		Teaching Guide			
	ldentifying I	Data		2019/20	
Subject (*)	Chemistry		Code	730G03005	
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica	'			
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	First	Basic training	6	
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Enxeñaría Naval e IndustrialQuímica	1			
Coordinador	Fernandez Solis, Jose Maria E-m		jose.maria.fsolis	jose.maria.fsolis@udc.es	
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Web			·		
General description	Matter of basic training of first course	e, in which they give the	foundations of general chemi	istry, inorganic, organic and	
	applied to the engineering				

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A4	FB4 - Capacidade para comprender e aplicar os principios de coñecementos básicos da química xeral, química orgánica e inorgánica e
	as súas aplicacións na enxeñaría.
B1	CB01 - Que os estudantes demostren posuír e comprender coñecementos nunha área de estudo que parte da base da educación
	secundaria xeral e adoita encontrarse a un nivel que, aínda que se apoia en libros de texto avanzados, inclúe tamén algúns aspectos qu
	implican coñecementos procedentes da vangarda do seu campo de estudo
B2	CB02 - Que os estudantes saiban aplicar os seus coñecementos ao seu traballo ou vocación dunha forma profesional e posúan as
	competencias que adoitan demostrarse por medio da elaboración e defensa de argumentos e a resolución de problemas dentro da súa
	área de estudo
В3	CB03 - Que os estudantes teñan a capacidade de reunir e interpretar datos relevantes (normalmente dentro da súa área de estudo) para
	emitiren xuízos que inclúan unha reflexión sobre temas relevantes de índole social, científica ou ética
B4	CB04 - Que os estudantes poidan transmitir información, ideas, problemas e solucións a un público tanto especializado como leigo
B5	CB05 - Que os estudantes desenvolvan aquelas habilidades de aprendizaxe necesarias para emprenderen estudos posteriores cun alto
	grao de autonomía
B6	B3 - Ser capaz de concibir, deseñar ou poñer en práctica e adoptar un proceso substancial de investigación con rigor científico para
	resolver calquera problema formulado, así como de comunicar as súas conclusións ?e os coñecementos e razóns últimas que as
	sustentan? a un público tanto especializados como leigo dun xeito claro e sen ambigüidades
B7	B5 - Ser capaz de realizar unha análise crítica, avaliación e síntese de ideas novas e complexas
C1	C3 - Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa
	profesión e para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C2	C4 - Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a
	realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común.
C4	C6 - Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse
C5	C7 - Asumir como profesional e cidadán a importancia da aprendizaxe ao longo da vida.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences

Capacity to comprise and apply the principles of basic knowledges of the general, organic and inorganic chemistry and his	A4	B1	C1
applications in the engineering.		B2	C2
		В3	C4
		B4	C5
		B5	
		В6	
		В7	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
The following lessons develop the established contents in the	I Structure of the matter. Energy and kinetical of the chemical reactions
Verification Memory, that are:	II Chemical equilibrium: types and applications
To modulo Monto, in at all of	III Applications of the electrochemistry. Principles of instrumental analysis
	IV Bases of the industrial chemistry. Balances of matter
	V Organic and inorganic chemistry applied to the engineering
Lesson 1 Basic concepts of General Chemistry:	Fundamental Principles of Chemistry. The atom: quantum mechanical description.
Lesson 1. Basic concepts of ceneral offernistry.	Periodic table and periodic properties. Chemical link: types of link.
Lesson 2 Thermochemistry:	Introduction: first principle of thermodynamics. Heats of reaction, enthalpy.
Lesson 2 Memochemistry.	Thermochemistry: Law of Hess. Calorimetry. Second principle of thermodynamics:
	entropy. Third principle of thermodynamics: spontaneity of the reaction.
Lesson 3 Chemical Kinetics:	The rate of reaction. The rate law. Determination of the rate of reaction. Order of
Lesson 3 Chemical Kinetics.	reaction. The collisions and of the state of transition theories. Activation energy.
Leason 4. Chemical equilibrium in gassaus phases	Reaction mechanisms. Catalysis: Catalysts.
Lesson 4 Chemical equilibrium in gaseous phase:	Notice of the charical and their on. The condition of the conditions
	Nature of the chemical equilibrium. The equilibrium constant: applications.
	Heterogeneous equilibria. Factors that affect chemical equilibrium: Le Châtelier?s
	principle. Relation between equilibrium constants. Effect of changes in the
	temperature on the equilibrium constant.
Lesson 5 Acid-base equilibria:	Acid-base definitions. Autoionization of water. Concept of pH: determination.
	Dissociation of acids and bases. Acid-base properties of the salts. Acid-base
	reactions. Buffer solutions. Acid-basic titrations: indicators.
Lesson 6 Oxidation-reduction (redox) equilibria:	Methods of balancing redox equations. Electrochemical foundations: galvanic cells.
	Free energy and voltage of the battery. The Nernst equation. Redox titrations.
Lesson 7 Applications of the electrochemistry:	Primary commercial cells and accumulators. Fuel cells. Electrolytic cells. Industrial
	applications of the electrolysis: electrodeposition. Metallic corrosion.
Lesson 8 Principles of Instrumental Analysis:	Analytical Chemistry: concept and division. Classification of quantitative analytical
	methods. Instrumental analytical methods: classification. Parameters of validation of
	an analytical method. Evaluation of results.
Lesson 9 Principles of Organic Chemistry:	Naming organic compounds. Functional groups. Homologous series. Isomery.
	Determination of molecular structures.
Lesson 10 Saturated, unsaturated and aromatic	Classification. Saturated hydrocarbons: naming, sources, synthesis and properties.
hydrocarbons:	Alkenes and alkynes: structure, nomenclature, synthesis and properties. Aromatic
	compounds: structure, nomenclature, obtaining and properties. Benzene.
Lesson 11 Other organic compounds:	Compounds of functional groups with simple link: alkyl halides, alcohols, phenols,
	ethers and amines. Compounds of functional groups with multiple links: carbonyl
	group compounds, carboxylic acids and his derivatives.
Lesson 12 Bases of the Industrial Chemistry. Balances of	Prime Matters that uses the chemical industry. The energy in the chemical industry.
matter:	The chemical processes: examples. Diagrams of flow. The chemical products.
	Ecological and environmental considerations.
Lesson 13 Organic Chemistry applied to the engineering:	Coal. Oil. Natural gas. Biomass. Natural and synthetic polymers.

Lesson 14.- Inorganic Chemistry applied to the engineering:

Metallurgy. Semiconductors. Industrial synthesis of an inorganic compound (industry of the chloride of sodium).

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class hours	Student?s personal work hours	Total hours
Laboratory practice	A4 B3 C5	10	5	15
Mixed objective/subjective test	A4 B1 B2 B5	4	6	10
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A4 C1 C2 C4	30	39	69
Problem solving	A4 B2 B4 B5	18	18	36
Supervised projects	A4 B6 B7 C1	2	16	18
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	Understanding reading of the practice. Realise the experimental work. Pose and resolve the numerical calculations associated
	as well as the questions that pose. Examine and value the results. Draft and present the final report of the practices.
Mixed	Tests written divide in two parts (theoretical and of problems) used for the evaluation of the learning of the student.
objective/subjective	
test	
Guest lecture /	Has a expositive function complemented with the use of audiovisual means and the introduction of some questions headed to
keynote speech	the students, with the purpose of transmit knowledges and facilitate the learning. The student takes aim, poses doubts and
	questions. It can include a conference given by specialists or a technical visit to a particular chemical industry.
Problem solving	Methodology carried out in average group (20 students): presentation and resolution of numerical problems bulletins and of
	theory exercises bulletins. The student, of individual form or in reduced group, poses doubts and /or questions, participating of
	active form in the classroom.
Supervised projects	It involves the realization, in small groups of 5 students, of directed studies that each group must expose in the classroom and
	deliver to the teacher for correction.
	The supervised projects will constitute a summary of the proposed subject by the teacher, with an extension in the order of 5-6
	pages in Word format. For their presentation in the classroom, 8 to 10 transparencies in PowerPoint format will be prepared
	beforehand. The participants in each work must belong to the same average group of the class.
	All the groups that present a supervised Project in a determinate sesión, will have to be presents in the classroom from the
	beginning to the end of the same.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description

Problem solving Supervised projects Laboratory practice

In the personalized attention will treat to amend possible deficiencies in the previous chemical training of the student and to resolve doubts and punctual questions that, usually, prevent him the general follow-up of the matter.

It will realize a follow-up of the work of the student in the laboratory, will take in consideration his suggestions and will loan him help to clear the doubts.

In the average group problem solving sessions, they will be helped to clarify concepts and resolve possible doubts.

In the supervised projects preparation will facilitate them the assistance that require for his preparation and exhibition.

The students that request and was them conceded academic dispense, will be able to remain exempt of the 80 % of the face-to-face classes assistance (Guest lecture and problems solving). They will realise mandatory the laboratory practices and will participate in the training of group of work sessions, preparation and presentation/exhibition of the supervised project, what involves the assistance to the 20 % of the face-to-face classes.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Mixed	A4 B1 B2 B5	To half of 1st four-month period will realize an eliminatory partial examination of the	70
objective/subjective		matter given until this moment (theory and problems). At the end of the 1st four-month	
test		period will realise a final examination of all the subject (the students that have	
		surpassed said partial will not have to repeat in the final examination).	
Problem solving	A4 B2 B4 B5	Resolution of numerical problems bulletins, including likewise the resolution of theory	10
		exercises bulletins in specific sessions. It values the assistance of the student, his active participation in the classroom, his interest and attitude.	
		active participation in the classroom, his interest and attitude.	
Supervised projects	A4 B6 B7 C1	Elaboration and presentation in group of a supervised or directed project. It values, in	10
		addition to the presentation, the realised work by the students in Word format and the	
		elaborated transparencies for his exhibition in the classroom in PowerPoint format.	
Laboratory practice	A4 B3 C5	Realization, practices active participation, delivery of the corresponding final report	10
		and the practices examination. The interest and attitude of the student and the	
		practices examination is valued.	

Assessment comments

This section indicates what marks in each methodology. The objective test describes as it is the examination and the punctuation of each one of the parts of theory and of problems. The minimum note in each part of the exam (theory or problems in the partial or final, or in the second part of the subject) so that you can take into account the scores of laboratory practices, problem solving and supervised work has to be 3.0 over 7.0. To obtain approved in the matter has to fulfil that the sum of the notes of the objective test, laboratory practice, problem solving of and supervised projects was at least 5,0.

Any of the theoretical subjects neither of the problems proposed in the partial examination will be able to leave in white, having to be recovered in the final examination with independence of the note obtained.

In order to be qualified, the student will perform all laboratory practice and participate in the elaboration and exhibition of the supervised work in this subject. These methodologies are mandatory. The students that do not approve the laboratory practice, will not be able to examine of the subject in the January and/or June announcements. Likewise, the students that have been missing to some practice and that present documentary justification of his fault, will have to do a practice pending examination during the last week of 1st four-month period.

To the student that surpass the subject first part (Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry) in the partial examination or in the announcement of january or, well, that surpass the subject second part(Industrial and Organic Chemistry) in the announcement of january, will save him the approved part note during the corresponding academic course. In case to repeat the subject will have to examine of the two parts again.

The student that have been missing to some practice of laboratory or that have not surpassed the examination of recovery of the practice, in case to repeat the matter has to go back to realize all again.

Will take into account, in the measure of the possible, the circumstances of the repeat students.

The students with enrols to partial time will, or with academic dispense, have the same evaluation criteria that the other students, so much in the first as in the second opportunity of examination. Said students will have to realise the activities or compulsory methodologies (laboratory practice and supervised Project), in this case will remain exempt of 80% of the assistance to the face-to-face classes. Nevertheless, it recommends them that they do also the activity problem solving; in this case would remain exempt of 70% of the assistance to the face-to-face classes.

	Sources of information
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	McGraw-Hill/Interamericana de España, S. A. U.
	- CHANG, R.; GOLDSBY, K. A. (2017). Química. México. McGraw-Hill/Interamericana Editores, S. A. de C. V.
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	Aplicaciones Modernas . Madrid. Pearson Educación, S. A.

Complementary	- SOLOMON, T. W. G. (1999). Fundamentos de Química Orgánica. México. Limusa Noriega
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	- COTTON, F. A.; WILKINSON, G. (1991). Química Inorgánica Básica. México. Limusa
	- VEGA, J. C. (2000). Química Orgánica para estudiantes de Ingeniería. México. Alfaomega.
	- WILLIS, C. J. (1993). Resolución de Problemas de Química General. Barcelona. Reverté, S. A.
	- SKOOG, D. A.; WEST, D. M.; HOLLER, F. J., CROUCH, S. R. (2005). Fundamentos de Química Analítica. Madrid.
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Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
alculus /730G03001	
ngineering Drawing/730G03002	
hysics I /730G03003	
omputting/730G03004	
near Algebra/730G03006	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	
laterials Science/730G03007	
hermodynamics /730G03014	

Other comments

Since it treats of a matter that gives in the 1st four-month period of first course of the career, is indispensable that the student handle with fluency concepts and basic knowledges of Mathematics, Physical and Chemistry of the high school diploma. Previously to study this matter considers of big importance to know the chemical nomenclature (that is to say, appoint and formulate the chemical elements and more common inorganic and organic compounds).

To help to achieve some immediate surroundings sustained and fulfil with the aim of the number 5 action: "Teaching and healthy and sustainable investigation environmental and social" of the "Green Campus Ferrol Action Plan":

- 1.- The delivery of the documentary works that realise in this matter:
 - 1.1. They will request in virtual format and/or computer support.
 - 1.2. Will realise through Moodle, in digital format without need to print them.
 - 1.3. In case to realise them in paper:

Environmental Engineering/730G03017 Materials Engineering/730G03030

- They will not employ plastic.
- Will realise impressions to double expensive.
- Will employ paper recycled.
- Will avoid the impression of drafts.
- 2.- It has to do a sustainable use of the resources and the negative impacts prevention on the natural half.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.