		Teachin	g Guide		
Identifying Data					2019/20
Subject (*)	Structural Engineering			Code	730497214
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Enxeñ	aría Industrial (	plan 2018)		
		Desci	iptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degree	e 2nd four-month period	Fi	rst	Optional	4.5
Language	Spanish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Enxeñaría Naval e Industrial				
Coordinador	Reinosa Prado, Jose Manuel E-mail j.reinosa@udc.es				
Lecturers	Loureiro Montero, Alfonso E-mail a.loureiro@udc.es				
	Reinosa Prado, Jose Manuel j.reinosa@udc.es				
Web	http://https://sites.google.com/site	e/structuralanal	ysislab/		
General description	Nesta materia perséguese adqui	rir as competer	cias especificas b	pásicas necesarias para o	deseño e análise de diferentes
	tipos de estruturas, baseadas en	distintas técnio	as de análise est	ructural.	

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A19	EI3 - Knowledge and skills for the calculation and design of structures.
B1	CB6 - Possess and understand knowledge that provides a basis or opportunity to be original in the development and / or application of
B2	ideas, often in a research context.  CB7 - That students know how to apply the knowledge acquired and their ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments
	within broader (or multidisciplinary) contexts related to their area of ??study.
В3	CB8 - That students are able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgments based on information that, being
	incomplete or limited, includes reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and
	judgments.
B6	G1 - Have adequate knowledge of the scientific and technological aspects in Industrial Engineering.
B7	G2 - Project, calculate and design products, processes, facilities and plants.
B13	G8 - Apply the knowledge acquired and solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader and multidisciplinary contexts.
B14	G9 - Be able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgments based on information that, being incomplete or limited
	includes reflections on social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgments.
B17	G12 - Knowledge, understanding and ability to apply the necessary legislation in the exercise of the profession of Industrial Engineer.
C1	ABET (a) - An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering.
C2	ABET (b) - An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.
C3	ABET (c) - An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic,
	environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability.
C5	ABET (e) - An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems.
C6	ABET (f) - An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.
C8	ABET (h) - The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and
	societal context.
C11	ABET (k) - An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences

Theoretical and practical knowledge applied in the structural analysis.	AJ19	BJ1	CJ1
Theoretical and practical knowledge applied in the structural analysis.	AJIS		
		BJ2	CJ2
		BJ3	CJ3
		BJ6	CJ5
		BJ7	CJ6
		BJ13	CJ8
		BJ14	CJ11
		BJ17	
Knowledge and skills for the calculation and design of steel structures and concrete.	AJ19	BJ1	CJ1
		BJ2	CJ2
		BJ3	CJ3
		BJ6	CJ5
		BJ7	CJ6
		BJ13	CJ8
		BJ14	CJ11
		BJ17	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic Sub-topic
Chapter 0. The following topics develop the contents set up in	Matrix analysis. Basis of calculation. Analysis and design of structures. Concrete
the verification memory.	structures. steel structures. Soil mechanics. Design of foundations
Chapter 1. Introduction to matrix structural analysis.	Introduction. Structure idealization. System redundances and degrees of freedom.
	Method of flexibility. Direct stiffness method. Comparison between the two methods.
	Global and local coordinates. Transformations of spatial coordinates. Transformation
	matrix.
Chapter 2. Stiffness matrix of structural elements	Introduction. Axial force member with plane movement. General axial force member.
	Beam bending member with plane movement. Beam torsional and bending member.
	General beam member. Problems.
Chapter 3. Stiffness matrix of the frame	Compatibility equations. Equilibrium at nodes. Stiffness matrix properties. Problems.
Chapter 4. Boundary conditions.	Needs for boundary conditions. Introduction of null displacement. Introduction of
	prescribed displacement. Other techniques of introduction of boundary conditions.
	Elastic supports. Inclined supports. Problems.
Chapter 5. Forces.	Introduction. Loads between nodal points. Calculation of fix end forces, bending
	moment diagrams and reactions. Initial or thermal strain conditions. Problems.
Chapter 6. Analysis and design of structures and fundations	Analysis of metallic structures, concrete and fundations

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Problem solving	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	4.5	20.5	25
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1			
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11			
Supervised projects	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	4.5	20.5	25
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1			
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11			
Laboratory practice	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	10	2.5	12.5
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1			
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11			

Objective test	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	0	2.5	2.5
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1			
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	12.5	25	37.5
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1			
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11			
Personalized attention		10	0	10
(*)The information in the planning table is for au-	dance only and does not	taka inta aasaunt tha l	atorogonoity of the ot	

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	Methodology that allows the realization of activities of practical character, with computer, such as modelization and structural analysis
Supervised projects	Methodology designed to promote autonomous learning of students, solving a problem that involves the contents of the course and involves specific skills, under teacher supervision.
Laboratory practice	Metodoloxía que permite que os estudiantes aprendan efectivamente a través da realización de actividades de carácter práctico.
Objective test	Exame sobre os coñecementos adquiridos na asignatura.
Guest lecture /	Guest lecture / keynote speech Oral lecture supplemented with the use of audiovisual means, aiming transmit knowledge and
keynote speech	facilitate the learning within the scope of structural analysis

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	Guidance and revision about specific problems posed at the development of the different activities proposed in the course.
Laboratory practice	Revision and help when making supervised projects.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Supervised projects	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	The work involves the contents theoretical and practical in the subject. It must be	30
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1	made individually, in practical session and at the homework hours. It will track the	
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11	work performance in the practical sessions.	
Objective test	A19 B1 B2 B3 B13	Realizarase un exame final sobre os coñecementos adquiridos na asignatura.	70
	B14 B17 B7 B6 C1		
	C2 C3 C5 C6 C8 C11		

## Assessment comments

## The

student, whose presence along the quarter is insufficient to perform the monitoring and the assessment of their work, by academic waiver or other causes, will also have to develop and submit it for their evaluation. Support and monitoring of such work shall be carried out in tutoring sessions. The assessment is done through the presentation of supervised work and/or the objective test. In this case, the evaluation process can include a session practical, individually or in group, in which the student addresses manually or with the computer the problems posed by the teacher.

## For the

second chance you can present the supervised work and/or improve the already accomplished. Support and monitoring is done in tutorial sessions. The assessment is done through the presentation of supervised work pending and/or improved and/or the objective test. The process of evaluation may include, in addition to the above, a practice session individually or in group, in which the student addresses manually or with the computer the problems posed by the teacher.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Celigüeta Lizarza, Juan Tomás (2003). Curso de análisis estructural . Eunsa, Ediciones Universidad de Navarra.
	Pamplona
	- McCormac, Jack C (2011). Análisis de estructuras : métodos clásico y matricial. México : Alfaomega
	- Hibbeler, Russell C. (2012). Análisis estructural . Naucalpan de Juárez : Pearson
	- W. McGuire, R. H. Gallagher, R.D. Ziemian (2000). Matrix Structural Analysis. John Wiley & Dons, Inc.
Complementary	

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Simulation of Mechanic and Structural Systems/730497224
Other comments

## To help achieve a sustained environment

and meet the objective of the action number 5: "Teaching and healthy and

sustainable environmental and social research" of the "Plan of action

Green Campus Ferrol": documentary work that where delivered in this subject: anbsp;? should be requested in virtual format and/or support computer anbsp;? be made

through Moodle, in digital format without having to print them if necessary ?

do them on paper: - Plastics will

not be utilized - will be double-side

 $printing. \&nbs$ 

paper.



(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.