulation questions will be available to the students enrolled in this | |
| | | subject in moodle. Attendance at this drill is not mandatory | |

Assessment comments



In the

evaluation of the subject (exposed in the section of the teaching guide, called "Step 7: Evaluation") the following will be taken into account first of all: a) STUDENTS WHO ALWAYS ATTEND THE CLASS (or students with academic dispensation) (face-to-face students) are considered to attend 80%, this is equivalent to having no more than 3 unexcused absences. Medical absences (with proof correctly covered by a registered doctor) and absences for a job (with proof correctly covered at work where it is justified that in hours of work you are working) or any other absence is always justified with the approved documentation . The online tests planned for the end of each interactive session must be carried out in the classroom; In no case (the exception of students with academic dispensation) can it be done outside the classroom. Attendance to interactive classes will be counted from the answers to the online tests. You may not have more than two absences in each part of the subject (collection techniques and analysis techniques). The qualifications of the knowledge tests that are carried out in the interactive classes not real late-night until the dossier is delivered (Obradoiro methodology) The

evaluation of these students takes into account the following: 1-The mixed test, 2-Practices through ICT; 3-Case studies and 4-Problem solving. Evaluations from 2 to 4, both inclusive, will only be effective when the dossier is delivered (Obradoiro methodology)

Nota explicativa: Estos estudiantes continuarán cara a cara (en las mismas circunstancias o perderán esta categoría) si, debido a la crisis de salud, las clases son virtuales. Dado que las exposiciones son siempre virtuales, las clases interactivas seguirán las mismas reglas pero a través de equipos. Para esta tarea, el personal docente configurará los grupos interactivos en equipos y tendrá clases al mismo tiempo que fue aprobado por la junta de profesores. La evaluación, en estas circunstancias (crisis de salud), siempre será por moodle. La prueba mixta para estos estudiantes, al igual que las clases interactivas son presenciales o virtuales, siempre será por moodle.

b) ESTUDIANTES QUE NO ASISTEN SIEMPRE La CLASE (estudiantes sin asistencia) se considera que no asisten cuando falta más del 80%, es decir, tienen más de tres ausencias injustificadas o tienen más de dos ausencias en una de las partes de la asignatura (técnicas para recopilar y / o analizar información). Las ausencias médicas están justificadas (con la prueba cubierta correctamente por un médico registrado) y las ausencias por un trabajo (con la prueba cubierta correctamente en el trabajo donde se justifica que en las horas de clase se está trabajando), aunque en ningún caso estas pruebas suponen la posibilidad de tomar las pruebas en línea después de la fecha límite. También puede ser el alumnado el que elija desde el comienzo de la asignatura (el primer día de clase, los profesores presentarán esta opción que el alumnado puede elegir). Estos estudiantes tomarán las pruebas de los exámenes de junio o julio. Se recomienda que los estudiantes realicen los dos trabajos de la asignatura ("Técnicas para recopilar información" y "técnicas para el análisis de la información") de forma independiente, ya que se evalúan en la prueba final de la asignatura (60%), junto con El contenido teórico de la prueba mixta (40%). En este sentido, estos estudiantes solo harán la prueba mixta a través de moodle

Sources of information



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| Complementary | - BRIONES, G. (2003). Métodos y técnicas de investigación para las Ciencias Sociales . México: Trillas, 4a. | | |
| | - DE KETELE, J.M. y ROEGIERS, X. (1995). Metodología para la recogida de información. Madrid: La Muralla | | |
| | - ESCUDERO PÉREZ, J. (2004). Análisis de la realidad local. Madrid: Narcea | | |
| | - CORBETTA, P. (2003). Metodología y Técnicas de Investigación Social. Madrid: McGraw-Hill | | |

| Recommendations |
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| Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before |
| Research Methods /652G03019 |
| Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously |
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| Subjects that continue the syllabus |
| Evaluation Methods for Socio-Educational Programmes and Services/652G03023 |
| Evaluation and Diagnosis in Socio-Educational Needs/652G03039 |
| Other comments |
| lf recomienda los envío of los trabajos telemáticamente y yes in the are possible, when using plastic, elegir wool impression to doble |
| expensive, emplear paper recycled y avoid print drafts. It owes & nbsp; hacer an use sostenible of los resources y wool prevention of negative impacts |
| envelope he half natural. It owes & nbsp; tener in cuenta wool importance of los ethical principles related with los values of wool sostenibilidad in los |
| comportamientos personales and profesionales.IT IS ALSO RECOMMENDED TO USE INCLUSIVE LANGUAGE |
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(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.